

By LON POOLE · MARY BORCHERS

# GENERAL LEDGER



# BY LON POOLE MARY BORCHERS

ADAM OSBORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.
Berkeley, California

Published By
Adam Osborne & Associates, Inc.
630 Bancroft Way
Berkeley, California, U.S.A. 94710

ISBN 0-931988-20-9

Copyright © 1979 by Adam Osborne & Associates, Incorporated

All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise without the prior written permission of the publishers, with the exception that the program listings may be entered, stored, and executed in a computer system, but not reproduced for publication.

# DISTRIBUTORS OF OSBORNE & ASSOCIATES INC. PUBLICATIONS

For information on translations and book distributors outside of the United States of America, please write:

> Adam Osborne & Associates, Inc. P.O. Box 2036 Berkeley, California 94702 United States of America (415) 548-2805 TWX 910-366-7277

#### DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITIES

The authors have taken due care in preparing this book and the programs in it, including research, development, and testing to ascertain their effectiveness. The authors and Osborne & Associates, Inc. make no expressed or implied warranty of any kind with regard to these programs or the supplementary documentation in this book. In no event shall the authors or Osborne & Associates, Inc. be liable for incidental or consequential damages in connection with or arising out of the furnishing, performance or use of any of these programs.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Int	roduction	<b>ki</b> Xi
	Other Books in this Series Publication Errors	×
	How this Book has been Printed	>
1.	System Capabilities	1
2.	Data Files  File Accessing Methods File Descriptions File Layouts	3 4 4
3.	Management Guide.  Menu System Date Setting Up the Chart of Accounts Postings from Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable Entering Direct Postings End-of-Month Procedures End-of-Quarter Procedure End-of-Year Procedure Elective Procedures Errors and Error Recovery Menu Posting Entry Update Errors Account File Full Power Failure	11 11 11 11 11 22 23 23 24 24 24 24 25 25
4.	User's Manual  Data Entry General Ledger Account Numbers Entry Codes SFK Bulletins Using the Printer Flowcharts Start and End 0. Menu 1. General Information File Maintenance 2. G/L Direct Posting Entry/Print 3. G/L Posting Sort/Update 4. Reports 5. Account File Maintenance 6. Account File Reorganize	27 27 28 29 29 30 33 34 40 45 51 73 81

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)**

5.	Special Hardware and BASIC Features  CRT Display Screen Keyboard High-speed Output Numerics and Numeric Expressions Alphanumerics (Strings) Common Variables BASIC Syntax BASIC Statements General Statements Disk Access Statements	83 83 84 84 84 86 86 86 86
6.	Changing General Ledger.  Password Programmable Program Load Testing for Printer Ready Multiple Companies File Reorganize Converting Keyed Accessing to Random Accessing Additional Sources of External Postings Cost Detail from Posting Records Budgeting Departmentalizing	91 91 91 92 92 92 93 94 94
7.	File and Program Initialization  Data File Initialization Common Subroutines File Reorganize Coordinating With Payroll, Accounts Payable, and Accounts Receivable CRT Mask File Maintenance Program (CRTFM) Operating Instructions CRT Mask Layouts	<b>97</b> 97 97 101 101 102 108
8.	Program Listings	111
Co	nversion Order Form	

## **TABLES AND FIGURES**

Figure 1-A Table 1-B	General Ledger System General Ledger Programs	2
Table 2-A	General Ledger Data Files	4
Table 2-B	Program/Data File Cross Reference	5
Table 3-A	Menu Program List	11
Table 3-B	Sample Chart of Accounts	12
Table 3-C	Sample Chart of Accounts Encoded for Account File	15
Figure 3-D	Breakdown of Sample Account Numbers	19
Table 3-E	Account Types	20
Table 4-A	Flowchart Symbols Key	31
Table 1-1	General Information Fields	38
Table 2-1	Direct Posting Fields	42
Table 5-1	G/L Account Fields	75
Table 5-A	Special CRT Hexadecimal Codes	83
Table 5-B	Using STR With LET	85
Figure 6-A Figure 6-B Figure 6-C Figure 6-D	A New Account to Insert A New Account Inserted Accounts Without Departmentalization Accounts with Departmentalization	93 93 95
Table 7-A	Summary of Common Subroutines	99
Table 7-B	Common Subroutine Usage	100

\*

#### INTRODUCTION

You can now buy a computer for a few thousand dollars that is just as powerful as one that cost ten or twenty times as much just a few years ago. Today's inexpensive computers can certainly handle most of the accounting chores of any small business. But the computer itself is only part of a total automated accounting system. The other part is a set of programs that tell the computer what to do. In the days when computers themselves were very expensive, programs that were fairly expensive still constituted only a small part of the price tag for a complete automated accounting system. Today, the programs can easily cost a small business as much as the computer itself. Until recently, this has been a problem with no solution. This book is part of the solution.

This is one in a series of books published by Osborne & Associates that provides complete source listings and documentation for business data processing programs. This is not another book on how to write computer programs; the programs are already written. The book includes source listings for ten programs written in the widely used computer programming language BASIC.

These General Ledger programs are a direct result of Osborne & Associates' five years of experience serving as software consultants to small and medium-sized businesses. We developed these programs on a Wang Laboratories 2200 minicomputer, so the listings in the book are in Wang Laboratories extended BASIC. The programs have been installed, user-tested, and updated over the years so that they are now basically error-free.

#### **CONTENTS**

Most of this book is devoted to extensive system and program documentation. The first chapter provides an overview of the General Ledger system structure and philosophy. It analyzes program capabilities, limitations, and flexibilities. Chapter 2 describes data file structure, including file content, uses, and accessing methods. Chapter 3 is a guide to managing your General Ledger using the programs in this book. It discusses what the programs do, how they interrelate, and when to run each one Chapter 3 also correlates this General Ledger system with the Accounts Payable/Receivable systems presented in the Osborne & Associates publication Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable. Chapter 4 is a complete user's guide with step-by-step instructions for operating each program, sample CRT screens, sample printouts, and a description of how each program works.

Chapter 5 describes some special features of Wang Laboratories extended BASIC. Unless your BASIC is compatible with Wang extended BASIC, you will have to convert the programs to your BASIC.

While you are changing the programs to be compatible with your BASIC, you will probably want to customize them so they match your accounting procedures more exactly. Chapter 6 discusses some of the ways you can do this.

Chapter 7 contains the specific information you will need to install the General Ledger programs. It provides details on file initialization and CRT display layouts. It also includes step-by-step operating instructions for a utility program to set up CRT masks

The source listings occupy the last third of this book. Comments (REMARKs) on specific program lines appear in the margin next to the listings. Also, you will find computer-generated cross-references showing where the line numbers, variables, and subroutines are used in each program.

A programmer installing the General Ledger system should read the entire book. Non-programmers who need to know how the programs interrelate and how to operate each program can read just Chapters 1, 3, and 4. Those who only need to know how to operate the programs can read just Chapter 4.

#### OTHER BOOKS IN THIS SERIES

This book refers to two of the other books in the BASIC program series published by Osborne & Associates. *Payroll With Cost Accounting* contains complete source listings and documentation for a Payroll system with labor distribution cost accounting. *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable* contains complete source listings and documentation for Accounts Payable/Receivable reports and account maintenance.

#### **PUBLICATION ERRORS**

The programs in this book have been in daily operation for several years. Additionally, they were thoroughly tested prior to publication, so they should be error-free. Still, there is no way to prove any computer program has no errors. If you find any errors in the program source listings or any other part of this book, please send a written description to the authors, in care of Osborne & Associates, at the address printed on the back cover of this book. Please include a description of your correction, if you have one.

#### HOW THIS BOOK HAS BEEN PRINTED

Notice that text in this book has been printed in both boldface type and lightface type. This has been done to help you skip those parts of the book that cover subject matter with which you are familiar. You can be sure that lightface type only expands on information presented in the previous boldface type. Therefore, read only boldface type until you reach a subject about which you want to know more, at which point start reading the lightface type.

# Chapter One SYSTEM CAPABILITIES

Put all of the programs listed in this book together and you will have a complete computerized General Ledger system. It performs most of the tasks normally associated with computerized versions of General Ledger. You will notice that there is not just one program to perform these tasks. That is because we split up the tasks so that each program performs only part of the overall processing. You can still think of these programs collectively as one large, multi-faceted General Ledger program In fact, you could even implement them as one program if you had enough computer memory. However, most small computers do not have enough memory. That is why we have divided the tasks among different programs. Figure 1-A gives an overview of General Ledger. Table 1-B lists the individual programs.

There is one program, Menu, that just controls which of the tasks will be performed. You select the task you want from a numbered list displayed by the Menu program, and it loads and executes programs to perform the task you selected. When the selected program finishes its processing, it reloads the Menu so you can choose another task. This technique of using a controller program makes General Ledger look very much like one large program — at least to the person operating it

Whenever you start up the General Ledger system, you will have to correctly enter a password before you can proceed with task selection. This protects the General Ledger from accidental or malicious tampering.

The General Ledger accepts postings to the various accounts from three external sources: Payroll, Accounts Payable, and Accounts Receivable. You can also enter postings directly. This allows you to adjust erroneous postings from external sources, and to make postings to accounts normally unaffected by Payroll, Accounts Payable, or Accounts Receivable. Please note that the Accounts Payable/Receivable programs described in the Osborne & Associates publication Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable generate postings to the General Ledger described in this book, but the Payroll programs described in the Osborne & Associates publication Payroll With Cost Accounting do not

In the final analysis, the financial statements are what a General Ledger is all about. With the programs in this book, you can format your own balance sheet and income statement. You have complete freedom to place titles and headings where you want them, skip lines or pages between accounts, and generate subtotals and totals throughout the reports — up to ten levels if you need them. You can print the balance sheet and income statement for the current month, current quarter, or any of the previous three quarters. This year's or last year's totals are also included on the income statement. They do not appear on the balance sheet, since balance sheet account totals are by nature running totals, hence yearly totals.

In addition to the balance sheet and income statement, you can print a trial income statement and trial balance. There is also a special report that lists the current account balance for selected accounts.

Table 1-B. General Ledger Programs

Number	Name
0	Menu Choose which of the General Ledger programs you wish to run.
1	<b>General Information File Maintenance</b> Change today's date, the company name, company address, or fiscal year.
2	Direct Posting Enter postings to any account. Optionally print direct postings.
3	<b>Posting Update</b> Update General Ledger accounts with external postings and direct postings.
4	<b>Reports</b> Print the trial income statement, trial balance, income statement, balance sheet, or special report. Also move totals at end of month, quarter, or year.
5	Account File Maintenance Add new accounts. Change account name, report parameters, totals, etc.
6	Account File Reorganize Recover wasted space caused by record deletion in the Account file.

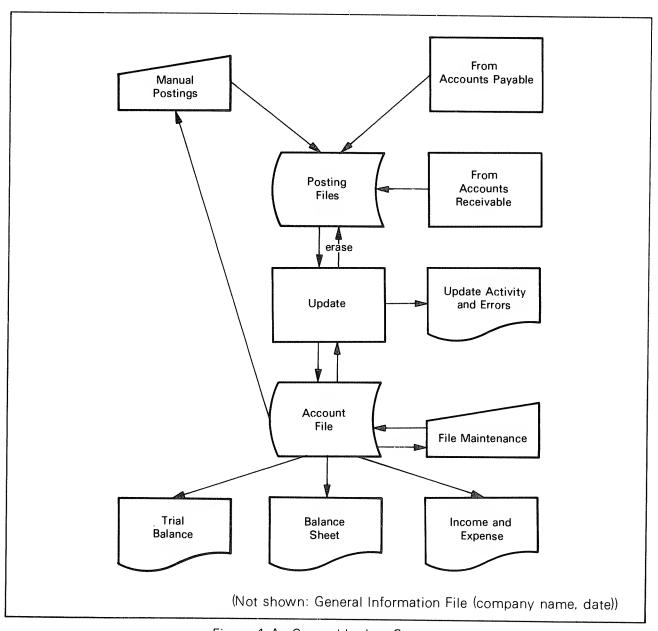


Figure 1-A. General Ledger System

# Chapter Two DATA FILES

All General Ledger data is organized into a hierarchical structure composed of fields, records, and files. A field is any single data item, a record is a group of fields that are related to one subject, and a file is a collection of like records. For example, individual data items such as Account Number, Account Name, and Monthly Total are some of the fields in an Account record, and all the Account records taken together comprise the Account file.

General Ledger expects its data files to be stored on some kind of random access storage device, such as a disk drive. Tape cassettes and other sequential storage media will not work.

Data is transferred to and from the disk in complete records, one record at a time. To use a particular field, you must load the entire record that contains it. For example, to obtain an account's Monthly Total field you must load the entire Account record from the Account file into the computer's memory. You can then extract the monthly balance from the Account record to display it, print it, etc.

#### **FILE ACCESSING METHODS**

There are several ways to locate a specific record within a file. The General Ledger programs use sequential, random, and keyed (indexed sequential) file accessing methods. In many cases, file accessing begins with the first record on the file, proceeds to the second record, then to the third, and so on to the end of the file. This is called sequential file accessing.

Sequential accessing is inadequate for many files. You may need records in a random order; perhaps you will access record 1, then record 25, record 23, and finally record 26. Since a disk can jump around, locating records randomly, limiting the disk to strict sequential accessing makes no sense. Given a record's relative position within a file, the disk can compute the location of the record from the beginning of the file, position itself to that location, and load the desired record into the computer memory. This is called random accessing. When using random accessing, you must either know or be able to arithmetically compute a record's location. Unfortunately, this is not always possible.

There are several ways you can find a record if you do not know its position within a file. Every one of these methods requires each record to be identifiable by a unique code or key. Usually, you will decide that some field or group of fields in the record will form the key. For example, the Account Number field could be the key for the Account file. You can access records by their keys even if the records are completely unordered within the file. One way of doing this is by keeping a separate table of keys to use as a file index. Each entry in the index contains a key, along with the position of that key's record within the file. To access a record, find its key in the index. The accompanying record position points to the actual location of the data record on the disk. We call files that are accessed this way keyed files, and the procedure for accessing them is called keyed file accessing. This type of accessing is sometimes called Indexed Sequential Accessing Method (ISAM).

#### **FILE DESCRIPTIONS**

Table 2-A lists the data files used by General Ledger. The description given for each file includes a summary of the file's contents and uses and any special notes that are pertinent.

Table 2-A. General Ledger Data Files

Number Name		Description	Accessing Methods		
1	G/L0F110	Account — This file contains the account name, various account type parameters, and account balances	keyed		
2	G/L0F020	<b>External Posting</b> — This holds postings to the General Ledger from Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable. etc	sequential		
3	G/L0F030	<b>Direct Posting</b> — This holds postings entered from General Ledger to adjust errors in external postings, etc	sequential		
4	G/I0F010	General Information — The first record in this file contains today's date and some data used by the Payroll programs described in the Osborne & Associates publication Payroll With Cost Accounting. The second record on this file contains the company name, address, etc	sequential, random		
5	CRT3	CRT Mask — Each record on this file contains the field labels, descriptions, and explanations that are displayed on the CRT screen and are used as a template for guiding data entry in some programs	random		

#### **FILE LAYOUTS**

File layouts describing the exact record format for each file used in General Ledger are presented on the following pages. Each layout contains the following items:

**DESCRIPTION** — The name used to identify the file in this book.

FILE NAME — The name the programs use to identify the file

UNIT — The address or name of the disk on which the file resides.

NO. OF RECORDS — The number of records in the file.

**RECORD SIZE** — The number of bytes or characters each record occupies, excluding control bytes added by the computer.

**BLOCKING** — The number of records in one sector or the number of sectors each record takes, whichever applies.

**KEY SIZE/POSITION** — The number of bytes the key occupies in the record and its relative position from the start of the record, including Wang format control bytes.

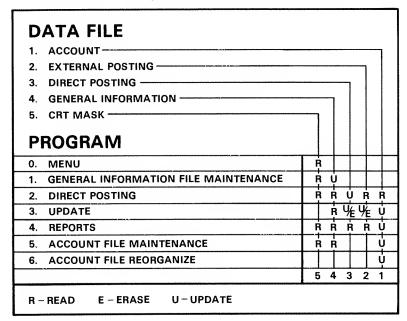
All data is loaded and saved via alphanumeric variables (often arrays). Numeric values are packed into the alphanumeric variables in binary coded decimal (BCD) format. Thus numeric values are stored without spaces, excess trailing or leading zeros, or other cosmetic parts that do not affect the value of the number.

Each field in a record is listed on a separate line of the file layout. The variable name that the programs use to refer to it, its description, and its size are shown. If the field size is prefixed with an A, the field is alphanumeric, with the maximum length specified by the integer suffix. If the field size is prefixed with an N, the field is numeric and the number suffix gives the PACK/UNPACK image. For example, -N9.2 means nine pre-decimal digits and two post-decimal digits. The minus sign means a positive or negative number can be packed. Any number between -999,999,999.99 and 999,999,999.99 can be packed in a -N9.2 image A -N9.2 field requires six bytes of disk space (each digit takes one-half byte, with one-half for the sign).

With few exceptions, we have left the number of records in a file up to you. There are several things to consider when you are establishing the file sizes. The storage capacity of your disks will impose a practical limit on file sizes. In addition, your computer will only be fast enough to handle a limited number of disks. There is a more detailed discussion of file size factors in Chapter 7.

A program and data file cross-reference table (Table 2-B) shows which data files are accessed by each program, and how the data files are used.

Table 2-B. Program/Data File Cross Reference



FILE NO.	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION					
1			ACCOUNT			l of	ו
FILE NAME	UNIT	NO. OF RECORDS	RECORD SIZE	BLOCKING	KEY SIZE/PO	OSITION	
G/LOF110	B10	You decide	103	1/sector	4/	3	

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMMENTS

Key is Account Number field (packed).

VARIABLE	FIELD DESCRIPTION	SIZE	COMMENTS
L\$	Misc., packed as follows:	A42	
L1 L2 L3 L1\$ L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L9 D\$	Account Number Sub-account Number Account Type Account Name Report Type Normal Balance Total Level Extra Line Advance Sales Account Include on Special Report  Misc., packed as follows:  This Month Total This Year Total First Previous Quarter Total	N5.1 N2 N1 A31 N1 N1 N1 N1 N1 A60 -N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2	<pre>0 = Regular 1 = Title 2 = Total 3 = Heading 1 = Income Stmt 2 = Balance Sheet 1 = Debit; 2 = Credit 0 - 9 0 - 8 Lines; 9 = New Page 0 = No; 1 = Yes 0 = No; 1 = Yes</pre>
D(5) D(6) D(7) D(8) D(9) D(10)	Second Previous Quarter Total Third Previous Quarter Total Previous Year Total Unused Unused Unused	-N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2 -N9.2	

FILE NO.	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION					
2		EXTERNAL POSTING					
FILE NAME	UNIT NO. OF RECORDS RECORD SIZE BLOCKING KEY SIZE/PO				OSITION		
G/L0F020	B10	3600 Max.	14	16/sector	N/A		

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMMENTS

The size of this file plus the size of G/L0F030 must be less than 3600 records.

VARIABLE	FIELD DESCRIPTION	SIZE	COMMENTS
G\$(1-16)	Misc., packed as follows:	A 14	
Ρl	General Ledger Account Number	N5.1	(0 = Payroll
P2	Source Code	N2 <b></b> ←	1 = Accounts Payable 2 = Accounts Receivable 3 = General Ledger
P3	Date (Month and Day)	N2.2	3 = General Ledger
P4	Reference	N6	· ·
P5	Amount	-N7.2	
i			

FILE NO.	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION					
3		DIRECT POSTING					
FILE NAME	UNIT NO. OF RECORDS RECORD SIZE BLOCKING			KEY SIZE/P	OSITION		
G/LOF030	B10	You decide	14	16/sector	N/A	1	

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMMENTS

The size of this file plus the size of G/LOF020 must be less than 3600 records.

VARIABLE	FIELD DESCRIPTION	SIZE	COMMENTS
G\$(1-16)	Misc., packed as follows:	A14	
P1	Caranal Lada n Assault North	NE 1	(0. 0. 1)
P2	General Ledger Account Number Source Code	N5.1	0 = Payroll 1 = Accounts Payable
P3		N2 -	1 = Accounts Payable 2 = Accounts Receivable 3 = General Ledger
гэ Р4	Date (Month and Day) Reference	N2.2 N6	3 = General Ledger
P5	Amount		
۲۶	Aniount	-N7.2	
		<b>.</b>	

FILE NO.	DESCRIPT	DESCRIPTION					
4	GENERAL INFORMATION					] of ]	
FILE NAME	NAME UNIT NO. OF RECORDS RECORD SIZE BLOCKING KEY SIZE/PO				OSITION		
G/10F010	B10	2	129	1/sector	N/A	1	

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMMENTS

One company record and one general system record are stored. (This is compatible with file G/IOF010 in Payroll With Cost Accounting and Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable.)

VARIABLE	FIELD DESCRIPTION	SIZE	COMMENTS
G1\$	Unused	А9	
G3\$	Misc., packed as follows for system information, record lonly:	A24	
	Today's Date	N6	> Record 1
	Period Start Date	N6	
	Period End Date	N6	
	Payroll Number in Month	N6	1
	Day Number in Payroll Period	N6	
	Unused	A9	j
G1\$	Misc., packed as follows for company 1:	A9	
G1	Company Number	N2	
G2	Next Check Number	N6	
G3	Overtime Rate Multiplier	N2.2	
G4	Hourly Rate	N2.2	
G5	Fiscal Year Ends	N2	
			Record 2
G2\$(1)	Company Name	A24	
G2\$(2)	Company Address - Line 1	A24	
G2\$(3)	Company Address - Line 2	A24	
G2\$(4)	Company Address - Line 3	A24	
G2\$(5)	Federal/State Tax Numbers	A24	J

FILE NO.	DESCRIPTI	DESCRIPTION PAGE								
5		CRT MASK 1 of 1								
FILE NAME	UNIT	UNIT NO. OF RECORDS RECORD SIZE BLOCKING KEY SIZE/PO								
CRT3	B10	5	1024	4 sectors	N/A	١				

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMMENTS

Masks are loaded and displayed four lines (i.e., one sector) at a time.

VARIABLE	FIELD DESCRIPTION	SIZE	COMMENTS
X3\$(1)	Mask, Line l	A64	First Sector
X3\$(2)	Mask, Line 2	A64	
X3\$(3)	Mask, Line 3	A64	
X3\$(4)	Mask, Line 4	A64	
X3\$(1)	Mask, Line 5	A64	Second Sector
X3\$(2)	Mask, Line 6	A64	
X3\$(3)	Mask, Line 7	A64	
X3\$(4)	Mask, Line 8	A64	
X3\$(1)	Mask, Line 9	A64	Third Sector
X3\$(2)	Mask, Line 10	A64	
X3\$(3)	Mask, Line 11	A64	
X3\$(4)	Mask, Line 12	A64	
X3\$(1)	Mask, Line 13	A64	Fourth Sector
X3\$(2)	Mask, Line 14	A64	
X3\$(3)	Mask, Line 15	A64	
X3\$(4)	Mask, Line 16	A64	

# Chapter Three MANAGEMENT GUIDE

Before you can run the programs in this book, you must understand what they can do for you and what information they need from you in order to perform their function. Some programs gather information from you and store it in data files. Other programs interpret, combine, and transfer data between files. Finally, there are programs to extract the processed data from the files and report it back to you.

This chapter provides a general overview of General Ledger processing. It describes how the General Ledger programs work, including when and why you should run each program. It discusses some common errors and what to do about them. You should become familiar with the information in this chapter before attempting to run any programs using the detailed instructions in Chapter 4

#### MENU

A special program, called the Menu, controls the loading and execution of all General Ledger programs. You choose which program to run by specifying its identifying number in the Menu Table 3-A shows the Menu's list of programs.

Table 3-A. Menu Program List

- 1) General Information File Maintenance
- 2) Direct Posting
- 3) Posting Update
- 4) Reports
- 5) Account File Maintenance
- 6) Account File Reorganize

#### SYSTEM DATE

As your first processing step every day, be sure to set the correct date using 1) General Information File Maintenance. Usually, you will set the date to today's date. You can use other dates for special effects like predating or postdating reports. For example, if today is January 2, you can still set the date to December 31 and run year-end reports (assuming the file still contains year-end figures).

#### **SETTING UP THE CHART OF ACCOUNTS**

The single most important aspect of automated General Ledger processing is setting up the chart of accounts. This is because the chart of accounts, contained in the Account file, determines what your financial reports will look like. Each account has a record in the Account file. The order of the Account records in the Account file establishes the order of account printing on the financial reports. There are special records in the Account file for report titles and headings. Account records determine where and when subtotals and totals will appear. Report spacing, extra blank lines, and skipping to the top of a new page are all controlled by information which you supply on each Account record. Thus you must consider the overall picture of your General Ledger reports when designing your chart of accounts and entering it into the Account file.

Let's take a step-by-step look at how you can carefully design a chart of accounts and implement it in your Account file. To start with, you or your accountant must draw up a chart of accounts suitable for your company. Table 3-B shows a sample chart of accounts. Notice that there are four categories of accounts: Assets, Liabilities, Income (or Revenue), and Expenses. Each of these categories contains a multitude of regular General Ledger accounts. The regular accounts are grouped together at different levels of detail. Table 3-B depicts this grouping by indenting account names at different levels.

#### **ASSETS**

```
Current Assets
 Cash
   Revenue Bank
   Petty Cash
 Total
 Accounts Receivable
   Trade Accounts Receivable
     Finished Goods Sales Receivable
     Consulting Fees Receivable
     Allow for Doubtful Accounts
   Total
   Employee Receivables
   Other Accounts Receivable
 Inventory - Finished Goods
   Finished Goods (at Mfg. Cost)
   Raw Materials
   Other Inventory
 Total
 Prepaid Expense
   Prepaid Insurance
   Prepaid Taxes
   Other Prepaid Expenses
 Consulting
 Contracts-in-Process
   Direct Labor
   Overhead
   Other Direct Charges
     Direct Materials
     Outside Service
     Freight - In
     Travel
   Total
   Credits
 Total
Total Current Assets
Deferred Production Costs
   Direct Labor
   Overhead
   Other Direct Charges
     Direct Materials
     Outside Services
     Freight - In
   Total
   Credits
Property & Equipment
   Machinery & Equipment
   Furniture & Fixtures
   Leasehold Improvements
 Total
 Construction-in-Process
 Accumulated Depreciation
   Machinery & Equipment
   Furniture and Fixtures
   Leasehold Improvements
Total Property & Equipment
```

## LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities

Notes Payable
Current Matur, on L-T Debt
Vouchers Payable
Sales Tax Payable
Income Tax Payable
Federal

State Total

Payroll Taxes Payable
Federal Income Tax Withholding
FICA
Federal Unemployment Tax
State Income Tax Withholding
SDI
State Unemployment Tax

Accrued Liabilities
Payroll
Vacation

Vacation Property Taxes Other Accrued Liabilities Total

Unearned Income Customer Overpayments Unidentified Customer Receipts

Total Current Liabilities

Long Term Liabilities Notes Payable Deferred Income Taxes Payable Total

Stockholders' Equity
Capital Stock
Additional Paid-In Capital
Retained Earnings
Total

Total Liab & Stockholders' Eq

#### INCOME

Sale of Goods
Finished Goods
Sales Returns & Allowances
Total
Consulting Fees
Royalties Income
Patent Royalties
Consulting Royalties

Total
Other Income
Collection of Bad Debts
Miscellaneous Income
Total

Total Income

**Total Assets** 

#### **EXPENSES** Cost of Income Cost of Sale of Goods Cost of Consulting Fees Royalty Payments Variance Expense Development Project Expenses Direct Labor Overhead Other Direct Charges **Direct Materials Outside Services** Freight - In Travel Total Total Development Proj Expense Department Expenses Salaries, Wages, & Benefits Direct Labor Indirect Labor Overtime Premium Holiday-Vacation-Sick Leave Jury Duty & Other Leave Payroll Taxes Other Fringe Benefits Total Materials & Supplies Computer Materials and Supplies Raw Materials & Supplies Stationery-Matr'ls and Supplies Other Materials and Supplies Total Facilities & Equipment Rent - Office Space Equipment Leases Depreciation **Equipment Maintenance** Janitorial Service Utilities Auto Expense **Equipment Rental** Total **Outside Services** Professional Services - Legal Prof Services - Consulting **Employment Service** Credit & Collection Service Other Outside Services

```
Advertising
    Periodicals
    Trade Shows
      Shows - Travel
      Shows - Other
    Total
    Direct Mailings - Samples
    Brochure Printing and Mailing
    Outside Prep. Work on Ads
    Other Advertising
  Total Advertising
  Order & Shipping Expenses
    Shipping Expense - Outgoing
    Order/Shipping Forms Printing
    Postage
  Total
  Other Expenses
    Taxes-Licenses-Fees
    Insurance
    Travel & Employee Business Exp
    Communications
    Doubtful Accounts
    Dues and Subscriptions
    Other Freight - In
    Allow'l Customer Underpayment
    Miscellaneous
  Total
  Transfer in from Other Depts
  Credits
    Direct Labor Transferred Out
    Overhead Applied
    Est O'head (Over) Under Absorbed
  Total
 Total Department Expenses
 Non-Operating (Income) Expense
  (Gain) Loss on Prop./Equip Sale
 Interest (Income) Expense
 Total
 Estimated Income Taxes
  Federal
  State
 Total
Total Expense
```

In addition, there is a descriptive heading that precedes the first regular account in each group. Also, a group sub-total follows the last account in each group. For an example of this in Table 3-B, look in the Assets category under the Accounts Receivable heading. In this chart of accounts, Accounts Receivable is a "heading" account, not a "regular" account. It is broken down into three categories:

Trade Accounts Receivable Employee Receivables Other Accounts Receivable

The last two accounts are themselves regular accounts, but Trade Accounts Receivable is another heading account consisting of three regular accounts:

Finished Goods Sales Receivable Consulting Fees Receivable Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

There is a total of these three accounts following the last account, Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. There is also a total of the various Accounts Receivable accounts, which is the sum of the Trade Accounts Receivable total, the Employee Receivables account, and the Other Accounts Receivable account.

When you draw up your chart of accounts, be sure you specifically write down the various headings and totals that you want to appear on your financial reports, just as we have done in Table 3-B. Every printed line on the financial reports must have a corresponding Account record. You probably will not forget to create Account records for headings and totals if you include them in your handwritten chart of accounts.

The next step in preparing the Account file involves assigning an account number to each non-blank line on your chart of accounts. Account numbers are six-digit numbers. They consist of five predecimal digits and one post-decimal digit. Thus, account numbers can range from 10000.0 to 99999.9. You must assign account numbers in four basic categories, according to the following scheme:

Assets 10000.0 - 19999.9 Liabilities 20000.0 - 29999.9 Income 30000.0 - 39999.9 Expenses 40000.0 - 49999.9

Notice the first digit of the account number identifies the category of the account. You can assign account numbers within the four categories any way you like. Just remember that the headings, regular accounts, and totals will appear on the financial reports in numeric sequence, according to their account numbers.

There is a systematic way to assign account numbers within the general categories. What you do is use the second digit of the account number to differentiate between groups of accounts on the highest level within each category, the third digit to differentiate between groups of accounts on the next level, the fourth digit for the next level, and so on. Table 3-C illustrates this scheme applied to our sample chart of accounts from Table 3-B. Here we see, for example, that all expense account numbers begin with the digit 4 and are in strict numeric sequence, as they should be. The second digit of the expense account number tells which of the five major groups of expenses any particular account belongs to. For example, account numbers beginning 41 are in the Cost of Income group, while account numbers beginning 43 are in the Department Expenses group. The third, fourth, and fifth digits provide successively more detail within each of the major expense groups. Notice that some expenses require more detailing than others. Very little detail is provided in the Cost of Income expenses, since only the first three digits of the account number are used (the unused digits are zero). Contrast that with the Department Expenses accounts; they need five digits to provide sufficient detail. Figure 3-D shows the breakdown of two expenses category account numbers that use different levels of detail.

Table 3-C. Sample Chart of Accounts Encoded for Account File

	ACCOUNT NUMBER	SUB- ACCOUNT	ACCOUNT NAME	ACCOUNT TYPE	REPORT TYPE	NORMAL BALANCE	TOTAL LEVEL	EXTRA LINES	SALES ACCOUNT	SPECIAL REPORT	THIS MONTH
e	100000	50	ASSETS	1	2	1	8	2			
- 21	11000 0	50	Current Assets	3	2	1	6	1			]
	111000	50	Cash	3	2	1	5	0			
	111100	0	Revenue Bank	0	2	1	2	0		×	2023 25
~:	11150 0 11199 0	0 50	Petty Cash Total Cash	0 2	2 2	1	2 5	0		×	40.00
	114000	50	Accounts Receivable	3	2	1	5	0			
	114100	50	Trade Accounts Receivable	3	2	1	2	0			
ĺ	11412 0 11414 0	0	Finished Goods Sales Receivable Consulting Fees Receivable	0	2	1	0	0		×	100941.03
	114190	ő	Allow for Doubtful Accounts	0	2	1 2	0	0		X X	1500.00 -3028.23
	11419 0	50	Total	2	2	1	2	0		^	0020.20
	11420.0 11490 0	0 0	Employee Receivables Other Accounts Receivable	0	2	1	2 2	0		×	1030.00
	114990	50	Total	2	2	1	5	1		×	0 00
	11600 0	50	Inventory - Finished Goods	3	2	1	5	0			
	11610 0 11620.0	0 0	Finished Goods (at Mfg Cost) Raw Materials	0	2	1	2	0		×	266195 00
	116300	ő	Other Inventory	0	2	1	2	0		x x	929.13 0.00
	11699 0	50	Total	2	2	1	5	1		^	000
	118000	50	Prepaid Expense	3	2	1	5	0			
ı	11810 0 11820 0	0	Prepaid Insurance Prepaid Taxes	0 0	2	1	2 2	0		x	877.24
	11890 0	0	Other Prepaid Expenses	0	2	1	2	ŏ		x x	0.00 6 <b>3</b> .50
	11899 0	50	Total	2	2	1	5	1			
	11900 0 11900 0	50 51	Consulting Contracts-in-Process	3 3	2	1	5	0			
	119100	Ö	Direct Labor	0	2	1 1	5 2	0		x	5400 00
	119200	0	Overhead	0	2	1	2	0		x	2700.00
	11940.0 11942 0	50 0	Other Direct Charges Direct Materials	3 0	2 2	1	2	0			54075
	11944.0	0	Outside Service	Ö	2	1	ŏ	0		××	513.75 86.19
	11946 0 11948 0	0	Freight - In Travel	0	2	1	o	0		x	22.07
	11949 0	50	Total	2	2 2	1	0 2	0		×	143.33
1	11990.0	0 40	Credits	0	2	2	2	0		×	-1000 00
- 1	11999 0		Total	2	2	1	5	0			
- 1	11999 0	50	Total Current Assets	2	2	1	6	9			
	130000	50 0	Deferred Production Costs Direct Labor	3 0	2 2	1	6   2	0			VV VV
	130200	0	Overhead	ő	2	1	2	ŏ		×	XX.XX
	13040.0 13042.0	50 0	Other Direct Charges Direct Materials	3	2	1	2	0			
	13044.0	ő	Outside Services	0	2 2	1	0	0		×	XX.XX XX.XX
	13046.0 13049.0	0	Freight - In	0	2	1	0	0		х	xx.xx
	139900	50 0	Total Credits	2	2 2	1 2	2 2	0		×	xx.xx
	13999.0	50	Total	2	2	1	6	2	İ	^	^^.^^
	15000.0	50	Property & Equipment	0	2	1	6	1		×	xx.xx
	151000	50	Cost	3	2	1	5	0			
	15110.0 15120.0	0	Machinery & Equipment Furniture & Fixtures	0	2 2	1	2 2	0		×	XX.XX
ı	151300	0	Leasehold Improvements	0	2	1	2	0		x x	XX XX XX.XX
	15199.0	50	Total	2	2	1	5	1			
	15800.0	0	Construction-in-Process	0	2	1	5	1	İ	x	xx.xx
	15900 0 15910.0	50 0	Accumulated Depreciation Machinery & Equipment	3	2	2	5	0		ĺ	
	15920.0	0	Furniture and Fixtures	0	2 2	2 2	2 2	0		x x	XX.XX XX.XX
	15930.0	0	Leasehold Improvements	0	2	2	2	0		×	XX XX
- 1	15999.0	40	Total	2	2	2	5	1			
- 1	15999.0	50	Total Property & Equipment	2	2	1	6	2			
	19999 0	50	Total Assets	2	2	1	8	9		ĺ	
				0-Regular 1-Title 2-Total 3-Heading	1-Inc. Stmt. 2-Bal. Sht.	1-DB 2-CR					

Table 3-C. Sample Chart of Accounts Encoded for Account File (Continued)

ACCOUNT NUMBER	SUB- ACCOUNT	ACCOUNT NAME	ACCOUNT TYPE	REPORT TYPE	NORMAL BALANCE	TOTAL LEVEL	EXTRA LINES	SALES ACCOUNT	SPECIAL REPORT	THIS MONTH
20000.0 20000.0	50 51	LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	1 1	2 2	2 2	8 8	0 1			
21000.0	50	Current Liabilities	3	2	2	6	1			
21100.0	0	Notes Payable	0	2	2	5	0		x x	XX XX
21200.0	0	Current Matur. on L-T Debt Vouchers Payable	0	2 2	2 2	5 5	ő		×	XX.XX
21300.0 21400.0	ő	Sales Tax Payable	ő	2	2	5	1		×	xx.xx
21500.0	50	Income Tax Payable	3	2	2	5	0			
21510.0	0	Federal	0	2 2	2 2	2 2	0		X X	XX.XX XX XX
21520.0 21599.0	0 50	State Total	0 2	2	2	5	1		^	^^ ^^
21600.0	50	Payroll Taxes Payable	3	2	2	5	0			
21610.0	ő	Federal Income Tax Withholding	0	2	2	2	0		x	XX′XX
21620.0	0	FICA	0	2	2	2	0		X X	XX.XX XX.XX
21630.0 21640.0	0	Federal Unemployment Tax State Income Tax Withholding	0	2 2	2 2	2 2	0		x	XX XX
21650.0	ő	SDI	Ŏ	2	2	2	0		×	xx.xx
21660 0	0	State Unemployment Tax	0	2	2	2	0		x	XX.XX
21699.0	50	Total	2	2	2	5	1			
21700.0	50 0	Accrued Liabilities Payroll	3	2 2	2 2	5 2	0		×	xx xx
21710.0 21720.0	0	Payroll   Vacation	ő	2	2	2	ŏ	Ī	x	xx xx
21730.0	Ö	Property Taxes	0	2	2	2	0		x	XX XX
21790.0	0	Other Accrued Liabilities	0 2	2 2	2 2	2 5	0		X X	XX.XX
21799.0	50	Total	0	2	2	5	0		×	XX.XX
21810.0 21820.0	0	Unearned Income Customer Overpayments	0	2	2	5	ő		×	XX.XX
21830.0	Ö	Unidentified Customer Receipts	0	2	2	5	1		x	xx.xx
21999.0	50	Total Current Liabilities	2	2	2	6	1			
22000.0	50	Long Term Liabilities Notes Payable	3 0	2 2	2 2	6 5	0	1	×	XX.XX
22100.0 22200.0	0	Deferred Income Taxes Payable	0	2	2	5	Ö		x	XX.XX
22999 0	50	Total	2	2	2	6	9			
23000.0	50	Stockholders' Equity	3	2	2	6	0			
23100.0	0	Capital Stock Additional Paid-In Capital	0	2 2	2 2	5 5	0		X X	XX-XX
23200.0	0	Retained Earnings	ŏ	2	2	5	Ö		x	xx xx
23999.0	50	Total	2	2	2	6	2			
299990	50	Total Liab & Stockholders' Eq	2	2	2	8	9			
30000.0	50	INCOME	1	1	2	8	2			
31000.0		Sale of Goods	3	1	2	5	0			
31110.0 31190.0		Finished Goods Sales Returns & Allowances	0	1 1	2	2 2	0	X X	X X	XX.XX XX XX
31190.0		Total	2	1	2	5	1	^		7.7.7.7.
31210.0		Consulting Fees	0	1	2	5	1		х	xx.xx
31300.0		Royalties Income	3	1	2	5	0			UU VU
31310.0 31320.0		Patent Royalties Consulting Royalties	0	1 1	2 2	2 2	0		X X	XX.XX XX.XX
31399.0		Total Total	2	1	2	5	1			
31500 0	50	Other Income	3	1	2	5	0			
31510.0	1	Collection of Bad Debts	0	1 1	2	2	0		×	XX.XX
31590.0 31599.0	1	Miscellaneous Income Total	0 2	1 1	2 2	2 5	0		×	XX-XX
31999.0		Total Income	2	1	2	8	3			
			0-Regular	1-Inc.	1-DB	1				
			1-Title 2-Total 3-Heading	Stmt. 2-Bal.	2-CR					

Table 3-C. Sample Chart of Accounts Encoded for Account File (Continued)

ACCOUNT	SUB-		ACCOUNT	REPORT		TOTAL	EXTRA	SALES	SPECIAL	THIS
NUMBER	*******		TYPE	TYPE	BALANCE	LEVEL	LINES	ACCOUNT	REPORT	MONTH
40000 0	50	EXPENSES	1	1	1	8	2	5		
41000 0	50	Cost of Income	3	1	1	6	0			
411000	0	Cost of Sale of Goods	l ŏ	1	1	5	ő		x	xx.xx
412000	0	Cost of Consulting Fees	Ιŏ	1	1	5	Ō		x	xx xx
413000	0	Royalty Payments	0	1	1	5	0		x	xx xx
41900 0	0	Variance Expense	0	1	1	5	0		x	xx xx
419990	50	Total	2	1	1	6	2			
42000 0	50	Development Project Expenses	3	1	1	6	0			
420100	0	Direct Labor	0	1	1	2	Ö		×	xx xx
42020 0	0	Overhead	lő	1	1	2	o		×	XX XX
42040 0	50	Other Direct Charges	3	1	1 .	2	0			
420420	0	Direct Materials	0	1	1	0	0		x	xx xx
420440	0	Outside Services	0	1	1	0	0		x	xx.xx
42046 0	0	Freight - In	0	1	1	0	0		х	XX.XX
42048 0	0	Travel	0	1	1	0	0		х	xx-xx
42049 0	50	Total	2	1	1	2	0			
429990	50	Total Development Proj. Expense	2	1	1	6	9			
43000 0	50	Department Expenses	3	1	1	6	1			
43100.0	50	Salaries, Wages, & Benefits	3	1	1	5	0			
431100	0	Direct Labor	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
431200	0	Indirect Labor	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
431300	0	Overtime Premium	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
431400	0	Holiday-Vacation-Sick Leave	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
431500	0	Jury Duty & Other Leave	0	1	1	2	0			xx_xx
431600	0	Payroll Taxes	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
43170.0	0	Bonus	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
431990	50	Other Fringe Benefits Total	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
			2	•	1	5	1			
432000	50	Materials & Supplies	3	1	1	5	0			
43210 0 43220 0	0	Computer Materials and Supplies	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
432300	ő	Raw Materials & Supplies	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
432900	ő	Stationery-Matr'ls and Supplies	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43299 0	50	Other Materials and Supplies Total	0 2	1	1	2 5	0			XX.XX
43300 0	50		]							
433100	0	Facilities & Equipment	3	1	1	5	0			
433200	0	Rent - Office Space	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX
433300	ő	Equipment Leases	0	1	1	2 2	0			XX.XX
43340.0	ő	Depreciation Equipment Maintenance	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX
433500	ŏ	Janitorial Service	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX XX XX
433600	Ó	Utilities	Ö	1	1	2	ő			XX XX
433700	0	Auto Expense	Ö	1	1	2	ő			XX XX
433900	0	Equipment Rental	Ŏ	1	1	2	o			xx xx
43399 0	50	Total	2	,	1	5	1			***************************************
43400.0	50	Outside Services	3	ĵ	1	5	o			
434100	ō	Professional Services - Legal	0	1		2	ő			xx xx
434200	0	Prof Services - Consulting	ő	i	1	2	ő			XX-XX
434300	0	Employment Service	o l	1	1	2	Ō			xx xx
434400	0	Credit & Collection Service	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43490.0	0	Other Outside Services	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43499 0	50	Total	2	1	1	5	1			
43500.0	50	Advertising	3	1	1	5	0			
43510.0	0	Periodicals	ő	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43520.0	50	Trade Shows	0	1	1	2	0			xx.xx
43521.0	0	Shows - Travel	0	1	1	0	0			xx xx
43529.0	0	Shows - Other	0	1	1	0	0		}	XX,XX
435290	50	Total	2	1	1	2	9			
43530.0	0	Direct Mailings - Samples	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
43540.0	0	Brochure Printing and Mailing	0	,	1	2	0			xx.xx
435600	0	Outside Prep Work on Ads	0	1	1	2	0			xx.xx
43590.0	0	Other Advertising	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX
43599.0	50	Total Advertising	2	1	1	5	1			
			0-Regular	1-Inc.	1-DB					
	ı		1-Title	Stmt.	2-CR				1	
	I		2-Total	2-Bal.			- 1		1	

Table 3-C. Sample Chart of Accounts Encoded for Account File (Continued)

ACCOUNT NUMBER	SUB- ACCOUNT		ACCOUNT TYPE	REPORT TYPE	NORMAL BALANCE	TOTAL LEVEL	EXTRA LINES	SALES ACCOUNT	SPECIAL REPORT	THIS MONTH
43600.0	50	Order & Shipping Expenses	3	1	1	5	0			
436100	0	Shipping Expense - Outgoing	0	1	1 1	2	0			XX.XX
43620.0	0	Order/Shipping Forms Printing	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
43630.0	0	Postage	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43699.0	50	Total	2	1	1	5	1			
43700.0	50	Other Expenses	3	1	1	5	0			
43710.0	0	Taxes-Licenses-Fees	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
437200	0	Insurance	0	1	1	2	0			xx xx
43730.0	O	Travel & Employee Business Exp	0	1	1	2	0			XX-XX
43740.0	o	Communications	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX
43750.0	0	Doubtful Accounts	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
43760.0	Ιŏ	Dues and Subscriptions	0	1	1	2	0			XX XX
437700	Ö	Other Freight - In	0	1	1	2	0		1	XX.XX
43780.0	0	Allow'l Customer Underpayment	0	1	] 1	2	0	1		XX XX
43790.0	Ŏ	Miscellaneous	0	1	1	2	0			XX.XX
43799.0	50	Total	2	1	1	5	1			
43810.0	0	Transfer in from Other Depts	0	1	2	5	1			xx.xx
43900 0	50	Credits	3	1	2	5	0			
43910.0	0	Direct Labor Transferred Out	0	1	2	2	0			XX.XX
43920.0	lo	Overhead Applied	0	1	2	2	0		1	XX.XX
43990.0	lo	Est O'head (Over) Under Absorbed	0	1	2	2	0			XX.XX
43999.0		Total	2	1	2	5	1			
439990	50	Total Department Expenses	0	1	1	6	1			XX.XX
44000.0	50	Non-Operating (Income) Expense	3	1	1	6	0			
44100.0	0	(Gain) Loss on Prop /Equip Sale	0	1	2	5	0			XX.XX
44200.0	0	Interest (Income) Expense	0	1	1	5	0			XX.XX
44999 0	50	Total	2	1	1	6	1			
45000.0	50	Estimated Income Taxes	3	1	1	6	0			
45 100.0		Federal	0	1 1	1	5	0			XX.XX
45200.0		State	0	1	1	5	0			xx xx
45999.0	50	Total	2	1	1	6	2		l l	
49999 0	50	Total Expense	2	1	1	8	9			
			0-Regular 1-Title 2-Total 3-Heading	1-Inc. Stmt. 2-Bal. Sht.	1-DB 2-CR					

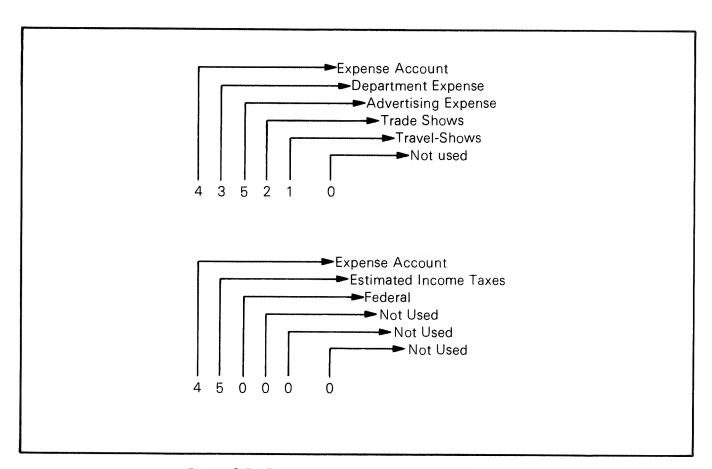


Figure 3-D. Breakdown of Sample Account Numbers

There is a field in each Account record that allows some additional flexibility in assigning account numbers. The Sub-account Number field enables you to put a heading (or other descriptive text) between two accounts with consecutive account numbers. In effect, the Sub-account Number field is a two-digit extension of the Account Number field. There is a restriction on the use of sub-account numbers: only title, heading, and total account records can use sub-account numbers. Regular accounts may not use sub-account numbers. This restriction maintains compatibility with the Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable programs described in the Osborne and Associates publication *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable*. Table 3-C shows sub-account numbers assigned to our sample chart of accounts. Notice that account number 11419.0, sub-account number 0 (11419.0/0) is a regular account, the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Receivable.

So far we have discussed designing a chart of accounts and assigning account numbers and sub-account numbers as the first step in setting up a chart of accounts in the Account file. Looking now at the right hand side of Table 3-C, you will see that there is still more information required on each of the Account records. Let's discuss the rest of the items on Table 3-C from left to right, starting with the Account Type field.

We have already described the four types of account records you need in order to set up a chart of accounts in the Account file. The Account Type field is merely an encoding of this information. Table 3-E provides the details.

Table 3-E. Account Types

ACCOUNT TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Regular Actual accounts with monthly, quarterly, etc balances Can receive postings
1	<b>Title</b> Account Name field prints on financial reports (in expanded type, if available) Its Normal Balance field sets the standard balance to prevail until the next title account. No dollar balances maintained. Cannot receive postings
2	<b>Total</b> Account Name field prints on financial reports Causes printing of the total for the level in its Total Level field (totals at this level and all lower levels are then reset) No dollar balances maintained Cannot receive postings
3	<b>Heading</b> Account Name field prints on financial reports No dollar balances maintained Cannot receive postings

The Report Type field determines whether the Account record is part of the income statement report or balance sheet report. The balance sheet report always includes accounts from the Assets and Liabilities categories while the Income and Expense categories appear on the income and expense report. If the Report Type field is '1', the account appears on the income statement; if it is '2', the account is a balance sheet account.

The Normal Balance field designates whether the account usually has a debit or credit balance. Here, a '1' means a debit balance and a '2' means a credit balance. Most Asset accounts have a normal debit balance, Liability accounts have a normal credit balance, Income accounts have a normal credit balance, and Expense accounts have a normal debit balance. Table 3-C shows that there can be exceptions to this rule, however. Ultimately, an account's Normal Balance field, together with the Normal Balance field of the title account that most closely precedes it, determines the sign of the amount printed on the financial report. If the two Normal Balance fields are different (one is a credit and the other is a debit) the account amount is multiplied by -1 prior to printing. For example, in Table 3-C title account 10000.0/50 Assets has a normal balance '1' (debit). Account 11419.0/0 Allow for Doubtful Accounts has a normal balance '2', so its balance is multiplied by -1 before printing.

The Total Level field has two uses. For balance sheet accounts, it determines which of three columns the account amount or total amount will print in. If the Total Level field is '0', '1', or '2', the amount prints in the left-most column. '3', '4', or '5' cause the amount to print in the middle column. The amounts print in the right-most column with total levels '6', '7', '8', or '9'. Income and Expense accounts all print in the same column, regardless of total level

The Total Level field also determines how often totals will print and how many levels of detail they will include. Thus, it plays a vital part in implementing the account hierarchy shown in Table 3-C by using different levels of indentation. The Total Level field ranges from 0 to 9, with '9' being most general and '0' most specific. This means that level 9 includes the account amounts and subtotals from levels 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0. Similarly, level 5 includes subtotals and account amounts from levels 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0. Level 0 can only be the amount from a single account.

To better understand how the total level works, let's imitate the way the computer accumulates totals during one of the financial reports. For example, we can simulate part of a balance sheet report with data from the first part of Table 3-C. To start with, we need ten accumulators numbered 0 through 9, corresponding to total levels 0 through 9. Initially, these accumulators have a value of 0.

Now we are ready to proceed down the chart of accounts (Table 3-C). The first three accounts are title and heading accounts. We can skip them, since they have no balances and hence no bearing on totals. The next account, 11110.0 Revenue Bank, is a level 2 account with a balance of \$2023.25. Add this amount to accumulators 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9:

```
Accumulator 0:
                   0.00
                                            2023.25
                            Accumulator 5:
Accumulator 1:
                   0.00
                            Accumulator 6:
                                            2023.25
Accumulator 2:
                2023.25
                            Accumulator 7:
                                            2023.25
Accumulator 3:
                2023.25
                            Accumulator 8:
                                            2023.25
Accumulator 4:
                2023.25
                           Accumulator 9:
                                            2023.25
```

This is a level 2 account, so we now print the amount in accumulator 2 (along with the data for account 11110.0). After printing, zero accumulators 2, 1, and 0. Then proceed to the next account, 11150.0 Petty Cash. This is a level 2 account with a balance of \$40. It affects the accumulators as follows:

```
0.00
                            Accumulator 5:
Accumulator 0:
                                             2063.25
Accumulator 1:
                    0.00
                            Accumulator 6:
                                             2063.25
Accumulator 2:
                   40.00
                            Accumulator 7:
                                             2063.25
Accumulator 3:
                2063,25
                            Accumulator 8:
                                             2063.25
Accumulator 4:
                2063.25
                            Accumulator 9:
                                             2063.25
```

Again, we print the amount in accumulator 2 (along with data from account 11150.0). Zero accumulators 2, 1, and 0. The next account, 11199.0 Total, is a level 5 total account. Total accounts, like title and heading accounts, have no balance to add to the accumulators. Therefore, we just print the amount in accumulator 5, then zero accumulators 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0. Note that the amount in accumulator 5 was the sum of the balances from accounts 11110.0 and 11150.0.

The algorithm should be evident by now. For a regular account at level X, add the account balance to accumulators X through 9. Print the amount in accumulator X, then zero accumulators X through 0. For a total account at level X, there is no account balance to add to the accumulators. Just print the amount in accumulator X, then zero accumulators X through 0. The changes that other of the Asset accounts cause in the accumulators further illustrates the algorithm:

```
Account 11400.0, level 5, heading:
       No change
     Account 11410.0, level 2, heading:
       No change
     Account 11412.0, level 0, $100941.03:
Accumulator 0: 100941.03
                              Accumulator 5:
                                              100941.03
Accumulator 1:
                100941.03
                              Accumulator 6:
                                               103004.28
Accumulator 2:
                100941.03
                              Accumulator 7:
                                               103004.28
Accumulator 3:
                100941.03
                              Accumulator 8:
                                               103004.28
Accumulator 4:
                100941.03
                              Accumulator 9:
                                               103004.28
    Account 11414.0, level 0, $1500.00:
Accumulator 0:
                  1500.00
                              Accumulator 5:
                                               102441.03
Accumulator 1:
                102441.03
                              Accumulator 6:
                                              104504.28
Accumulator 2:
                102441.03
                              Accumulator 7:
                                              104504.28
Accumulator 3:
                102441.03
                              Accumulator 8:
                                              104504.28
Accumulator 4:
                102441.03
                              Accumulator 9:
                                              104504.28
```

Account 11419.0, level 0, \$-3028.23: Accumulator 0: - 3028.23 99412.80 Accumulator 5: Accumulator 1: 99412.80 101476.05 Accumulator 6: Accumulator 7: 101476.05 Accumulator 2: 99412.80 99412.80 Accumulator 8: 101476.05 Accumulator 3: 101476.05 99412.80 Accumulator 9: Accumulator 4: Account 11419.0, level 2, total: 99412.80 0.00 Accumulator 5: Accumulator 0: 101476.05 Accumulator 1: Accumulator 6: 99412.80 Accumulator 7: 101476.05 Accumulator 2: 99412.80 101476.05 Accumulator 3: 99412.80 Accumulator 8: 101476.05 99412.80 Accumulator 9: Accumulator 4:

The Extra Lines field follows the Total Level field on Table 3-C. It simply specifies the number of blank lines to skip on the financial reports after printing the account data. If the Extra Lines field is 9, the report skips to a new page. In Table 3-C, there are two extra blank lines following account 10000.0, one extra blank line following account 11000.0, and the report goes to a new page following account 11999.0/50.

The Sales Account field identifies the major income accounts. The total of these accounts is the divisor for calculating the "percent of sales" on the financial reports. The sample chart of accounts in Table 3-C has two sales accounts: 31110.0 Finished Goods, and 31190.0 Sales Returns and Allowances.

The Special Report field designates which accounts will appear on the "special" financial report. Use this field to specify the accounts that will be on the special report. In Table 3-C we have chosen to include all regular accounts on the special report.

The last field on Table 3-C, the This Month field, represents the seven Amount fields that are present on every regular account record. The Amount fields contain balances for this month, this quarter, this year, last year, and the three quarters prior to this quarter. When you first add an account to the Account file, you should put its up-to-date balances in the Amount fields. You may opt to systematically omit certain balances when you set up the account initially. For example, you might not enter the balances for previous quarters.

#### POSTINGS FROM ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

This General Ledger accepts postings from outside programs via the External Posting file. The Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable programs described in the Osborne & Associates publication *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable* will write records on that file. Entering a new invoice in Accounts Payable generates postings to the Vouchers Payable account and operator-designated Expense accounts. Paying an invoice creates postings to decrease the Vouchers Payable and Cash accounts. In Accounts Receivable, entering a new invoice generates a posting to increase the Accounts Receivable account. Entering payment on an invoice creates postings to decrease the Accounts Receivable account and increase the Cash account

Modifying payables or receivables invoices produces postings to adjust the General Ledger accounts affected by the changes. See *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable* for a more complete discussion.

Let's look at the postings to the sample chart of accounts in Table 3-C that would result from an Accounts Payable invoice with the following particulars:

Vendor Breadboard Magazine

Invoice Number: 31761

Item: January Ad Amount: \$890.00 When you enter this invoice, account 21300.00 Vouchers Payable automatically receives a posting to increase by \$890.00. If you elect to expense this invoice to normal magazine advertising, account 43510.0 Periodicals also receives a posting to increase by \$890.00. Subsequently paying this invoice results in postings to decrease accounts 21300.00 Vouchers Payable and 11110.0 Revenue Bank by \$890.00.

#### **ENTERING DIRECT POSTINGS**

The Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable programs will take care of most of the postings to Expense accounts and a few others as well. You will have to directly enter postings to the rest of the accounts. Using 2) Direct Posting Entry, you can create postings to any account on the Account file. These direct postings are appended to the Direct Posting file. 3) Update clears the file. This gives you the flexibility to enter postings in small batches throughout the month (running 3) Update signals the end of a batch), or of holding onto them and entering them all just before running 3) Update. 2) Direct Posting Entry will list the current contents of the Direct Posting File at any time.

#### **END-OF-MONTH PROCEDURES**

At the end of each month, just before you are ready to print the financial reports, you must run 3) Update. This program takes the postings from the External Posting file and the Direct Posting file and adds them to the appropriate accounts in the Account file. While doing this, it prints an account-by-account listing of the activity. This listing is your audit trail of account balance changes.

You may run 3) Update more often than once a month if you wish. You may have to if there is not enough room on either your Direct Posting file or External Posting file for one full month's worth of direct postings or external postings. The program detects these file full conditions. This is discussed further in the Error Recovery section of this chapter.

Be sure to look over the update activity listing for errors. At the end of the listing there is a separate section of program-detected errors such as postings to nonexistent accounts. You must rectify these errors before running the financial reports. To make corrections, you can enter and update additional direct postings

The next step in the end-of-month processing is to print the trial income statement. This accomplishes three things First, you can use it to check account balances before running the final income and expense statement, adjusting incorrect account balances by creating and updating additional direct postings. Second, the trial balance statement adds up the balances of those accounts that are marked sales accounts by the Sales Account field, then it saves these totals on a special Account record. Later, they are used as divisors in computing the percent column on the final income and expense statement. Third, the trial income and expense statement provides a gross profit figure you can directly post to the Retained Earnings account (23900.0 in Table 3-C). Now print a trial balance report. Check the account balances. Adjust them as needed with direct postings

After you have run the trial income statement and trial balance sheet and corrected any incorrect account balances, you can print as many copies of the income statement and balance sheet as you need. Then use the monthly "move totals" operation in 4) Reports to clear the monthly balances on the Income and Expense accounts. This will not clear the Asset and Liability account balances, since they are running totals.

#### **END-OF-QUARTER PROCEDURE**

After printing the monthly reports at the end of the last month in a quarter, print the quarterly income statement and balance sheet. Then do a quarterly "move totals" operation in 4) Reports instead of a monthly "move totals" operation. The quarterly "move totals" automatically includes a monthly "move totals". In addition, it shifts the four quarterly balance fields in each Account record down one field. What was this quarter's balance becomes the first previous quarter's balance, which in turn becomes the second previous quarter's balance, and so on The third previous quarter's balance is lost, since there is no fourth previous quarter's balance.

#### **END-OF-YEAR PROCEDURE**

After printing the final monthly and quarterly income statements and balance sheets for the year, print the yearly income statement and balance sheet. Then do a yearly "move totals" operation in 4) Reports instead of a quarterly or monthly "move totals" operation. The yearly "move totals" includes a quarterly and monthly "move totals". It also shifts what was this year's balance to last year's balance (last year's balance is lost) and clears this year's balance.

#### **ELECTIVE PROCEDURES**

There are several features of General Ledger that you may use at your discretion. You can actually run any of the reports in 4) Reports any time you wish. In fact, there is no prescribed time to print the special report or the income statement or balance sheet for any of the previous quarter account balances. The account balances will be up-to-date as of the last time that you updated the Account file using 3) Update.

You may need to use 5) Account File Maintenance from time to time. With it, you can add new accounts, delete old accounts, and modify existing accounts. Do be careful about directly modifying account balances using 5) Account File Maintenance; there is no audit trail. It is a much better practice to enter and update additional direct postings to adjust account balances.

5) Account File Maintenance will also provide you with a plain listing of the account records, should you ever need one.

Occasionally, you may need to reorganize the Account file. Use 6) Account File Reorganize to do this. This program recovers otherwise unusable space in the Account file that results from deleting Account records. You can run 6) Account File Reorganize whenever you want.

#### **ERRORS AND ERROR RECOVERY**

Errors will occur in any accounting system, whether computerized or manual. When you first start using your programs, you will probably encounter occasional errors caused by problems in the computer programs themselves. These errors are inevitable even with standardized programs like the ones in this book. For one thing, transcription errors will almost certainly occur when the programs are transferred from the book to the computer. But even after you correct these errors, other program errors can still arise. There is no way to test every possible combination of data that you can enter, no matter how extensively the programs are tested before you actually use them

In practice, though, programming errors usually subside rather quickly, leaving you with operator errors to take care of. The General Ledger programs have a number of features built in that will allow you to easily correct operator mistakes if you notice them in time. These features include use of the backspace and line erase keys to correct any data item that you have not finished entering. Also, you can usually review each screenful of data and change specific items on it before they become permanent. These features are common to all of the General Ledger programs. The following paragraphs describe some of these specific errors that can occur in each of the General Ledger programs, and what to do about them.

#### **MENU**

Now and then you will probably choose the wrong program in the Menu This is no problem, since every program allows you to exit immediately back to the Menu See Chapter 4 for more explicit instructions for each program.

#### **POSTING ENTRY**

After you enter a posting in 2) Direct Posting Entry, the program checks to make sure there is still enough room on the Direct Posting file for another posting. If not, it displays this message:

FILE FULL - RUN G/L UPDATE
KEY <CONTINUE> < RETURN > TO EXIT

At this point, you must run 3) Update. It clears both the Direct Posting file and the External Posting file after updating the Account file.

2) Direct Posting Entry can halt with this same file full message even when the Direct Posting file is not completely full. This is because there must be room on the External Posting file for all the postings on the Direct Posting file. Thus, if the External Posting file is completely full with postings from Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable, you will not be able to enter any direct postings without first running 3) Update.

The External Posting file can also become full during Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable. Refer to *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable* for a more complete description of this problem and what to do about it

#### **UPDATE ERRORS**

Basically, there are three kinds of errors that can occur during 3) Update. The program will detect the error if there is a posting to an account that does not exist. It prints a list of these errors at the end of the update report. The recovery procedure for this error depends on whether you entered the correct account number or not. If not, re-enter the posting using 2) Direct Posting Entry, this time with the correct account number. If the account number is correct, you must use 5) Account File Maintenance to create a record for the account on the Account file. Then you can re-enter the posting using 2) Direct Posting Entry. In either case, re-run 3) Update after you re-enter the posting.

The program will not detect the other two kinds of update errors. You must check the update report to make sure you have not entered postings to the wrong account, or for the wrong amount. The recovery procedure is the same for either of these problems. First, you must enter a direct posting to cancel the erroneous posting. Do this by making the new posting the same as the old posting, but reverse the sign of the posting amount. Now enter another new direct posting to the correct account for the correct amount. Again, when you are finished entering new direct postings to correct update errors, re-run 3) Update to effect the changes in the Account file. For example, suppose you found a posting to account 42046.0 Freight-In for \$137.26 which should have been to account 43770.0 Other Freight-In for \$173.26 Fix this by entering two postings using 2) Direct Posting Entry. The first posting is to account 42046.0 for \$-137.26 to back out the error. The second posting is to account 43770.0 for \$173.26 to put in the proper posting. Run 3) Update to effect these postings.

#### ACCOUNT FILE FULL

The flashing bulletin FILE FULL - RUN REORGANIZE in 5) Account File Maintenance means there is no room on the Account file for any new records. Run 6) Account File Reorganize to recover any wasted space caused by deleted records. If this does not help, you must somehow increase the size of the Account file (your programmer should be able to help with this).

#### **POWER FAILURE**

If a power failure occurs during most programs you can recover by restarting the program as soon as the computer is running normally again. If a power failure occurs during 3) Update, make an especially careful check of the update report to make sure all postings are updated correctly. You may have to enter direct postings to adjust a partially updated account. If a power failure occurs during the "move totals" operation in 4) Reports, you must revert to your disk backups, repeating all operations you have performed since the backups were made.

# Chapter Four USER'S MANUAL

The user's manual contains step-by-step instructions for use of all programs included in this General Ledger system. Explanations of program processes, error recovery, and exceptional procedures are also given. User flowcharts are provided so that, once you are familiar with General Ledger processing, you can refer to them for a quick reference of program flow.

There are several items worthy of mention which are characteristic of all programs throughout this accounting system. This first section describes those characteristics. Read it carefully before going on to the step-by-step instructions for each program.

## **DATA ENTRY**

It is important that you be familiar with the different ways data is entered into the system. All data is entered by means of the keyboard, using the CRT screen to display messages that describe the entry. There are two modes in which data can be entered: input and keyin.

Entry in input mode is always prompted by a question, with a question mark and cursor waiting on the next line. You will sometimes see, for example, the following displayed on your screen:

```
KEY RETURN TO BEGIN; 'END' TO EXIT
?__

The program will now await your entry. What you enter will show up here.

KEY RETURN TO BEGIN; 'END' TO EXIT
?__
```

At this time you should either press the RETURN key, or type in END and then press the RETURN key.

The second mode of keyboard entry, keyin, is used more often. **Keyin entry is prompted by a series of asterisks appearing on the screen, and the CRT cursor waiting at the first asterisk.** These asterisks always follow a question or field description which identifies what you should enter.

A typical keyin will appear as follows:

ACCOUNT NUMBER \*\*\*\*\*\*

Now when you key a character, it will replace an asterisk.

The length of your entry is limited by the number of asterisks displayed. You do not have to enter as many characters as there are asterisks — the asterisks represent only a length limit on entry. The BACKSPACE key backs out the last character and lets you re-enter it, except when the cursor is at the position of the first asterisk; then [BACKSPACE] has no effect. The LINE ERASE key is also effective during the keyin in clearing out all characters entered in the course of the keyin; the cursor returns to the position of the first asterisk and awaits entry. Keyin entry is always terminated by pressing the RETURN key.

Each data entry falls in one of two categories: alphanumeric or numeric. A Name field, Address field and Description field are three examples of an alphanumeric field. Any key or combination of keys on the keyboard that produces a valid printing character can be used for alphanumeric entries. You are most likely to use letters, numbers and punctuation symbols for alphanumeric entries.

Only digits, [+], [-], and [SPACE] are allowed when entering numeric values, however. Blank or unfilled spaces (indicated by a "b" symbol) have no effect on the value of a numeric entry. For example, if you have a numeric field as follows:

AMOUNT \*\*\*\*\*\*

you could enter the value 123.45 as

AMOUNT 123.45\*\*

or

AMOUNT 86123 45

Either way the value is still 123.45.

Sometimes the program further restricts numeric entry by limiting the range of values you can enter. Maybe only whole numbers between 0 and 14 will be allowed, for example Throughout this chapter, numeric ranges are described by the numbers in parentheses following each field description or entry instruction

## GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNT NUMBERS

General Ledger account numbers are made up of six digits. There are five pre-decimal digits and one post-decimal digit, comprising an *xxxxx.x* format. General Ledger numbers may range from 00000.1 to 99999.9 In addition, you may append a sub-account number between 0 and 99 to the General Ledger number (indicated by an *xxxxx.x/xx* format). This sub-account number is used for title, heading and total Account records. Methods for designing your chart of accounts and assigning General Ledger account numbers are discussed in detail in Chapter 3.

## **ENTRY CODES**

Much information is entered via alphanumeric or numeric codes, such as the General Ledger account numbers described above. But unlike General Ledger account numbers, many coded entries do not remain constant throughout the system. Rather, many coded entry options are peculiar to each program, and as such are defined by each program. Such coded entries are defined in a prompt message similar to the following, with options displayed in parentheses after the prompt message:

```
ENTER OPERATION CODE (0=EXIT, 1=ADD, 2=CHANGE) *
```

Enter '1' if you wish to perform the ADD operation, or enter '2' if you wish to perform the CHANGE operation, then key [RETURN]. To exit the program you simply press the RETURN key; this blank (b) entry is equivalent to a '0' in most cases.

A field number usually identifies each individual data item displayed on the screen. During a CHANGE operation you can change the value of a data item by entering its field number at the appropriate time. The prompt message for such an entry usually appears as follows:

```
ENTER FIELD TO CHANGE (O IF NONE)
```

At this time you may either enter a field number, as displayed on each individual display, or simply key [RETURN] if there are no changes or all changes have been made. Thus the field number is a kind of code, and its meaning is derived from looking at the entire CRT display. Note that if there is a data item displayed, but it has no identifying field number on this particular screen display, it cannot be changed during this program.

For any entry you can just key [RETURN] without entering any other character, unless a blank entry is not allowed by entry range restrictions. During numeric entry a blank entry is the same as entering '0', then keying [RETURN]. During alphanumeric entry it is the same as entering a blank (b), then keying [RETURN].

Dates are entered as six-digit numbers with no slashes or dashes separating month, day, or year. Any month or day whose number does not take two digits must be entered with a leading zero. For example, March 3, 1979 is entered as 030379. Dates are always redisplayed with punctuation after entry has been completed; 03/03/77 in the example

Whenever a yes-or-no question is asked, such as ENTRY CORRECT?, a keyin of one character will be requested. The standard in this system is for a '1' to represent "yes", and a '0' or 'b' to represent "no".

**The standard delete code is DEL.** If anything other than DEL is entered when you are asked to enter a delete code, the deletion will not take place.

## SFK

SFK refers to a Special Function Key, one of 16 numbered keys whose function is defined in a program. **SFK15** is defined in almost every program. Its only purpose is as a program exit. Exit from every program is possible through use of SFK15; in case your system does not include programmable SFK's, other exit procedures are provided. Note that any SFK entry is not terminated by pressing the RETURN key; its function begins immediately after the key is pressed.

## **BULLETINS**

The fourth line of the CRT is reserved for the display of a bulletin. A bulletin is a short message, flashed three times, describing what is going on in the program. Some bulletins are referred to as error messages because they describe an error on your part.

All keyin mode entries are tested for validity. This test includes a check for non-numeric characters in a numeric entry, as well as a number range check for numeric entries. When some sort of unacceptable entry is discovered by this test, the bulletin **OUT OF RANGE** will flash. In the case of numeric entry, this bulletin signals either a number which is too large or too small, or not all numeric characters. The CRT cursor will be repositioned to the first of the string of asterisks, which have replaced the unacceptable entry, and the program will await another keyin. The validity test is repeated for each keyin until you make an acceptable entry.

Although the most frequent bulletin which will be displayed is OUT OF RANGE, there are a number of other bulletins which may be flashed from time to time. Some of these are **INVALID DATE**, **NOT ON FILE**, **RECORDED** and **DELETED**. These bulletins serve as warnings or status messages during the course of the program. Whenever the bulletin identifies unacceptable entry, such as INVALID DATE, the cursor is repositioned to the same entry field and awaits another entry. If a bulletin serves as a status message, the program continues after the bulletin has been flashed.

There are two program status messages which deserve special mention but are not flashed as bulletins. One is:

## PROCESSING. . . DO NOT INTERRUPT

This message signifies a process taking place in computer memory which involves no user action or CRT display.

The other message describes the process of one program loading another. This process occurs during the Menu program, and the program displays:

## **LOADING PROGRAM #**

A similar message is displayed at the end of each program when the Menu is being loaded. For example, when the Menu is being loaded from the General Ledger Direct Posting program, the following is displayed during this process:

## **G/L DIRECT POSTING LOADING MENU**

Be patient. When these messages appear there is something going on even though you can't see it on the CRT. Pressing keys and flipping switches will do harm; the messages appear because the processes take time.

## **USING THE PRINTER**

Another message which does not take the flashing form is:

# PRINTER NOT READY

In all programs where the printer is used, there is a test to make sure the printer is turned on

and ready to print. If it is not, the program waits with the PRINTER NOT READY message displayed on the screen until the printer is turned on. When this message appears, there is no way to continue or even exit the program without turning the printer on. Once the printer is turned on, the message is cleared from the screen and the program continues. Do not turn the printer off just because the message no longer appears on the screen; if you do, your program will undoubtedly hang at some point, waiting to be able to print on the printer.

## **FLOWCHARTS**

Flowcharts are provided with each program following the step-by-step user instructions. Flowcharts are a schematic guide to the action of a program. Once you are familiar with the operation of this General Ledger system, the flowcharts will serve as a quick reference to program use.

Each flowchart symbol describes a logical step in a program from the user's point of view Different symbols represent different kinds of steps. Table 4-A explains the general meaning of each symbol. In the actual flowcharts, the text inside each symbol describes the step in more detail. The 'b' symbol is used in the flowchart text and throughout the chapter to signify a blank

Connectors are used to connect one point in a flowchart to another, thus avoiding the maze that can be created by too many crossing arrows. For the purposes of this book we have formulated three connectors: Intra-program, SFK and Inter-program connectors.



**Intra-program connector,** coded by letters of the alphabet This connector connects points within a program.



SFK connector, coded by SFK numbers.



**Inter-program connector,** coded by program numbers. This connector connects a program to another program. It is applicable only if your computer system allows for loading of programs by another program.

Table 4-A. Flowchart Symbols Key

Symbo	ı	Description
<b></b>	ARROW	Designates direction of program flow.
	USER INPUT	Keyboard entry.
	DISPLAY	Describes or quotes what is displayed on CRT screen Quotes are shown in bold type, all capitals.
•	DISK ACTION	Describes an action taking place on disk drive; do not interrupt program during this process.
YES	DECISION	Direction of program flow determined by a "yes" or "no" answer to the enclosed question
	PRINTOUT	Report printed by printer on standard paper.

Table 4-A. Flowchart Symbols Key (Continued)

Symbo	1	Description
	USER INSTRUCTIONS	The operator must perform a duty outside of program.
	PROCESS,NOTE	Describes a program action, or may contain a note to the user.
OR V	TERMINAL	Designates program start, program end, or return to main program.
OR OR	CONNECTOR	Continue program at matching code (note direction of arrow). Connector circles in regular weight are incoming connectors (flow transfers TO the connector). Connector circles in bold weight are outgoing connectors (flow transfers FROM the connector).

## START AND END

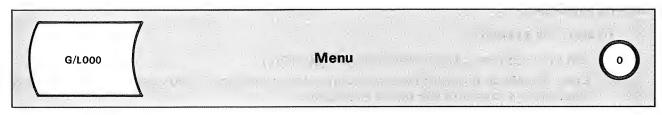
## To start the system:

- 1. Put your General Ledger disk in your disk drive.
- 2. Load the Menu program into your computer according to your system's instructions. The Menu's standard file name is G/L000.
- 3. Run the Menu program.

Note: If your system cannot load and run one program from another program, you will have to load and run each General Ledger program manually. If such is the case, the Menu program cannot be used except as a printed guide to program selection. Remember to clear each program before you load another. Before you clear a program, make sure it has finished all processing.

## To end processing:

- 1. When the day's transactions are completed, make any backup disks you keep from your working disks.
- **2.** Clear the last program on the screen from your computer's memory. If you use the Menu program, you should always clear the entire system with that program in memory.



PURPOSE: Allow program selection, then automatically load and run selected program.

WHEN: To begin processing and automatically at the end of every program. All programs

should be loaded by the Menu if possible.

TO EXIT: Menu must be cleared manually.

# **CRT 0-1**

G/L PROGRAM SELECTION MENU

ENTER PASSWORD

XXXX

<bulletin>

- 1) GENERAL INFORMATION F/M
- 2) DIRECT POSTING
- 3) POSTING UPDATE
- 4) REPORTS
- 5) ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE
- 6) ACCOUNT FILE REORGANIZE

d = display only, x = enter only, z = enter or display with option to change

# **LOAD MENU**

1) Load the Menu program according to your system instructions.

When running the program manually, the initial Menu is displayed as CRT 0-1.

## **PASSWORD**

## 2) Enter your password.

This system is password protected. If the characters you enter do not equal your password, the bulletin WRONG PASSWORD is flashed on the screen. You must re-enter the password until the correct password is entered; repeat this step.

Otherwise, proceed to step 3.

## **CRT 0-2**

G/L PROGRAM SELECTION MENU CHOOSE PROGRAM BY NUMBER

XX

<bulletin>

- 1) GENERAL INFORMATION F/M
- 2) DIRECT POSTING
- 3) POSTING UPDATE
- 4) REPORTS
- 5) ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE
- 6) ACCOUNT FILE REORGANIZE

d = display only, x = enter only, z = enter or display with option to change

# PROGRAM SELECTION

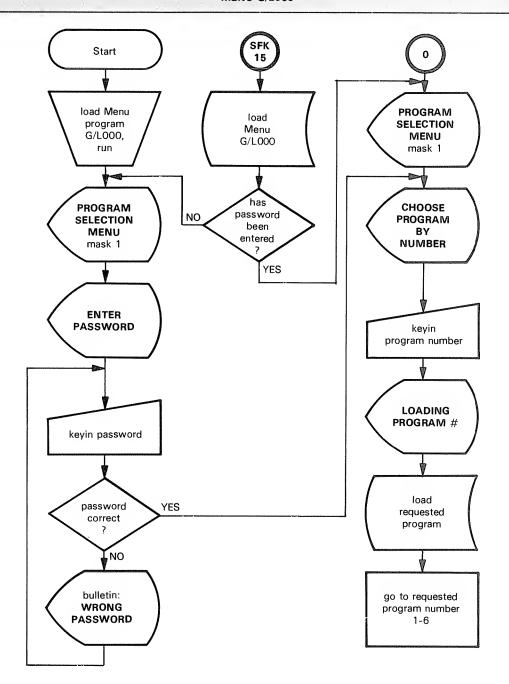
After successful entry of the password, or when the Menu is loaded automatically, the display appears as CRT 0-2.

# 3) Enter program number (1 - 6).

When an acceptable program number has been entered, the following message is displayed on the fourth line of the Menu display:

-- > LOADING PROGRAM #

The Menu is now loading the requested program. Be patient. Some programs are lengthy and take some time to load into the computer memory. The CRT display will not change until the next program is loaded and run.





## **General Information File Maintenance**



PURPOSE: Enter or change today's date and company general information.

WHEN: Daily or as needed.

TO EXIT: Enter a field to change of '0', or SFK15 any time.

This is basically the same General Information File Maintenance program as used in *Payroll With Cost Accounting* and *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable*. One new field has been added to this file record, the Fiscal Year Ends field, which has caused some field numbers to shift Much of the information contained on this file pertains to Payroll processing. However, the company information, Today's Date field, and the Fiscal Year Ends field are relevant to General Ledger.

Enter your company name, address, federal and state numbers, and month your fiscal year ends when you initially set up your system. You may change this information at any time.

Every day you perform a General Ledger task, you should set Today's Date in this file to the correct date. This program should be the first program run each day.

The initial display appears as CRT 1-1. When entering information for the first time, it must be entered as a "change".

## **CRT 1-1**

#### GENERAL INFORMATION FILE MAINTENANCE ENTER FIELD TO CHANGE (16 TO PRINT; O TO EXIT) ΧХ <bulletin> 1) COMPANY NUMBER ΖZ 11) TODAY'S DATE zz/zz/zz 2) NEXT P/R CHECK 12) PERIOD START zz/zz/zz ZZZZZZ 3) 0.T. RATE 13) PERIOD END zz/zz/zz ZZ.ZZ 4) HOURLY RATE 14) PAYROLL NUMBER zz ZZ . ZZ 5) FISCAL YR ENDS 15) DAY NUMBER ΖZ ΖZ 6) COMPANY NAME ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ 7) ADDR ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ 8) ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ 9) ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ 10) FED/STATE NOS. ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ

# Changes

# 1) Enter field number (0-16).

- 0 EXIT. Program ends The Menu is loaded
- **1-15 Request to change the value at this field.** Enter a new value when requested See Table 1-1 for field details. When entry is complete, repeat this step.
- **16 PRINT.** Print the General Information data for the currently displayed company. To prepare for this operation, load standard paper into the printer, then make sure the printer is turned on and ready to print. When the report is completed, you may make more changes, repeat this step.

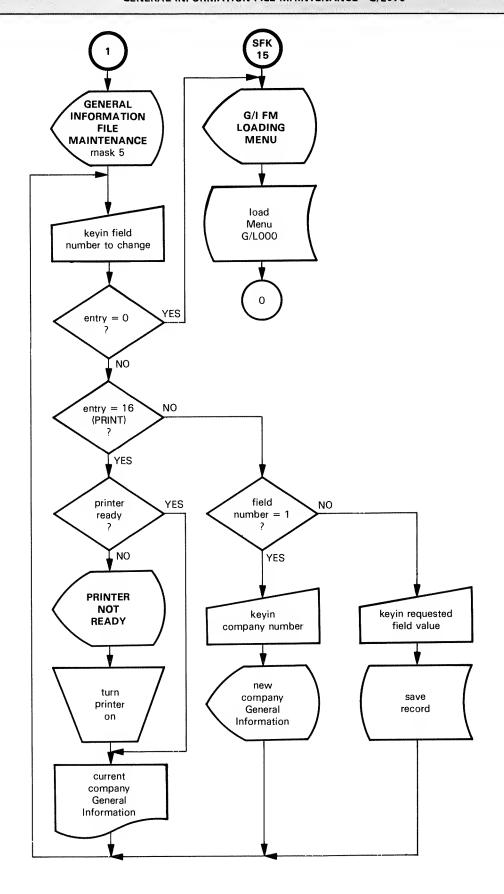
Table 1-1 General Information Fields

Field	Description
1	COMPANY NUMBER (1-10). Display General Information for this company. Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable and General Ledger use only company number '1'.
2	NEXT P/R CHECK (1-999999). Used for Payroll.
3	OVERTIME RATE (0-99.99). Used for Payroll.
4	HOURLY RATE (0-99.99) Used for Payroll
5	FISCAL YEAR ENDS (1-12). Month the fiscal year ends
6	COMPANY NAME (24 characters).
7,8,9	COMPANY ADDRESS (three lines, 24 characters each)
10	<b>FEDERAL/STATE NUMBERS</b> (24 characters). Enter Federal and State tax identification numbers on this line. The first 12 characters are intended for the federal number, the latter 12 characters for the state number.
11	TODAY'S DATE. Change daily or as needed
12	PERIOD START DATE. Used for Payroll
13	PERIOD END DATE. Used for Payroll.
14	PAYROLL NUMBER (1-2). Used for Payroll.
15	DAY NUMBER (1-14). Used for Payroll.

A sample General Information report is shown in Report 1-1

Report 1-1. General Information File Maintenance

IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS DATE 05/31/78 GENERAL INFORMATION FILE MAINTENANCE PAGE 1 PERIOD START 05/16/78 PERIOD END 05/31/78 PAYROLL NUMBER 02 DAY NUMBER 10 COMPANY CODE 1 NEXT CHECK NO. 51247 O.T. RATE 1.50 HOURLY RATE 0.00 FISCAL YR ENDS 12 COMPANY NAME IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS FED/STATE TAX NUMBERS 91-1111111-A 137 456789 ADDRESS 356 BUSINESS STREET PARODICE, CALIFORNIA 94710





# **G/L Direct Posting Entry/Print**



PURPOSE: Enter direct postings to General Ledger accounts, and optionally print these post-

ings.

WHEN: Daily or as needed.

TO EXIT: Enter an operation code of '0', or SFK15 any time.

Any General Ledger postings which are not made through Payroll, Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable (external postings) must be entered using this program. This program will also be used to adjust account totals when balance errors are being corrected.

Any Posting records created will remain on the Direct Posting file until General Ledger Update is run. You may print the contents of the Direct Posting file at any time by selecting the PRINT operation in this program.

Whenever you create a Posting record, the program checks the contents of the Direct Posting and External Posting files. If the Direct Posting file is filled to its limit, or if the External Posting file will be filled to its limit when the Direct Posting records are added to it during the General Ledger Update program, the program stops with this message displayed on the screen:

FILE FULL - RUN G/L UPDATE
KEY <CONTINUE> < RETURN > TO EXIT

Key [CONTINUE] and [RETURN]; the Menu will be loaded. Select and run the G/L Update program. When it is completed, re-select Direct Posting Entry/Print and continue entering your batch of postings.

The initial display for this program appears as CRT 2-1.

G/L DIRECT POSTING ENTRY/PRINT

ENTER OPERATION (O=EXIT, 1=POST, 2=PRINT)

Х

<bulletin>

ACCOUNT xxxxxx <account name>

1)DATE zz/zz <account type>

2) REFERENCE ZZZZZZ OPENING BALANCE XXXXXXXXXX

3) AMOUNT ZZZZZZZZZZ CLOSING BALANCE XXXXXX.XX

d = display only, x = enter only, z = enter or display with option to change

## **SELECT OPERATION**

G/L DIRECT POSTING ENTRY/PRINT ENTER OPERATION (0=EXIT: 1=POST: 2=PRINT)

- 1) Enter operation code (0-2).
  - 0 EXIT. Program ends The Menu is loaded
  - 1 POST. Request to enter a direct posting to a General Ledger account, proceed to step 2
  - 2 PRINT. Print current Direct Posting records; proceed to step 5

# **OPERATION IS POST**

You may only post amounts to General Ledger accounts which are established on the Account file.

- 2) Enter account number (0-99999.9)
  - 0 POST operation complete. A new operation is requested, return to step 1

**General Ledger number - Request to post an amount to this General Ledger account.** A check is made to see if the requested General Ledger account is on the Account file

If yes, the account name, date, opening balance and account description are displayed on a screen similar to CRT 2-1. You may continue with the requested operation, proceed to step 3.

If no, the bulletin NOT ON FILE is flashed. The account number must be on the Account file before a direct posting may be entered for that account. A new account number is requested, repeat this step.

## **DIRECT POSTINGS DATA**

If you discover at this point that you have entered the wrong account number, you must enter any ficticious postings data, and then select a final action (step 4) of 4 - CANCEL, Then re-enter the account number as needed.

**3) Enter field values as requested.** See Table 2-1 for field details. Initially, the posting Date field is set to today's date (from the General Information file) by the program. The Reference field and Amount field values are requested automatically.

When a value has been entered for each field, you may change any field values just entered and also the date at field 1, proceed to step 4

Table 2-1 Direct Posting Fields

Field	Description
1	DATE (MMDD). The date of this posting entry. Note that you enter only the month and day (MMDD), and not the year. If you enter a '0' or b at this field, today's date from the General Information file will be used automatically.
2	REFERENCE (0-999999). Invoice number or other reference code.
3	AMOUNT (-9999999.99 - +99999999999). Amount of direct posting. The closing balance will be adjusted and displayed according to this posting amount

## CORRECTIONS

ENTER FIELD TO CHANGE (0=NONE; 4=CANCEL)

- 4) Enter field number to change (0-4)
  - **O No changes,** save this record. The bulletin RECORDED is flashed when this record is saved on the Direct Posting file. A new account number is requested, return to step 2.
  - **1-3 Change value of requested field.** See Table 2-1 for field details. A new closing balance is calculated and displayed with any change to the amount at field 3. Repeat this step.
  - **4 CANCEL.** This record is not saved on the Direct Posting file. A new account number is requested, return to step 2.

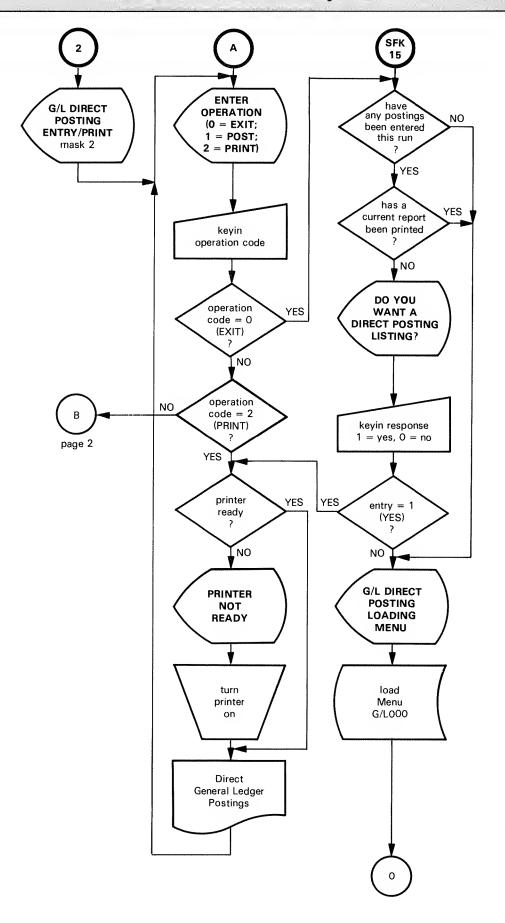
## 5) OPERATION IS PRINT

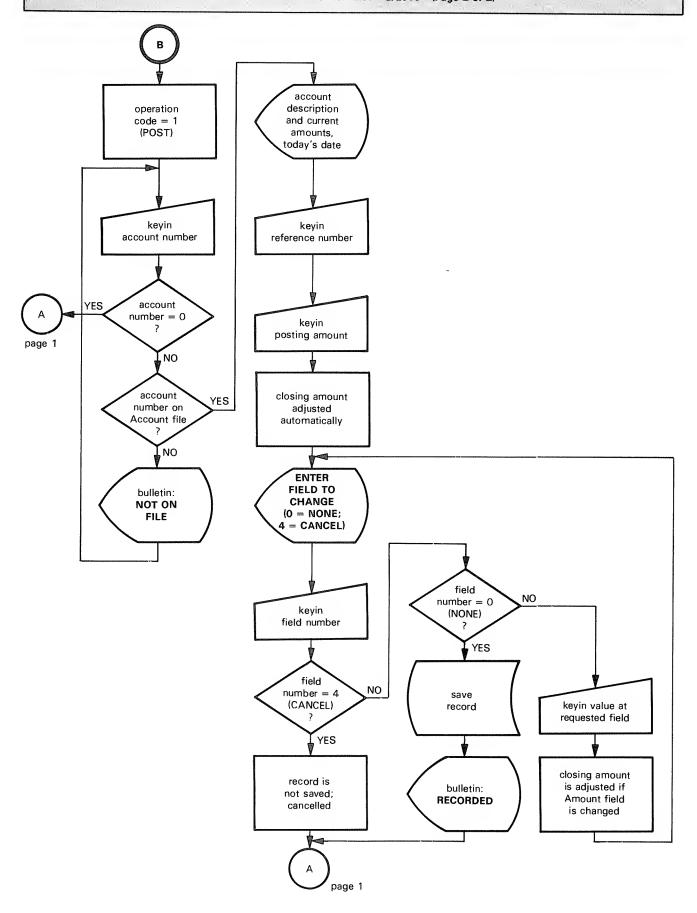
The print operation begins immediately once the operation is requested. To prepare for the print operation, load standard paper into the printer, then make sure the printer is turned on and ready to print. The entire Direct Posting file is printed. When the report is completed, another operation is requested; return to step 1.

A sample Direct General Ledger Postings report is shown in Report 2-1

Report 2-1 Direct General Ledger Postings

				IMPRESS: DIRECT GENER			ING5				DATE 05/3 PAGE 1	31/78
ACCOUNT	SOURCE	DATE	REF	AMOUNT> (ACCOUNT	SOURCE	DATE	REF	AMDUNT> (ACCOUNT	SOURCE	DATE	REF	AMDUNT
43110.0	3	10/12	0	0.00><43730.0	3	9/22	22	-3.00><43740.0	3	9/22	53	-4.00
43750.0	3	9/22	24	-4.00><31110.0	3	9/22	123	100000.00><11110.0	3	9/22	456	50000.00
31110.0	3	5/31	0	903.77><31320.0	3	5/31	0	7383.81><31590.0	3	5/31	0	1002.00
41300.0	3	5/31	0	592.44><43340.0	3	5/31	0	3320.00>(43410.0	3	5/31	0	926.00
43510.0	3	5/31	0	2026.00><43530.0	3	5/31	0	264.89><43730.0	3	5/31	0	498.34
43590.0	3	5/31	0	994.00><31590.0	3	5/31	0	1002.00><41300.0	3	5/31	0	592.44
43340.0	3	5/31	0	320.00><43410.0	3	5/31	0	926.00><43510.0	3	5/31	0	2026.00
43530.0	3	5/31	0	264.89><								
				22 TOTAL DIRECT (	POSTING	5 \$1	73031.50	3				







# **G/L Posting Sort/Update**



PURPOSE: Update direct postings and external postings to the General Ledger Account file.

WHEN: Daily or as needed, and always before printing reports at the end of the month.

TO EXIT: Enter initial response of 'END', or SFK15 any time.

This program sorts and then updates direct postings and external postings to the Account file. It also clears both the Direct Posting and External Posting files.

You will always run this program before printing reports, to ensure that your most recent postings are included in these reports.

You must also run Update when either the Direct Posting or External Posting file is full. This "file full" condition will be detected during the Direct Posting Entry program. To recover from this situation you must run Update in order to clear the files. Once the files are cleared you may return to Direct Posting Entry and resume entering postings. Similarly, if the External Posting file is found full during Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable processing, run this G/L Update program to clear it. Then return to your Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable program and resume processing.

G/L Posting Sort/Update involves two separate programs. The first program sorts the postings on the Direct Posting and External Posting files. The postings from both files are then merged together onto the External Posting file, and the Direct Posting file is cleared. When the sort is complete, the first program automatically loads the second program.

The second program updates all the postings to the appropriate Account records in the Account file. An account-by-account Update activity report is printed during the Update program. When the update is complete, the External Posting file is cleared, and the Menu is loaded.

Inspect the Update activity report for posting errors (see discussion in Chapter 3, Errors and Error Recovery). If you discover errors, correct them using Direct Posting Entry, or Account File Maintenance, if necessary. Then re-run Update before printing reports.

To prepare for this program load standard paper into the printer, then make sure the printer is turned on and ready to print

## START OR END

This program requires virtually no user action; you need only tell it when to begin.

G/L POSTINGS SORT/UPDATE
KEY RETURN TO BEGIN; ENTER 'END' TO EXIT.

## Start or end program.

**RETURN** - Continue Sort/Update programs When all posting records have been sorted and updated to the General Ledger Account File and the G/L Update activity report is printed, the program ends and the Menu is loaded

END - EXIT Program ends The Menu is loaded

The Sort program involves no user action. There are, however, certain status messages displayed on the screen to let you know where the program is within the sort, and how the sort is progressing. Initially, the Sort program will display the following message:

WORKING. DO NOT INTERRUPT

If there are no records located on the Direct Posting or the External Posting files, the message NO RECORDS is displayed. The Sort program then loads the Menu, since there is no reason to proceed with the update.

When posting records are located on either or both of the posting files, the program first sorts the Direct Posting file. The first sort status message reads:

MAX NUMBER OF RECORDS: ##

The number displayed here is the total number of records on both the Direct Posting and External Posting files. While the actual sort takes place the following message is displayed

SORT DIRECT POSTINGS

When this Direct Posting sort is complete, the External Posting file is sorted. The sort message reads:

SORT EXTERNAL POSTINGS

During the sort, each of the two posting files is saved in blocks on the Work file. If more than one block of records is saved, these messages are displayed as each block of records is saved:

RECORD NUMBER: m BLOCKS SORTED: n

m is the number of records saved on the Work file so far. n is the number of blocks sorted. After all blocks of records are sorted and saved they must be merged together onto the External Posting file in their final order. During this process, the following message is displayed.

MERGE SORTED BLOCKS

Records from each block on the Work file are merged and saved, sector by sector, onto the External Posting file. As each sector is saved, the activity is followed by the following message:

RECORD NUMBER: n

As each sector of records is saved, n is incremented by the number of records saved. When the sort is complete, the program displays this message:

SORT COMPLETE

At the completion of the Sort program, your screen display will appear similar to CRT 3-1.

G/L POSTING SORT/UPDATE

KEY RETURN TO BEGIN; ENTER 'END' TO EXIT

WORKING...DO NOT INTERRUPT

MAX NUMBER OF RECORDS; dd

MERGE SORTED BLOCKS

RECORD NUMBER: dd

BLOCKS SORTED: dd

SORT COMPLETE

d = display only, x = enter only, z = enter or display with option to change

The Sort program then loads the Posting Update program. The screen display is cleared and the following title displayed:

GENERAL LEDGER UPDATE PROCESSING. . . DO NOT INTERRUPT

The update process begins immediately. An Update activity report is printed during the update process, so make sure your printer is turned on and ready to print.

When all postings have been updated to the Account file and the G/L Update report has finished printing, the program ends and the Menu is loaded.

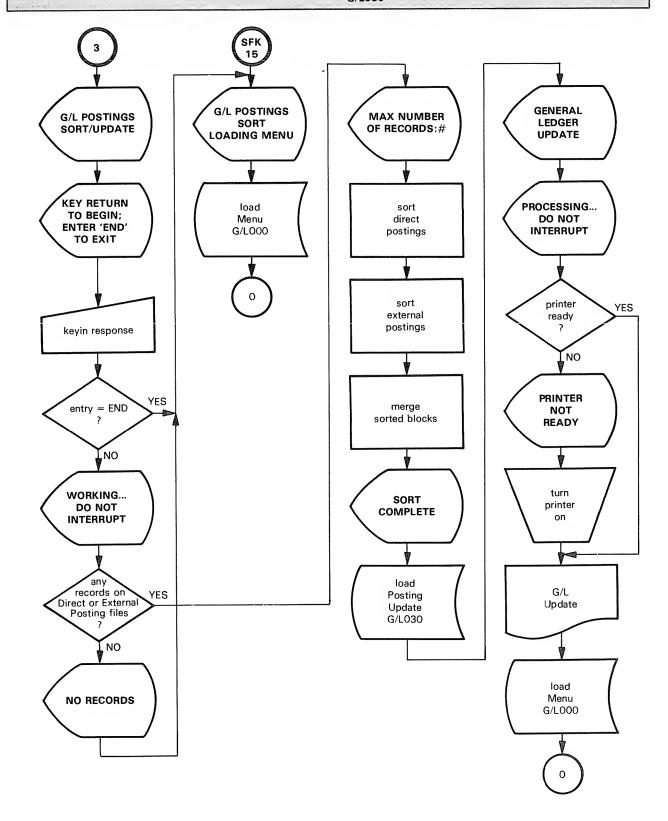
A sample G/L Update report is shown in Report 3-1. An error report, which prints at the end of the Update report, is shown in Report 3-2.

Report 3-1. G/L Update

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS G/L UPDATE		DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1	
ACCT 5RCE DATE REF	AMOUNT:::SRCE DATE REF	AMOUNT:::SRCE DATE RE		AMOUNT
11110.0 1 9/8 41 1 10/18 71437	110.00::: 1 9/19 71151 140.00::: 1 10/31 71449	120.00::: 1 9/20 4 175.00::: 1 10/31 7156	2 120.00::: 1 9/28 71290 8 190.00::: 1 10/31 71713 6 50000.00::	120.00
NET CHANGE 51345.00	0.00 1345.00	0.00 50000.00	CLOSING BAL 71580.25	
11420.0 1 9/19 532 1 9/26 7847 1 10/13 614 1 10/13 71319 1 10/31 672 1 10/31 676 1 11/13 699 1 11/15 103078 1 11/15 103078 1 11/29 7864 EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES NET CHANGE 4645.00	150.00::: 1 9/20 7850 -250.00::: 1 9/28 71250 1000.00::: 1 10/31 642 150.00::: 1 10/31 673 150.00::: 1 11/7 688 150.00::: 1 11/13 700 -992.00::: 1 11/15 110778 -150.00::: 1 11/29 7867 P/R 0 A/P 35 0.00 4645.00	100.00::: 1 9/25 58 440.00::: 1 9/28 7125 1282.00::: 1 10/31 62 75.00::: 1 10/31 67 150.00::: 1 11/7 69 100.00::: 1 11/13 70 -100.00::: 1 11/22 786 -100.00::: 1 11/29 787 A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	9 100.00::: 1 9/26 7844 11 100.00::: 1 10/13 49 2 500.00::: 1 10/13 645 3 125.00::: 1 10/31 675 2 75.00::: 1 10/31 675 2 100.00::: 1 11/13 698 1 100.00::: 1 11/15 7856 0 -150.00::: 1 11/28 71747 0 -150.00::: 1 11/28 71747 0 150.00::: 1 1000.00 CLOSING BAL 5675.00	-250.00 40.00 1000.00 100.00 150.00 150.00 -150.00 500.00
11610.0 1 9/17 1548 1 10/31 8772 FINISHED GOOD5 (AT MFG. COST) NET CHANGE 103985.54	14378.02::: 1 10/31 1548 8278.95::: 1 10/31 111778 P/R 0 A/P 7 0.00 103985.54	14378.02::: 1 10/31 154 50000.00:: 1 10/31 25157 A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	B -14378.02::: 1 10/31 8771 4 14463.52:::	16865.05
11630.0 1 10/31 22741 OTHER INVENTORY NET CHANGE 563.77	451.94::: 1 11/22 781287 P/R 0 A/P 2 0.00 563.77	111.83::: A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	OPENING BAL 0.00 CLOSING BAL 563.77	
11820.0 1 9/19 71224 1 10/31 71712	1366.23::: 1 9/28 7107 1600.00::: 1 11/ 7 135772	1366.23::: 1 9/28 7130 536.23:::	6 775.40::: 1 10/31 71711	1300.00
PREPAID TAXES NET CHANGE 6944.09	1360.23::: 1 9/28 7107 1600.00::: 1 11/ 7 135772 P/R 0 A/P 6 0.00 6944.09	0.00 G/L 0	OPENING BAL 0.00 CLOSING BAL 6944.09	
11890.0 1 11/22 2111 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES NET CHANGE 3996.00	1998.00::: 1 11/29 2111 P/R 0 A/P 2 0.00 3996.00	1998.00::: A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	OPENING BAL 63.50 CLOSING BAL 4059.50	
1 10/31 64567	457.40::: 1 10/31 71534	1331.25::: 1 9/30 8738 233.88::: 1 11/28 713	428.68::: 1 10/31 51032 16 180.24::: 1 11/29 64567	304.93 -228.70
1 11/29 645670 MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT NET CHANGE 4853.38	P/R 0 A/P 9 0.00 4853.38	A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	OPENING BAL 350000.00	
	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS G/L UPDATE		DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 2	
ACCT SRCE DATE REF	AMOUNT:::5RCE DATE REF	AMOUNT:::5RCE DATE RE	F AMOUNT:::SRCE DATE REF	AMDUNT
1E1D0 1 B/30 6066	127.53::: 1 10/13 71308	166.14::: 1 10/31 696	54 500.55::: 1 11/13 33531	378.08
	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS G/L UPDATE		DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 3 .	
	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS		DATE 05/31/78	
	TMPDESSIVE PPONUCTS		DATE 05/31/78	
	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS		DATE 05/31/70	
	***************************************		DATE 05/31/78	
	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS  IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS		PACE 9  DATE 0S/31/78	
	G/L UPDATE	AMOUNT:::5RCE DATE RE	PAGE 10  FAGE 10  REF	AMOUNT
ACCT 5RCE DATE REF	AMOUNT:::5RCE DATE REF 69.19::: 1 9/20 71228	31.00::: 1 9/20 7123	31 65.00::: 1 9/20 71232	65.00
1 9/28 71255 1 11/15 111578	28.30::: 1 10/31 71714 48.00::: 1 11/29 71823	28.17::: 1 11/ 7 7157 105.35:::	72 20.00::: 1 11/13 71670  OPENING BAL 56.24	92.47
MISCELLANEOUS NET CHANGE 552.48	P/R 0 A/P 10 0.00 552.48	A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	CLDSING BAL 608.72	
44200.0 1 9/12 5707 1 9/30 100178 1 11/7 71571 1 11/29 1078	1.21::: 1 9/19 71191 3.67::: 1 10/31 71495 306.25::: 1 11/7 103178 5.00::: 1 11/29 357720	1786.49::: 1 9/28 7125 1750.31::: 1 10/31 10207 -138.95::: 1 11/15 11017	52 61.37::: 1 9/30 8660 /8 3.67::: 1 10/31 103178 /8 2.56::: 1 11/15 112678	489.46 138.95 9.40
INTEREST (INCOME)EXPENSE NET CHANGE 4420.32	P/R 0 A/P 14 0.00 4420.32	A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	OPENING BAL 945.25 CLOSING BAL 5365.57	
45200.0 1 9/25 92178 STATE NET CHANGE 136.27	136.27::: P/R 0 A/P 1 0.00 136.27	A/R 0 G/L 0 0.00 0.00	OPENING BAL 3324.90 CLOSING BAL 3461.17	
TOTAL NET CHANGE:				
DEBIT ACCOUNTS 373005.28 CREDIT ACCOUNTS 269066.72				
PROOF 103938.56	)			

Report 3-2. G/L Posting Errors

					IMPRESSIVE PR G/L POSTING						DA TI PA GI	E 05/31 E 11	1/78	
ACCT NO	SRCE	DATE	REF	AMOUNT	ACCT NO	5RCE	DATE	REF	AMOUNT	ACCT NO	SRCE	DATE	REF	AMOUN
2.0	1		0	-17269.92	2.0	1	9/12	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/16	0	0.0
2.0	1	9/17	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/17	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/19	0	-83749.8
2.0	1	9/20	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/20	0	-65.00	2.0	1	9/20	0	-6848.
2.0	1	9/25	0	-2042.04	2.0	1	9/26	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/26	0	0.
2.0	1	9/28	0	-4557.79	2.0	1	9/30	0	0.00	2.0	1	9/30	0	0.
2.0	1	9/30	0	-20.00	2.0	1	10/13	0	-22139.85	2.0	1	10/18	0	0.
2.0		10/18	0	-8659.61	2.0		10/20	0	~12202.96	2.0	1	10/31	0	0.
2.0		10/31	0	0.00	2.0	1	10/31	0	0.00	2.0	1	10/31	0	-19204.
2.0		10/31	0	~55196.68	2.0	1	10/31	0	-59070.91	2.0	1	11/ 7	0	0.
2.0		11/7	0	-38082.51	2.0	1	11/13	0	-1661.85	2.0	1	11/15	0	0.
2.0		11/15	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/22	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/27	0	0
2.0	1	11/28	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/28	0	-9156.88	2.0	1	11/29	0	0
2.0		11/29	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/29	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/29	0	0
2.0	1	11/29	0	0.00	2.0	1	11/29	0	-2346.68	2.0		11/30	ō	ō
2020.0	1	9/ B	0	~3199.05	2020.0	1	9/12	0	8045.02	2020.0	1	9/16	0	0
2020.0	1	9/17	0	40285.30	2020.0	1	9/17	0	-333.87	2020.0	1	9/19	ō	-1107
2020.0	1		0	0.00	2020.0	1	9/20	0	112.57	2020.0	1	9/20	0	-15
2020.0	1	9/25	0	0.00	2020.0	1	9/26	0	12427.52	2020.0	1	9/26	ō	18525
2020.0	1	9/28	0	0.00	2020.0	1	9/30	0	3536.41	2020.0	1	9/30	0	14749
2020.0	1		0	-20.00	2020.0	1	10/13	0	-1380.63	2020.0	1	10/18	ō	32
2020.0		10/18	0	-719.52	2020.0	1	10/20	0	-12202.96	2020.0		10/31	ō	0
2020.0		10/31	0	6614.17	2020.0	1	10/31	0	50939.94	2020.0	1	10/31	Ō	-4
2020.0	1	10/31	0	~1120.98	2020.0	1	10/31	0	-19204.42	2020.0		11/7	0	6586
2020.0	1	11/7	0	-28858.03	2020.0	1	11/13	0	0.00	2020.0		11/15	ō	86
0.020	1	11/15	0	12787.29	2020.0	1	11/22	0	7795.62	2020.0		11/27	ō	491
2020.0	1	11/28	0	0.00	2020.0		11/28	0	431.38	2020.0		11/29	ō	0
2020.0	1	11/29	0	1.00	2020.0	1	11/29	0	114.24	2020.0		11/29	ō	1768
2020.0	1	11/29	0	3104.64	2020.0		11/29	0	4420.40	2020.0		11/30	ő	4864
3037.0	1	9/19	52478	28.10	3073.0		9/16	8405	-5963.35	3073.0	1	9/16	84050	5963
4420.0		10/31	71455	61.37	4521.0	ī		7847	443.89	4521.0		11/29	7864	264
9098.0	1	11/29	29098	17.65	29098.0		11/30	29098	-17.65	31640.0		10/31	71531	1982
	1	10/31	633	10.00		-			- /	=10,0.0	-			1 200





PURPOSE: Print a variety of reports from the Account file, and update month-to-date,

quarter-to-date, and year-to-date totals.

WHEN: As needed, and at the end of each month, quarter, and year.

TO EXIT: Enter report type of '0', or SFK15 any time.

G/L Reports prints your General Ledger financial reports. You should run a full set of reports once a month after running Posting Update. First, run a trial income statement and trial balance, and inspect each report for possible errors; any errors should be corrected immediately using the Account File Maintenance or Direct Posting/Update programs. If you make any changes, you should run another set of trial reports and check for errors once again. When the trial reports are correct, run the monthly, quarterly, etc. reports as necessary.

To prepare for this program, load standard paper into the printer, then turn the printer on and make sure it is ready to print.

The display for this program appears in CRT 4-1.

# **CRT 4-1**

< b	ulletin>												
+	+ + + + + + +	+	+ + + + + + +	+	+ + +	+ +	+ +	+	+ +	+	+	+	+
+	TYPE z	+	FORMAT z	+	QUARTE	ER z		+	MOV	'E	z		
+	O:=EXIT	+	1=INCOME STMT	+	o=cure	RENT		+	1:-!	10 N	ГНЦ	Υ.	
+	1=TRIAL	+	2:=BALANCE	+	1==1ST	PRE	/I O U	S+	2=0	UAF	RTE	RL	Υ
+	2=SPECIAL	+		+	2=2ND	PRE	/I O U	S+	3≃Y	EAF	RLY		
+	3=MONTHLY	+		+	3=3RD	PRE	/I O U	S+					
+	4=QUARTERLY	+		+				+					
+	5=MOVE TOTALS	+		+				+					
۲	+ + + + + + +	+	+ + + + + + +	+	+ + +	+ +	+ +	+	+ +	+	+	+ -	<b>-</b>
< P	osting file st	at	us>										

## SELECT REPORT PARAMETERS

- 1) Enter report type (0-5).
  - 0 EXIT. Program ends The Menu is loaded
  - 1 TRIAL. Print a trial income statement or trial balance report. You must select the report format; proceed to step 2
  - 2 SPECIAL. Print a listing of all accounts which are indicated to be included at the Special field on the Account record, proceed to step 7
  - **3 MONTHLY.** Print a monthly income statement or balance report. You must specify the report format, proceed to step 2
  - **4 QUARTERLY.** Print a quarterly income statement or balance report. You must specify the report format, proceed to step 2
  - **5 MOVE TOTALS.** Request to perform monthly, quarterly, or yearly updates. This operation should be selected only at the end of a month, quarter, or year. At the end of each month, move monthly, at the end of each quarter, move quarterly, at the end of each year, move yearly (refer to Chapter 3 for more discussion). You must specify which move to make, proceed to step 4.

# 2) Enter report format (1-2).

1 - INCOME STATEMENT. Print an income statement in conjunction with the report type

If trial or monthly type, proceed to step 7

If quarterly type, you must specify which quarter, proceed to step 3

2 - BALANCE. Print a balance sheet report in conjunction with report type:

If trial or monthly type, proceed to step 7

If quarterly type, you must specify which quarter, proceed to step 3

- 3) Enter quarter (0-3).
  - 0 CURRENT. Print quarterly report for the current quarter Proceed to step 7
  - 1 FIRST PREVIOUS QUARTER. Print quarterly report for one quarter prior to the current quarter Proceed to step 7
  - 2 SECOND PREVIOUS QUARTER. Print quarterly report for two quarters prior to the current quarter Proceed to step 7
  - 3 THIRD PREVIOUS QUARTER. Print quarterly report for three quarters prior to the current quarter Proceed to step 7
- **4)** Enter move (1-3)
  - 1 MONTHLY. Clear the monthly figures on the Income and Expense accounts Perform this operation only at the end of the month Proceed to step 5
  - 2 QUARTERLY. Move quarterly figures, and clear the monthly and current quarter figures on the Income and Expense accounts Perform this operation only at the end of a quarter Proceed to step 5
  - 3 YEARLY. Move quarterly and yearly figures, and clear the monthly, current quarter, and current year figures on the Income and Expense accounts Perform this operation only at the end of the year Proceed to step 5

Since it is very tedious to recover from an erroneous MOVE operation, you must verify any selected MOVE operation.

# **ENTRY CORRECT?**

## 5) Verify move direction (0-1).

- **0 No, do not move.** New report parameters are requested, return to step 1
- 1 Yes, OK to move as indicated. You should have up-to-date reports for the end of the month/quarter/year before the move operation. A check is made on your report status, proceed to step 6

## HAVE YOU RUN ALL YOUR REPORTS?

# 6) Verify current reports (0-1)

- 0 No, not all reports current, do not move. New report parameters are requested, return to step 1
- 1 Yes, current reports verified, move as indicated. WORKING. DO NOT INTERRUPT is displayed on the screen. Do not interrupt the program while a move operation is taking place. When the move operation is complete, new report parameters are requested, return to step 1.

# ENTRY CORRECT?

# 7) Verify report parameters (0-1).

- $\boldsymbol{0}$   $\boldsymbol{No},$   $\boldsymbol{do}$  not print. New report parameters are requested; return to step 1
- 1 Yes, print. Make sure your printer is turned on and ready to print. When the report is finished printing, new report parameters are requested; return to step 1

A sample Trial Income Statement is shown in Report 4-1, a Trial Balance Sheet in Report 4-2. A Special Report is shown in Report 4-3. A Monthly Income Statement is shown in Report 4-4, a Monthly Balance Sheet in Report 4-5. A Quarterly Income Statement for the current quarter is shown in Report 4-6, and a Quarterly Balance Sheet is shown for the first previous quarter in Report 4-7; Income Statements and Balance reports for varying quarters all use the same format.

Report 4-1. Trial Income Statement (Page 1 of 4)

		IMPRESSIVE PR TRIAL INCOME S			DAT PAG	E 05/31/78 E 1
ACCOUNT	NAME		THIS MONTH	PCT	QUARTER	PCT
	INCOME					
31110.0	SALE OF GOODS FINISHED GOODS	\$	100005 40	107 058	224254 44	
31190.0	SALES RETURNS & ALLOWANCES TOTAL	\$	198265.48 -14603.45 183662.03	7.95%	\$ 394350.04 -28184.66 366165.38	7.69%
31210.0	CONSULTING FEES		4500.00	2.45%	8910.00	2.43%
31310.0 31320.0	ROYALTIES INCOME PATENT ROYALTIES CONSULTING ROYALTIES TOTAL	\$	0.00 350.00 350.00	0.19%	\$ 0.00 700.00 700.00	0.19%
31510.0 31590.0	OTHER INCOME  COLLECTION OF BAD DEBTS  MISCELLANEOUS INCOME  TOTAL	\$	2135.55 0.00 2135.55	1.16% 0.00% 1.16%	\$ 4604.25 0.00 4604.25	0.00%
т	DTAL INCOME	\$	190647.58	103.80%	\$ 380379.63	103.88%
	EXPENSES					
41100.0	COST OF INCOME COST OF SALE OF GOODS		65000.00	35 3 <b>9</b> ¥	127400.00	24 70¥
	COST OF CONSULTING FEES			0.00%		0.00%
41300.0 41900.0	ROYALTY PAYMENTS VARIANCE EXPENSE		9180.00		18360.00	
41500.0	TOTAL	\$	74180.00	0.00% 40.38%	\$ 0.00 145760.00	0.00% 39.80%
	DEVELOPMENT PROJECT EXPENSES					
42010.0 42020.0	DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES		24137.00 6025.35		48201.59 12032.64	
42042.0	DIRECT MATERIALS		0.00			0.00%
42044.0 42046.0	OUTSIDE SERVICES FREIGHT - IN		1000.00		2000.00	
42048.0	TRAVEL		0.00 120.34		14.30 240.68	0.00%
	TOTAL	\$	1120.34	0.61%	\$ 2254.98	0.61%
	TOTAL DEVELOPMENT PROJ. EXPENSE	\$	31282.69	17.03%	\$ 62489.21	

Report 4-1. Trial Income Statement (Page 2 of 4)

		ESSIVE PRO INCOME S				DATE PAGE	05/31/7E E 2
ACCOUNT	NAME		THIS MONTH	PCT		QUARTER	PCT
	DEPARTMENT EXPENSES						
	DEPARTMENT EXPENSES  SALARIES, WAGES, & BENEFITS DIRECT LABOR INDIRECT LABOR OVERTIME PREMIUM HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE PAYROLL TAXES BONUS OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS TOTAL						
43110.0	DIRECT LABOR	\$	65023.55	35.40%	Ş	129852.03	
43120.0	INDIRECT LABOR		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
43130.0	OVERTIME PREMIUM		346.89	0.18%		692.74	0.18%
43140.0	HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE		458.24	0.24%		925.64	0.25%
43150.0	JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00% 2.34%
43160.0	PAYROLL TAXES		4295.24	2.33%		8577.59 0.00	0.00%
43170.0	BONUS		0.00 2594.74	0.00%		5137.59	1.40%
43190.0	OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS TOTAL	•	72718.66		e		
	TOTAL	· ·	/2/10.00	35.35*	•	. 145105.55	03.034
	MATERIALS & SUPPLIES		620.87	0.33%		1216.91	0.33%
43210.0	COMPUTER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		1135.99	0.55%		2271.98	0.62%
43220.0	RAW MATERIALS & SUPPLIES STATIONARY-MATR'LS AND SUPPLIES		689.48	0.37%		1365.11	0.37%
43230.0 43290.0	OTHER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		570.97	0.31%		1113.39	0.30%
43690.0	TOTAL	\$	3017.28	1.64%	9		1.62%
	FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT						
43310.0	RENT - OFFICE SPACE		2300.00	1.25%		4600.00	1.25%
43320.0	EQUIPMENT LEASES		4365.79	2.37%		8731.58	2.38%
43330.0	DEPRECIATION		567.86	0.30%		1078.97	0.29%
43340.0	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE		57.99	0.03%		111.94	0.03%
43350.0	JANITORIAL SERVICE		500.00	0.27%		1000.00	0.27%
43360.0	UTILITIES		534.26	0.29%		1065.85	0.29%
43370.0	AUTO EXPENSE		478.18	0.26%		930.08	0.25%
43390.0	EQUIPMENT RENTAL		414.25	0.22%		787.08 18305.50	0.21% 4.99%
	FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT RENT - OFFICE SPACE EQUIPMENT LEASES DEPRECIATION EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE JANITORIAL SERVICE UTILITIES AUTO EXPENSE EQUIPMENT RENTAL TOTAL	\$	9218.33	5.01%	5	18305.50	4.99%
	OUTSIDE SERVICES						
43410.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES - LEGAL		2151.95	1.17%		4088.71 820.00	1.11%
43420.0	PROF. SERVICES - CONSULTING		400.00	0.21%		2440.22	0.66%
43430.0	EMPLOYMENT SERVICE		2440.22	1.32%		68.37	0.01%
43440.0	CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE		97.48	0.01%		192.04	
43490.0	OTHER OUTSIDE SERVICES TOTAL	\$	5121.45	2.78%	•	7609.34	2.07%
	ADVERTISING						
43510.0	PERIODICALS		4910.32	2.67%		9820.64	2.68%
40010.0	TRADE SHOWS		.510,00				
43521.0	SHOWS - TRAVEL		445.09	0.24%		445.09	0.12%
43529.0	SHOWS - OTHER		758.71	0.41%		758.71	0.20%
	TOTAL	\$	1203.80	0.65%	•	1203.80	0.32%

Report 4-1. Trial Income Statement (Page 3 of 4)

		PRESSIVE PR AL INCOME S			DATE PAGE	05/31/78 3
ACCOUNT	NAME		THIS MONTH	РСТ	QUARTER	РСТ
43530.0	DIRECT MAILINGS - SAMPLES	\$	250.66	0.13%	\$ 516.36	0.14%
43540.0 43560.0	BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS		164.88 43.80	0.08%	331.41 86.72	0.09%
43590.0	DIRECT MAILINGS - SAMPLES BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS OTHER ADVERTISING TOTAL ADVERTISING	\$	0.00 6573.46	0.00% 3.57%	\$ 0.00 11958.93	0.00% 3.26%
	ORDER & SHIPPING EXPENSES		_			
43610.0 43620.0	SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING		668.59 26.80	0.36%	\$ 1334.51	0.36%
43630.0	ORDER & SHIPPING EXPENSES SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING POSTAGE TOTAL	\$	320.00 1015.39	0.17% 0.55%	\$ 639.36 2027.47	0.17% 0.55%
43710.0	OTHER EXPENSES TAXES -LICENSES -FEES INSURANCE TRAVEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP. COMMUNICATIONS DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS OTHER FREIGHT - IN ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL		258.47	0.14%	258.47	0.07%
43720.0	THE IPANCE		573.52	0.31%	1118.36	0.07%
43730.0	TRAVEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP.		189.27	0.10%	374.75	0.10%
43740.0	COMMUNICATIONS		1633.53	0.88%	3260.53	0.89%
43750.0	DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS		468.00	0.25%	982.80	0.26%
43760.0	DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS		90.00	0.04%	180.00	0.04%
43770.0	OTHER FREIGHT - IN		219.23	0.11%	434.08	0.11%
43780.0	ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT		0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%
43790.0	TOTAL	\$	56.24 3488.26	0.03% 1.89%	\$ 109.67 6718.66	0.02% 1.83%
43810.0	TRANSFER IN FROM OTHER DEPTS.			0.00%	0.00	0.00%
	CREDITS DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT OVERHEAD APPLIED EST. O'HEAD (OVER)UNDER ABSORBD TOTAL					
43910.0 43920.0	DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT		-24137.00 -6025.36	13.14%	-48201.59	
43990.0	EST O'HEAD (OVER)HADER ARENDED		0.00	0.00%	-11628.94 0.00	3.17% 0.00%
.0330.0	TOTAL	\$	-30165.36	16.42%	\$ -59830.53	
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT EXPENSES	\$	70990.47	38.65%	\$ 137942.35	37.67%
44100.0	NON-OPERATING (INCOME)EXPENSE					
44200.0	THIERET (THOUME EVENEE		0.00 945.25	0.00%	0.00 1985.03	0.00%
	NON-OPERATING (INCOME)EXPENSE (GAIN)LOSS ON PROP./EGUIP. SALE INTEREST (INCOME)EXPENSE TOTAL	\$	945.25	0.51%	\$ 1985.03	0.54%
45100 0	ESTIMATED INCOME TAXES		. = = = = = =			
45100.0 45200.0	FEDERAL STATE		16624.50	9.05%	33215.75	9.07%
<b>→⊐⊆∪∪.</b> ∪	TOTAL	\$	3324.90 19949.40	1.81%	\$ 6643.15 39858.90	1.81%
т	OTAL EXPENSE	\$	197347.81	107.45%	\$ 388035.49	105.97%

Report 4-1. Trial Income Statement (Page 4 of 4)

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS TRIAL INCOME STATEMENT						
ACCOUNT NAME	THIS MONTH PCT	QUARTER PCT					
SALES ACCOUNTS TOTAL	367324.06	732330 . 76					
DEBIT TOTAL CREDIT TOTAL	242113.62 235413.39	480961.00 468394.82					
RETAINED EARNINGS	-6700.23	-12566.18					

Report 4-2. Trial Balance Sheet (Page 1 of 4)

***************************************		MPRESSIVE PRODUCTS RIAL BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH			
	ASSETS				
	CURRENT ASSETS				
11110.0 11150.0	CASH REVENUE BANK PETTY CASH REVENUE BANK	\$	20235.25 40.00 \$	20275.25	
11412.0 11414.0 11419.0 11420.0 11490.0	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS TOTAL EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TOTAL	E 100941.03 1500.00 -3028.23	99412.80 1030.00 0.00	100442.80	
11610.0 11620.0 11630.0	INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST) RAW MATERIALS OTHER INVENTORY TOTAL		266195.00 929.13 0.00	267124.13	
11810.0 11820.0 11890.0	PREPAID EXPENSE PREPAID INSURANCE PREPAID TAXES OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES TOTAL		877.24 0.00 63.50	940.74	
11910.0 11920.0 11942.0 11944.0 11946.0 11948.0	CONSULTING CONTRACTS-IN-PROCESS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICE FREIGHT - IN TRAVEL TOTAL CREDITS TOTAL	513.75 86.19 22.07 143.33 \$	5400.00 2700.00 765.34 -1000.00	7865.34	
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$	396648.26	

Report 4-2. Trial Balance Sheet (Page 2 of 4)

		IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS TRIAL BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 2
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH			
	DEFERRED PRODUCTION COSTS				
13010.0	DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES	\$	300000.00 00.000E		
13042.0	DIRECT MATERIALS	6770.00			
13044.0	OUTSIDE SERVICES FREIGHT - IN	25000.00 0.00			
13046.0	TOTAL	\$	31770.00		
13990.0	CREDITS		0.00		
	TOTAL		\$	367770.00	
	PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT				
	COST				
15110.0	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT		350000.00		
15120.0 15130.0	FURNITURE & FIXTURES LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS		00.00.00 00.000		
13130.0	TOTAL		\$	382000.00	
15800.0	CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS			0.00	
	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
15910.0	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT		-100000.00		
15920.0	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES		-13333.00		
15930.0	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS		-571.00		
	TOTAL		\$	-113904.00	
	TOTAL PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT		*	268096.00	
т	OTAL ASSETS		•	1032514.26	

Report 4-2. Trial Balance Sheet (Page 3 of 4)

	<del>-</del>	MPRESSIVE PRODUCTS RIAL BALANCE SHEET		DATE 05/31/76 PAGE 3
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH		
	LIABILITIES STOCKHOLDERS′E			
	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
21100.0 21200.0 21300.0 21400.0	NOTES PAYABLE CURRENT MATUR. ON L-T DEBT VOUCHERS PAYABLE SALES TAX PAYABLE	s	180000.00 0.00 95467.85 3221.00	
21510.0	INCOME TAX PAYABLE FEDERAL STATE TOTAL	0.00 0.00 \$	0.00	
21610.0 21620.0 21630.0 21640.0 21650.0 21660.0	PAYROLL TAXES PAYABLE FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING FICA FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING SDI STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX TOTAL	16250.00 3915.24 783.13 2659.94 652.35 1495.57	25756.23	
21710.0 21720.0 21730.0 21790.0	ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYROLL VACATION PROPERTY TAXES OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES TOTAL	0.00 12480.00 1400.00 0.00	13880.00	
21810.0 21820.0 21830.0	UNEARNED INCOME CUSTOMER OVERPAYMENTS UNIDENTIFIED CUSTOMER RECEIPTS		500.00 1500.00 2300.00	
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	322625.08	
22100.0 22200.0	LONG TERM LIABILITIES NOTES PAYABLE DEFERRED INCOME TAXES PAYABLE TOTAL	\$	200000.00 0.00 200000.00	

Report 4-2. Trial Balance Sheet (Page 4 of 4)

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS TRIAL BALANCE SHEET		DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 4
ACCOUNT NAME	THIS MONTH		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY 23100.0 CAPITAL STOCK 23200.0 ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL 23900.0 RETAINED EARNINGS TOTAL		\$ 300000.00 0.00 209889.18 509889.18	
TOTAL LIAB. & STOCKHOLDERS' EQ.		\$ 1032514.26	
DEBIT TOTAL CREDIT TOTAL	1150446.49 1150446.49		
PROOF	0.00		

Report 4-3. Special Report (Page 1 of 3)

		ESSIVE PRODUCTS PECIAL REPORT	DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH	
11110.0	REVENUE BANK	20235.25	
11150.0	PETTY CASH	40.00	
11412.0	FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE	100941.03	
11414.0	CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE	1500.00	
11419.0	ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS	3028.23	
11420.0	EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES	1030.00	
11490.0	OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	0.00	
11610.0	FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST)	266195.00	
11620.0	RAW MATERIALS	929.13	
11630.0	OTHER INVENTORY	0.00	
11810.0	PREPAID INSURANCE	877.24	
11820.0	PREPAID TAXES	0.00	
11890.0	OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES	63.50	
11910.0	DIRECT LABOR	S400.00	
11920.0	OVERHEAD	2700.00	
11942.0	DIRECT MATERIALS	S13.7S	
11944.0	OUTSIDE SERVICE	86.19	
11946.0	FREIGHT - IN	22.07	
11948.0	TRAVEL	143.33	
11990.0	CREDITS	1000.00 300000.00	
13010.0	DIRECT LABOR	36000.00	
13020.0	OVERHEAD	6770.00	
13042.0	DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICES	25000.00	
13046.0	FREIGHT - IN	0.00	
13990.0	CREDITS	0.00	
15110.0	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	350000.00	
15120.0	FURNITURE & FIXTURES	30000.00	
15130.0	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	2000.00	
15800.0	CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS	0.00	
1			
15910.0	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	100000.00	
15920.0	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	13333.00	
15930.0	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	571.00	
21100.0	NOTES PAYABLE	180000.00	
21200.0	CURRENT MATUR. ON L-T DEBT	0.00	
21300.0	VOUCHERS PAYABLE	95467.85	
21400.0	SALES TAX PAYABLE	3221.00	
21510.0	FEDERAL	0.00	
21520.0	STATE	0.00	
21610.0	FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING	16250.00	
21620.0	FICA	3915.24	
21630.0	FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX	783.13	
21640.0	STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING	2659.94	
21650.0	SDI	652.35	
21660.0	STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX	1495.57	
21710.0	PAYROLL	0.00	
21720.0	VACATION	12480.00	

Report 4-3. Special Report (Page 2 of 3)

	11	MPRESSIVE PRODUCTS SPECIAL REPORT	DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 2
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH	
21730.0	PROPERTY TAXES	1400.00	
21790.0	OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES	0.00	
21810.0	UNEARNED INCOME	500.00	
21820.0	CUSTOMER OVERPAYMENTS	1500.00	
21830.0	UNIDENTIFIED CUSTOMER RECEIPTS	2300.00	
22100.0	NOTES PAYABLE	200000.00	
22200.0	DEFERRED INCOME TAXES PAYABLE	0.00	
23100.0	CAPITAL STOCK	00.0000E	
23200.0	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	0.00	
23900.0	RETAINED EARNINGS	209889.18	
31110.0	FINISHED GOODS	198265.48	
31190.0	SALES RETURNS & ALLOWANCES	14603.45	
31210.0	CONSULTING FEES	4500.00	
31310.0	PATENT ROYALTIES	0.00	
31320.0	CONSULTING ROYALTIES	350.00	
31510.0	COLLECTION OF BAD DEBTS	2135.55	
31590.0	MISCELLANEOUS INCOME	0.00	
41100.0	COST OF SALE OF GOODS	65000.00	
41200.0	COST OF CONSULTING FEES	0.00	
41300.0	ROYALTY PAYMENTS	9180.00	
41900.0	VARIANCE EXPENSE	0.00	
42010.0	DIRECT LABOR	24137.00	
42020.0	OVERHEAD	6025.35	
42042.0	DIRECT MATERIALS	0.00	
42044.0	OUTSIDE SERVICES	1000.00	
42046.0	FREIGHT - IN	0.00	
42048.0	TRAVEL	120.34	
43110.0	DIRECT LABOR	65023.55	
43120.0	INDIRECT LABOR	0.00	
43130.0 43140.0	OVERTIME PREMIUM HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE	346.89 458.24	
43150.0	JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE	0.00	
43160.0	PAYROLL TAXES	4295.24	
43170.0	BONUS	0.00	
43190.0	OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS	2594.74	
43210.0	COMPUTER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	620.87	
43220.0	RAW MATERIALS & SUPPLIES	1135.99	
43230.0	STATIONARY-MATR'LS AND SUPPLIES	689.45	
43290.0	OTHER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	570.97	
43310.0	RENT - OFFICE SPACE	00.00	
43320.0	EQUIPMENT LEASES	4365.79	
43330.0	DEPRECIATION	567.86	
43340.0	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	57.99	
43350.0	JANITORIAL SERVICE	500.00	
43360.0	UTILITIES	534.26	
43370.0	AUTO EXPENSE	478.18	
43390.0	EQUIPMENT RENTAL	414.25	

Report 4-3. Special Report (Page 3 of 3)

	Ir	PRESSIVE PRODUCTS SPECIAL REPORT	DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 3
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH	
43410.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES - LEGAL	2151.95	
43420.0	PROF. SERVICES - CONSULTING	400.00	
43430.0	EMPLOYMENT SERVICE	2440.22	
43440.0	CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE	31.80	
43490.0	OTHER OUTSIDE SERVICES	97.48	
43510.0	PERIODICALS	4910.32	
43521.0	SHOWS - TRAVEL	445.09	
43529.0	SHOWS - OTHER	758.71	
43530.0	DIRECT MAILINGS - SAMPLES	250.66	
43540.0	BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS	164.88 43.80	
43560.0 43590.0	OTHER ADVERTISING	0.00	
43610.0	SHIPPING EXPENSE - DUTGDING	668.59	
43620.0	ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING	26,80	
43630.0	POSTAGE	320.00	
43710.0	TAXES-LICENSES-FEES	258.47	
43720.0	INSURANCE	573.52	
43730.0	TRAVEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP.	189.27	
43740.0	COMMUNICATIONS	1633.53	
43750.0	DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS	468.00	
43760.0	DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS	90.00	
43770.0	OTHER FREIGHT - IN	219.23	
43780.0	ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT	0.00	
43790.0	MISCELLANEOUS	56.24	
43810.0	TRANSFER IN FROM OTHER DEPTS.	0.00	
43910.0	DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT	24137.00	
43910.0	OVERHEAD APPLIED	6025.36	
43990.0	EST. O'HEAD (OVER)UNDER ABSORBD	0.00	
44100.0	(GAIN)LOSS ON PROP./EQUIP. SALE	0.00	
44200.0	INTEREST (INCOME)EXPENSE	945.25	
45100.0	FEDERAL	16624.50	
45200.0	STATE	3324.90	

Report 4-4. Monthly Income Statement (Page 1 of 4)

		RODUCTS STATEMENT				DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1	
ACCOUNT	NAME		THIS MONTH	РСТ		YTD BAL	PCT
	INCOME						
31110.0 31190.0	SALE OF GOODS FINISHED GOODS SALES RETURNS & ALLOWANCES TOTAL	\$ \$	198265.48 -14603.45 183662.03	7.95%		-67502.2	2 107.40% 6 7.40% 6 100.00%
31210.0	CONSULTING FEES		4500.00	2.45%		22007.7	0 2.41%
31310.0 31320.0	ROYALTIES INCOME PATENT ROYALTIES CONSULTING ROYALTIES TOTAL	\$	0.00 350.00 350.00	0.00% 0.19% 0.19%	,	0.0 1750.0 \$ 1750.0	0 0.19%
31510.0 31590.0	OTHER INCOME COLLECTION OF BAD DEBTS MISCELLANEOUS INCOME TOTAL	\$	2135.55 0.00 2135.55	1.16% 0.00% 1.16%	,	12588.0 0.0 12588.0	0 0.00%
т	OTAL INCOME	\$	190647.58	103.80%	,	\$ 948211.7	8 103.98%
	EXPENSES						
41100.0 41200.0 41300.0 41900.0	COST OF INCOME COST OF SALE OF GOODS COST OF CONSULTING FEES ROYALTY PAYMENTS VARIANCE EXPENSE TOTAL	\$	65000.00 0.00 9180.00 0.00 74180.00	0.00% 4.99% 0.00%	,	0.0 45900.0 0.0	0 5.03%
42010.0 42020.0 42042.0 42044.0	DEVELOPMENT PROJECT EXPENSES DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICES		24137.00 6025.3S 0.00 1000.00	3.28% 0.00% 0.54%		30027.4 0.0 5000.0	0 0.00% 0 0.54%
42046.0 42048.0	FREIGHT - IN TRAVEL TOTAL TOTAL DEVELOPMENT PROJ. EXPENSE	\$ \$	0.00 120.34 1120.34 31282.69	0.00% 0.06% 0.61% 17.03%		14.3 601.7 5616.0 155930.5	0.06%

Report 4-4. Monthly Income Statement (Page 2 of 4)

		SSIVE PRO 'INCOME S				DATE PAGE	05/31/78 2
ACCOUNT	NAME		тніѕ монтн	PCT		YTD BAL	PCT
	DEPARTMENT EXPENSES						
	SALARIES, WAGES, & BENEFITS						
43110.0	DIRECT LABOR	\$	65023.55	35.40%	\$	324045.74	35.53%
43120.0	INDIRECT LABOR		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
43130.0	OVERTIME PREMIUM		346.89	0.18%		1728.73	0.18%
43140.0	HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE		458.24	0.24%		2341.87	0.25%
43150.0	JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE		0.00	0.00%		752.36	0.08%
43160.0	INDIRECT LABOR OVERTIME PREMIUM HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE PAYROLL TAXES		4295.24	2.33%		21405.38	2.34%
43170.0	BUROS		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
43190.0	OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS	4	2594.74	1.41%	\$	12689.85	1.39%
	TOTAL	*	72718.66	39.55%	*	362963.33	33.80%
	MATERIALS & SUPPLIES						
13210.0	COMPUTER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		620.87	0.33%		2969.26	0.32%
3220.0	RAW MATERIALS & SUPPLIES		1135.99	0.61%		5679.95	0.62%
13230.0	STATIONARY-MATR'LS AND SUPPLIES		689.45	0.37%		3371.82 2699.97	0.36%
43290.0	OTHER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	\$	570.97 3017.28	0.31% 1.64%	\$	14721.00	1.61%
	TOTAL	•	3017.20	1.07%	•	14721.00	1.01~
	FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT						
43310.0	RENT - OFFICE SPACE		2300.00	1.25%		11500.00	1.26%
43320.0	EQUIPMENT LEASES		4365.79	2.37%		21828.95	2.39%
0.08884	DEPRECIATION		567.86	0.30%		2535.58	0.27%
43340.0	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE		57.99	0.03%		268.10 2500.00	0.02%
43350.0	JANITORIAL SERVICE		500.00 534.26	0.27% 0.29%		2656.63	0.27%
43360.0 43370.0	UTILITIES AUTO EXPENSE		478.18	0.26%		2248.47	0.24%
43390.0	EGUIPMENT RENTAL		414.25	0.22%		1849.64	0.20%
43050.0	TOTAL	\$	9218.33	5.01%	\$	45387.37	4.97%
	T Sar T P Play	•					
	OUTSIDE SERVICES		0154 05	1.17%		9608.47	1.05%
43410.0 43420.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES - LEGAL PROF. SERVICES - CONSULTING		2151.95	0.21%		2111.50	0.23%
43420.0 43430.0	EMPLOYMENT SERVICE		2440.22	1.32%		2440.22	0.26%
43440.0	CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE		31.80	0.01%		186.31	0.02%
43490.0	OTHER OUTSIDE SERVICES		97.48	0.05%		471.46	0.05%
	TOTAL	\$	5121.45	2.78%	\$	14817.96	1.62%
	ADVERTISING						
43510.0	PERIODICALS		4910.32	2.67%		24551.60	2.69%
	TRADE SHOWS			_ / - · · ·			
13521.0	SHOWS - TRAVEL		445.09	0.24%		445.09	0.04%
3529.0	SHOWS - OTHER		758.71	0.41%		758.71	0.08%
	TOTAL	\$	1203.80	0.65%	\$	1203.80	0.13%

Report 4-4. Monthly Income Statement (Page 3 of 4)

		SSIVE PR	DDUCTS STATEMENT			DATE PAGE	05/31/78 3
ACCOUNT	NAME		тніѕ монтн	PCT		YTD BAL	PCT
43530.0	DIRECT MAILINGS - SAMPLES BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS OTHER ADVERTISING TOTAL ADVERTISING	\$	250.66	0.13%	\$	1337.37	0.14%
43540.0 43560.0	BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING		164.88 43.80	0.08%		833.50 214.20	0.09%
43590.0	OTHER ADVERTISING		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
	TOTAL ADVERTISING	\$	6573.46	3.57%	\$	28140.47	3.08%
	ORDER & SHIPPING EXPENSES					3328.27	0.36%
43610.0	SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING		668.59 26.80	0.36%		134.00	0.01%
43620.0 43630.0	OKDEK/SHIPPING FURMS PRINIING		320.00	0.01%		1596.48	0.17%
43630.0	ORDER & SHIPPING EXPENSES SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING POSTAGE TOTAL	\$		0.55%	\$	5058.75	0.55%
	TOTAL  OTHER EXPENSES  TAXES-LICENSES-FEES INSURANCE TRAVEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP. COMMUNICATIONS DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS OTHER FREIGHT - IN ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL						
43710.0	TAXES-LICENSES-FEES		258.47	0.14%		258.47	0.02%
43720.0	INSURANCE		573.52 189.27	0.31%		2712.02 925.63	0.10%
43730.0	COMMUNICATIONS		1633.53	0.10%		8131.76	0.89%
43750.0	DOUBTEU ACCOUNTS		468.00	0.25%		2604.42	0.28%
43760.0	DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS		90.00	0.04%		450.00	0.04%
43770.0	OTHER FREIGHT - IN		219.23	0.11%		1072.18	0.11%
43780.0	ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
43790.0	MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL	\$	56.24 3488.26	0.03% 1.89%	\$	265.95 16420.43	0.02%
43810.0	TRANSFER IN FROM OTHER DEPTS.		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%
43910.0	DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT		-24137.00	13.14%		-120287.07	
43920.0	OVERHEAD APPLIED		-6025.36	3.28%		-27851.31	3.05%
43990.0	CREDITS DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT OVERHEAD APPLIED EST. O'HEAD (OVER)UNDER ABSORBD TOTAL		0.00	0.00%	_	0.00	0.00% 16.24%
			-30162.36	16.42%	\$	-148138.38	
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT EXPENSES		70990.47	38.65%	\$	339371.53	37.21%
	NON-OPERATING (INCOME)EXPENSE					0.00	0.00
44100.0	(GAIN)LOSS ON PROP./EQUIP. SALE		0.00	0.00% 0.51%		0.00 5260.33	0.00% 0.57%
44200.0	NON-OPERATING (INCOME)EXPENSE (GAIN)LOSS ON PROP./EQUIP. SALE INTEREST (INCOME)EXPENSE TOTAL	\$	945.25 945.25	0.51%	\$	5260.33	0.57%
	ESTIMATED INCOME TAXES						
45100.0	FEDERAL		16624.50	9.05%		82939.73	9.09%
45200.0	FEDERAL STATE TOTAL	\$	3324.90 19949.40	1.81%	\$	16587.95 99527.68	1.81%
						055045 05	104 008
1	TOTAL EXPENSE	\$	197347.81	107.45%	\$	956846.06	104.93%

Report 4-4. Monthly Income Statement (Page 4 of 4)

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS MONTHLY INCOME STATEMENT		
ACCOUNT NAME	THIS MONTH	PCT	YTD BAL PCT
DEBIT TOTAL CREDIT TOTAL	242113.62 235413.39		1177397.02 1163852.42
RETAINED EARNINGS	-6700.23		-13544.60

Report 4-5. Monthly Balance Sheet (Page 1 of 4)

		IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS MONTHLY BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH			
	ASSETS				
	CURRENT ASSETS				
11110.0	CASH REVENUE BANK PETTY CASH REVENUE BANK	\$	20235.25 40.00 \$	20275.25	
11412.0 11414.0 11419.0 11420.0 11490.0	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIV CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS TOTAL EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TOTAL	1500.00	99412.80 1030.00 0.00	100442.80	
11610.0 11620.0 11630.0	INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST RAW MATERIALS OTHER INVENTORY TOTAL		266195.00 929.13 0.00	267124 . 13	
11810.0 11820.0 11890.0	PREPAID EXPENSE PREPAID INSURANCE PREPAID TAXES OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES TOTAL		877.24 0.00 63.50	940.74	
11910.0 11920.0 11942.0 11944.0 11946.0 11948.0	CONSULTING CONTRACTS-IN-PROCESS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICE FREIGHT - IN TRAVEL	513.75 86.19 22.07 143.33	5400.00 2700.00		
11990.0	TOTAL CREDITS TOTAL	\$	765.34 -1000.00 \$	7865.34	
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$	396648.26	

Report 4-5. Monthly Balance Sheet (Page 2 of 4)

		IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS MONTHLY BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 2
ACCOUNT	наме	THIS MONTH			
13010.0 13020.0 13042.0 13044.0 13046.0	DEFERRED PRODUCTION COSTS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICES FREIGHT - IN	\$ 6770.00 25000.00 0.00	300000.00 36000.00		
13990.0	TOTAL CREDITS TOTAL	\$	31770.00 0.00 \$	367770.00	
	PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT				
15110.0 15120.0 15130.0	COST  MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FIXTURES LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS TOTAL		350000.00 30000.00 2000.00	382000.00	
15800.0	CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS			0.00	
15910.0 15920.0 15930.0	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT FURNITURE AND FIXTURES LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS TOTAL		-100000.00 -13333.00 -571.00	-113904.00	
	TOTAL PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT		\$	268096.00	
т	DTAL ASSETS		\$	1032514.26	

Report 4-5. Monthly Balance Sheet (Page 3 of 4)

	i	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS MONTHLY BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 3
ACCOUNT	NAME	HTMOM BIHT			
	LIABILITIE STOCKHOLDERS'				
	CURRENT LIABILITIES				
21100.0 21200.0 21300.0 21400.0	NOTES PAYABLE CURRENT MATUR. ON L-T DEBT VOUCHERS PAYABLE SALES TAX PAYABLE		\$	180000.00 0.00 95467.85 3221.00	
21510.0 21520.0	INCOME TAX PAYABLE FEDERAL STATE TOTAL		0.00 0.00 \$	0.00	
21610.0 21620.0 21630.0 21640.0 21650.0 21660.0	PAYROLL TAXES PAYABLE FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING FICA FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING SDI STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX TOTAL		16250.00 3915.24 783.13 2659.94 652.35 1495.57	25756.23	
21710.0 21720.0 21730.0 21730.0	ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYROLL VACATION PROPERTY TAXES OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES TOTAL		0.00 12480.00 1400.00 0.00	13880.00	
21810.0 21820.0 21830.0	UNEARNED INCOME CUSTOMER OVERPAYMENTS UNIDENTIFIED CUSTOMER RECEIPTS			500.00 1500.00 2300.00	
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		\$	322625.08	
22100.0 22200.0	LONG TERM LIABILITIES NOTES PAYABLE DEFERRED INCOME TAXES PAYABLE TOTAL		\$	200000.00 0.00 20000.00	

Report 4-5. Monthly Balance Sheet (Page 4 of 4)

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS MONTHLY BALANCE SHEET					
ACCOUNT	NAME	THIS MONTH				
23100.0 23200.0 23900.0	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CAPITAL STOCK ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL RETAINED EARNINGS TOTAL  TOTAL  TAL LIAB. & STOCKHOLDERS' EQ.		\$ 30000.00 0.00 209889.18 \$ 509889.18			
	EBIT TOTAL REDIT TOTAL	1150446.49 1150446.49				
Р	ROOF	0.00				

Report 4-6. Quarterly Income Statement (Page 1 of 4)

		IMPRESSIVE PR QUARTERLY INCOME			A	DATE PAGE	E 05/31/78
ACCOUNT	NAME		QUARTER	PCT		YTD BAL	PCT
	INCOME						
31110.0 31190.0	SALE OF GOODS FINISHED GOODS SALES RETURNS & ALLOWANCES TOTAL	<b>\$</b>	394350.04 -28184.66 366165.38	7.69%	\$	979368.32 -67502.26 911866.06	7.40%
31210.0	CONSULTING FEES		8910.00	2.43%		22007.70	2.41%
31310.0 31320.0	ROYALTIES INCOME PATENT ROYALTIES CONSULTING ROYALTIES TOTAL	\$	0.00 700.00 700.00	0.00% 0.19% 0.19%	\$	0.00 1750.00 1750.00	0.00% 0.19% 0.19%
31510.0 31590.0	OTHER INCOME COLLECTION OF BAD DEBTS MISCELLANEOUS INCOME TOTAL	\$	4604.25 0.00 4604.25	1.25% 0.00% 1.25%	\$	12588.02 0.00 12588.02	1.38% 0.00% 1.38%
T1	DTAL INCOME	\$	380379.63	103.88%	\$	948211.78	103.98%
•	EXPENSES						
41100.0 41200.0 41300.0 41900.0	COST OF INCOME COST OF SALE OF GOODS COST OF CONSULTING FEES ROYALTY PAYMENTS VARIANCE EXPENSE TOTAL	\$	127400.00 0.00 18360.00 0.00 145760.00	0.00% 5.01% 0.00%	\$	310856.00 0.00 45900.00 0.00 356756.00	0.00% 5.03% 0.00%
42010.0 42020.0	DEVELOPMENT PROJECT EXPENSES DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS		48201.59 12032.64			120287.07 30027.45	3.29%
42044.0 42046.0 42048.0	DITECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICES FREIGHT - IN TRAVEL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL DEVELOPMENT PROJ. EXPENSE	\$ \$	2000.00 14.30 240.68 2254.98 62489.21	0.54% 0.00% 0.06% 0.61%	\$ \$-	5000.00 14.30 601.70 5616.00 155930.52	0.54% 0.00% 0.06% 0.61%

Report 4-6. Quarterly Income Statement (Page 2 of 4)

		ESSIVE PRI	DDUCTS STATEMENT			DATE PAGE	05/31/78 2
ACCOUNT	NAME		GUARTER	PCT		YTD BAL	PCT
	DEPARTMENT EXPENSES						
43110.0 43120.0 43130.0 43140.0 43150.0 43160.0 43170.0 43190.0	SALARIES, WAGES, & BENEFITS DIRECT LABOR INDIRECT LABOR OVERTIME PREMIUM HOLIDAY-VACATION-SICK LEAVE JURY DUTY & OTHER LEAVE PAYROLL TÂXES BONUS OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS	\$	129852.03 0.00 692.74 925.64 0.00 8577.59 0.00 5137.59	35.46% 0.00% 0.18% 0.25% 0.00% 2.34% 0.00% 1.40% 39.65%	\$ \$	324045.74 0.00 1728.73 2341.87 752.36 21405.38 0.00 12689.85 362963.93	0.00% 0.18% 0.25% 0.08% 2.34% 0.00% 1.39%
43210.0 43220.0 43230.0 43290.0	MATERIALS & SUPPLIES COMPUTER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES RAW MATERIALS & SUPPLIES STATIONARY-MATR'LS AND SUPPLIES OTHER MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES TOTAL		1216.91 2271.98 1365.11 1113.39 5967.39	0.33% 0.62% 0.37% 0.30% 1.62%	\$	2969.26 5679.95 3371.82 2699.97 14721.00	0.32% 0.62% 0.36% 0.29% 1.61%
43310.0 43320.0 43330.0 43340.0 43350.0 43360.0 43370.0 43390.0	FACILITIES & EQUIPMENT RENT - OFFICE SPACE EQUIPMENT LEASES DEPRECIATION EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE JANITORIAL SERVICE UTILITIES AUTO EXPENSE EQUIPMENT RENTAL TOTAL	\$	4600.00 8731.58 1078.97 111.94 1000.00 1065.85 930.08 787.08	1.25% 2.38% 0.29% 0.03% 0.27% 0.27% 0.25% 0.21% 4.99%	\$	11500.00 21828.95 2535.58 268.10 2500.00 2656.63 2248.47 1849.64 45387.37	1.26% 2.39% 0.27% 0.02% 0.27% 0.29% 0.24% 0.20% 4.97%
43410.0 43420.0 43430.0 43440.0 43490.0	OUTSIDE SERVICES PROFESSIONAL SERVICES - LEGAL PROF. SERVICES - CONSULTING EMPLOYMENT SERVICE CREDIT & COLLECTION SERVICE OTHER OUTSIDE SERVICES TOTAL		4088.71 820.00 2440.22 68.37 192.04 7609.34	1.11% 0.22% 0.66% 0.01% 0.05% 2.07%	\$	9608.47 2111.50 2440.22 186.31 471.46 14817.96	1.05% 0.23% 0.26% 0.02% 0.05% 1.62%
43510.0 43521.0 43529.0	ADVERTISING PERIODICALS TRADE SHOWS SHOWS - TRAVEL SHOWS - OTHER TOTAL	\$	9820.64 445.09 758.71 1203.80	2.68% 0.12% 0.20% 0.32%	\$	24551.60 445.09 758.71 1203.80	2.69% 0.04% 0.08% 0.13%

Report 4-6. Quarterly Income Statement (Page 3 of 4)

	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS GUARTERLY INCOME STATEMENT							
ACCOUNT	NAME		QUARTER	PCT		YTD BAL	PCT	
43530.0	DIRECT MAILINGS - SAMPLES BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS OTHER ADVERTISING TOTAL ADVERTISING	\$	516.36	0.14%	\$	1337.37	0.14%	
43540.0	BROCHURE PRINTING AND MAILING		331.41	0.09%		833.50	0.09%	
43560.0	OUTSIDE PREP. WORK ON ADS		86.72	0.02%		214.20	0.02%	
43590.0	OTHER ADVERTISING	_	0.00	0.00%	_	0.00	0.00%	
			11958.93	3.26%	\$	28140.47	3.08%	
	ORDER & SHIPPING EXPENSES SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING POSTAGE TOTAL							
43610.0	SHIPPING EXPENSE - OUTGOING		1334.51	0.36%		3328.27	0.36%	
43620.0	ORDER/SHIPPING FORMS PRINTING		53.60	0.01%		134.00	0.01%	
43630.0	POSTAGE		639.36	0.17%		1596.48	0.17%	
	TOTAL.	\$	2027.47	0.55%	\$	5058.75	0.55%	
	OTHER EXPENSES							
43710.0	OTHER EXPENSES TAXES-LICENSES-FEES INSURANCE TRAYEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP.		258.47	0.07%		258.47	0.02%	
43720.0	INSURANCE		1118.36	0.30%		2712.02	0.29%	
43730.0	TRAVEL & EMPLOYEE BUSINESS EXP.		374.75	0.10%		925.63	0.10%	
43740.0	COMMONICATIONS		3260.53	0.89%		8131.76	0.89%	
43750.0 43760.0	DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS		982.80	0.26%		2604.42	0.28%	
43770.0	DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS OTHER FREIGHT - IN		180.00 434.08	0.04%		450.00 1072.18	0.04%	
43780.0	ALLOW'L CUSTOMER UNDERPAYMENT		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%	
43790.0	MISCELLANEOUS		109.67	0.02%		265.95	0.02%	
	TOTAL	\$	6718.66	1.83%	\$	16420.43	1.80%	
43810.0	TRANSFER IN FROM OTHER DEPTS.		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%	
	CREDITS							
43910.0	DIRECT LABOR TRANSFERRED OUT		-48201.59			-120287.07		
43920.0	OVERHEAD APPLIED		-11628.94	3.17%		-27851.31	3.05%	
43990.0	EST. O'HEAD (OVER)UNDER ABSORBD	•	0.00	0.00%	_	0.00	0.00%	
	TOTAL	*	-59830.53	16.33%	\$	-148138.38	16.24%	
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT EXPENSES	\$	137942.35	37.67%	\$	339371.53	37.21%	
	NON-OPERATING (INCOME)EXPENDE							
44100.0	(GAIN)LOSS ON PROP./EQUIP. SALE		0.00	0.00%		0.00	0.00%	
44200.0	INTEREST (INCOME)EXPENSE		1985.03	0.54%		5260.33	0.57%	
	TOTAL	\$	1985.03	0.54%	\$	5260.33	0.57%	
	EBTIMATED INCOME TAXES							
45100.0	FEDERAL		33215.75	9.07%		82939.73	9.09%	
45200.0	STATE		6643.15	1.81%		16587.95	1.81%	
	TOTAL	\$	39858.90	10.88%	\$	99527.68	10.91%	
	TOTAL EXPENSE	\$	388035.49		\$	956846.06		

Report 4-6. Quarterly Income Statement (Page 4 of 4)

05/31/76	DATE PAGE	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS QUARTERLY INCOME STATEMENT			
PCT	YTD BAL	PCT	QUARTER	NAME	ACCOUNT
	1177397.02 1163852.42		480961.00 468394.82	BIT TOTAL EDIT TOTAL	
	-13544.60		-12566.18	TAINED EARNINGS	RETA
	20317700				

Report 4-7. Quarterly Balance Sheet — 1st Previous Quarter (Page 1 of 4)

		/E PRODUCTS BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 1
	PREVIOUS	QUARTER 1			
ACCOUNT	NAME		GUARTER		
	ASSETS				
	CURRENT ASSETS				
11110.0 11150.0	CASH REVENUE BANK PETTY CASH REVENUE BANK	\$	29455.26 152.15 \$	29607.41	
11412.0 11414.0 11419.0 11420.0 11490.0	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS TOTAL EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TOTAL	107331.18 1500.00 -2900.67 \$	105930.51 1857.60 0.00	107788.11	
11610.0 11620.0 11630.0	INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST) RAW MATERIALS OTHER INVENTORY TOTAL		383795.00 1050.87 0.00	384845.87	
11810.0 11820.0 11890.0	PREPAID EXPENSE PREPAID INSURANCE PREPAID TAXES OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES TOTAL		0.00 3507.86 0.00	3507.86	
11910.0 11920.0 11942.0 11944.0 11946.0 11948.0	CONSULTING CONTRACTS-IN-PROCESS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICE FREIGHT - IN TRAVEL	189.50 0.00 79.12 143.33	5400.00 2700.00 411.95 0.00		
11990.0	CREDITS TOTAL		\$	8511.95	
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$	534261.20	

Report 4-7. Quarterly Balance Sheet — 1st Previous Quarter (Page 2 of 4)

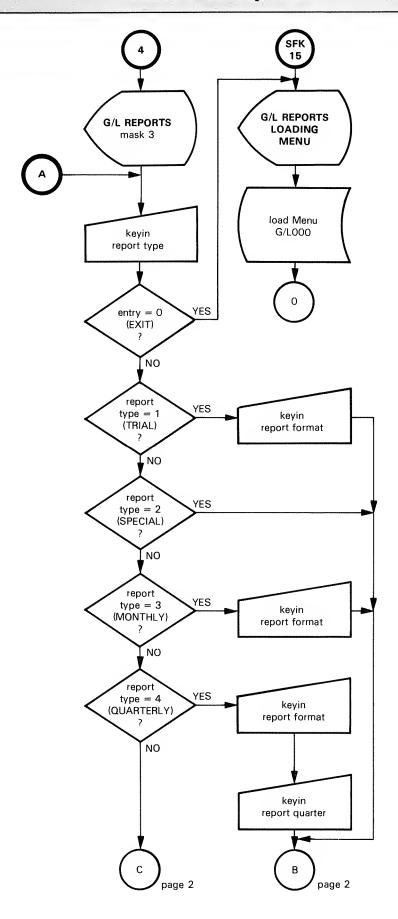
		IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS GUARTERLY BALANCE SHEET			DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 2
		PREVIOUS GUARTER 1			
ACCOUNT	NAME		GUARTER		
13010.0 13020.0 13042.0 13044.0 13046.0	DEFERRED PRODUCTION COSTS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES DIRECT MATERIALS OUTSIDE SERVICES FREIGHT - IN TOTAL CREDITS	7000.00 12500.00 51.25 \$	295000.00 35400.00 19551.25 -546.00	349405.25	•
15110.0 15120.0 15130.0	PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT  COST  MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FIXTURES LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS TOTAL		245899.55 30000.00 0.00	275899.55	
15800.0	CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			0.00	
15910.0 15920.0 15930.0	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT FURNITURE AND FIXTURES LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS TOTAL		-93333.00 -12121.00 0.00	-105454.00	
	TOTAL PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT		\$	170445.55	
т	OTAL ASSETS		\$	1054112.00	

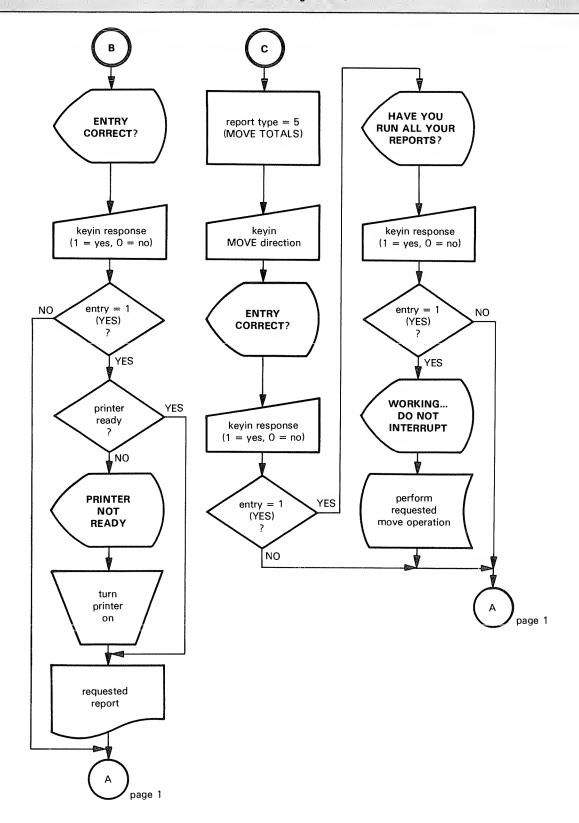
Report 4-7. Quarterly Balance Sheet — 1st Previous Quarter (Page 3 of 4)

	Gl	IMPRESSIVE PRODUCTS ARTERLY BALANCE SHEET	···		DATE 05/31/78 PAGE 3
		PREVIOUS QUARTER 1			
ACCOUNT	NAME	QUARTER	2		
	LIABILITIE: STOCKHOLDERS'!	S & EQUITY			
	CURRENT LIABILITIES				
21100.0 21200.0 21300.0 21400.0	NOTES PAYABLE CURRENT MATUR. ON L-T DEBT VOUCHERS PAYABLE SALES TAX PAYABLE		\$	168000.00 0.00 101250.65 7894.21	
21510.0 21520.0	INCOME TAX PAYABLE FEDERAL STATE TOTAL	0.00 0.00		0.00	
21610.0 21620.0 21630.0 21640.0 21650.0 21660.0	PAYROLL TAXES PAYABLE FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING FICA FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING SDI STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX TOTAL	35748.0 9542.3 1637.3 5428.9 1376.26 1954.26	1 9 9	55687.11	
21710.0 21720.0 21730.0 21790.0	ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYROLL VACATION PROPERTY TAXES OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES TOTAL	0.00 8620.00 1400.00 0.00	0	10020.00	
21810.0 21820.0 21830.0	UNEARNED INCOME CUSTOMER OVERPAYMENTS UNIDENTIFIED CUSTOMER RECEIPTS			500.00 1255.00 1950.00	
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		\$	346556.97	
22100.0 22200.0	LONG TERM LIABILITIES NOTES PAYABLE DEFERRED INCOME TAXES PAYABLE TOTAL		\$	200000.00	

Report 4-7 Quarterly Balance Sheet — 1st Previous Quarter (Page 4 of 4)

IOUS QUARTER 1		
TOOS GUARTER I		
QUARTER		
	0.00 207555.03	
\$	1054112.00	
1163012.67 1163012.67		
0.00		
	\$ \$ 1163012.67 1163012.67	\$ 300000.00 0.00 207555.03 \$ 507555.03 \$ 1054112.00







# **Account File Maintenance**



PURPOSE: Add, change or delete Account records.

WHEN: As needed.

TO EXIT: Enter an operation code of '0', or SFK15 any time.

Each General Ledger account must have a record on the Account file before any posting may be posted to it in General Ledger Update.

This program allows you to add new accounts and change, delete, or print a listing of existing Account records. As discussed in Chapter 3, you must enter an Account record not only for each regular General Ledger account, but also for each heading, title and total you have included in your chart of accounts.

The initial display appears as CRT 5-1.

# **CRT 5-1**

G/L ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE

ENTER OPERATION CODE (O=EXIT; 1=ADD; 2=CHANGE/DELETE; 3=PRINT)

x
<bul>
<br/>
bulletin><br/>
ACCOUNT<br/>
1)NAME<br/>
2)ACCOUNT TYPE
9)THIS MONTH

2) ACCOUNT TYPE 9) THIS MUNTH

3) REPORT TYPE 10) THIS YEAR

4) NORMAL BALANCE 11) THIS QTR

5) TOTAL LEVEL 12) 1ST PREV QTR

6) EXTRA LINE ADV 13) 2ND PREV QTR

7) SALES ACCOUNT 14) 3RD PREV QTR

8) SPECIAL REPORT 15) LAST YEAR

d = display only, x = enter only, z = enter or display with option to change

# SELECT OPERATION

- 1) Enter operation code (0-4).
  - 0 EXIT. Program ends. The Menu is loaded.
  - 1 ADD. Add a new Account record to the Account file Proceed to step 2.
  - 2 CHANGE/DELETE. Change or delete an existing Account record Proceed to step 4
  - 3 PRINT. Print a listing of existing G/L Account records Proceed to step 7

# **OPERATION IS ADD**

- 2) Enter account number (0-99999.9/99)
  - **b Abort ADD operation.** Select a new operation, return to step 1

**Account number - Request to add this account to the Account file.** A check is made to see if the requested account number is already on the Account file

If yes, the bulletin ALREADY ON FILE is flashed. A new account number is requested, repeat this step. If no, new account information is requested, proceed to step 3.

# 3) Enter field values as requested.

See Table 5-1 for field details. When entry is complete, you may make changes; proceed to step 5.

# **OPERATION IS CHANGE/DELETE**

- 4) Enter account number (0-99999.9/99).
  - **b** Abort CHANGE/DELETE operation. Select a new operation, return to step 1

**Account number - Request to change or delete this record.** A check is made to see if the requested account number is on the Account file

If yes, display current information You may make changes, proceed to step 5

If no, the bulletin NOT ON FILE is flashed. A new account number is requested, repeat this step

# **Change or Delete**

# ENTER FIELD TO CHANGE (99=DELETE)

- **5)** Enter field number (0-15, 99).
  - 0 No changes. Save record on Account file

If operation is ADD, return to step 2

If operation is CHANGE/DELETE, return to step 4

- 1-15 Enter field value when requested. See Table 5-1 for field details. The next change is requested, repeat this step.
- 99 Request to DELETE this Account record. Proceed to step 6

# **Verify DELETE**

# ENTER DELETE CODE

# 6) Verify DELETE operation.

**DEL - DELETE operation is effected.** This Account record is deleted The bulletin RECORD DELETED is flashed

If operation is ADD, return to step 2

If operation is CHANGE/DELETE, return to step 4

**Anything else - DELETE operation is aborted.** The same Account record remains on display, and the next change is requested, return to step 5

Table 5-1. G/L Account Fields

Field	Description
1	NAME (31 characters). Name or description of account.
2	ACCOUNT TYPE (0-3). If there is no sub-account number as part of the account number, a '0' Account Type is assigned automatically. See Table 3-E in Chapter 3 for detailed Account Type descriptions.  0 - Regular.  1 - Title.  2 - Total.  3 - Heading.
3	REPORT TYPE (1-2).  1 - Income Statement. For income and expense 2 - Balance Sheet. For assets and liabilities.
4	NORMAL BALANCE (1-2). 1 - Debit. 2 - Credit.
5	TOTAL LEVEL (0-9). Indicate position or level of inclusion when printing account totals.  Further discussion provided in Chapter 3.
6	EXTRA LINE ADVANCE (0-9).  0-8 - The number of blank lines to print between this account and the following record on the General Ledger financial reports.  9 - Printer advance paper to the top of a new page.
7	SALES ACCOUNT (0-1). Indicate whether this account should apply towards total sales.  0 - No, not a sales account.  1 - Yes, include in sales account percentages.
8	SPECIAL REPORT (0-1). Indicate whether this report should be included on the "special" report which may be printed in the Report program.  0 - No, do not include on the special report.  1 - Yes, include on the special report.
9	THIS MONTH (-999999999999999999999999999). Amount which has been posted to this account this month.
10	THIS YEAR (-9999999.99 - +99999999.99). Amount posted to this account this year.
11	THIS QUARTER (-99999999999999999999999999). Amount posted to this account this quarter.
12	FIRST PREVIOUS QUARTER (-999999999999999999999999999999999999
13	SECOND PREVIOUS QUARTER (-99999999.99 - +99999999.99). Amount posted to this account two quarters prior to current quarter.
14	THIRD PREVIOUS QUARTER (-99999999999999999999999999). Amount posted to this account three quarters prior to current quarter.
15	LAST YEAR (-9999999999 - +9999999999). Amount posted to this account last year.

# **OPERATION IS PRINT**

To prepare for this operation load standard paper into the printer, then make sure the printer is turned on and ready to print.

ENTER REPORT TYPE (0=NONE; 1=DESCRIPTIONS; 2=AMOUNTS; 3=BOTH)

# 7) Enter report type (0-3).

- **0 PRINT operation is aborted.** A new operation is requested, return to step 1
- 1 **DESCRIPTIONS.** A General Ledger Accounts report listing account descriptive fields (account fields 1-8) will be printed All account types are included A sample Descriptions report is shown in Report 5-1 When the report is completed, another report may be printed, repeat this step
- 2 AMOUNTS. A General Ledger Accounts report listing account amount fields (account fields 9-15) will be printed Only regular type accounts (account type 0) are included. A sample Amounts report is shown in Report 5-2 When the report is completed, another report may be printed, repeat this step
- **3 BOTH.** A General Ledger Accounts report including both descriptive and amount fields will be printed. All account types are included, but amounts are printed only for regular type accounts (account type 0). A sample of this type of report is shown in Report 5-3. When the report is completed, another report may be printed, repeat this step.

Report 5-1. General Ledger Accounts ("Descriptions")

	GENE	IPRESSIVE PR RAL LEDGER	ACCOUNTS				DATE 05/31/ PAGE 1
CCOUNT NAME  00000.0 ASSETS 10000.0 CURRENT ASSETS 11000.0 CASH 11100.0 CASH 11110.0 REVENUE BANK 11500.0 PETTY CASH 11990.0 REVENUE BANK 14000.0 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 14110.0 TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 14110.0 FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE 14110.0 FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE 14110.0 CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE 14110.0 TOTAL 14200.0 EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES 14900.0 OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 14900.0 TOTAL 16000.0 INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS 16100.0 FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST) 16200.0 THER INVENTORY 16300.0 OTHER INVENTORY 16300.0 OTHER INVENTORY 1699.0 TOTAL 18000.0 PREPAID EXPENSE 1810.0 PREPAID INSURANCE 18200.0 PREPAID TAXES 18900.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 18900.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 18900.0 CONSULTING 19000.0 CONSULTING 19000.0 CONTRACTS—IN—PROCESS 19110.0 DIRECT LABOR 19200.0 DVERHEAD 19400.0 TOTAL 1940.0 TOTAL 1940.0 TOTAL 1940.0 TRAVEL 1941.0 DIRECT MATERIALS 1944.0 OUTSIDE SERVICE 1946.0 FREIGHT - IN 1948.0 TRAVEL 1949.0 TOTAL 1999.0 TOTAL							
0000.0 ASSETS	SUB SO	TITLE	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 8	5 LINES	SPECIAL RE
1000.0 CURRENT ASSETS	SUB SO	HEADING	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 6	1 LINES	
1100.0 CASH	SUB SO	HEADING	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL S	1 LINES	
1110.0 REVENUE BANK		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
1150.0 PETTY CASH		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 5		SPECIAL RE
1199.0 REVENUE BANK	SUB 50	TOTAL	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL S	1 LINES	
1400.0 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	SUB SU	HEADING	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL S		SPECIAL RE
1410.0 TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	SUB SO	HEADING	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 2		DDEGTAL DE
1412.0 FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
1414.0 CUNSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE
1419.0 ALLUW FUR DUUBIFUL ACCUUNIS	CUD CO	REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	CK	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
1419.0 TUTAL	508 50	DECLINAD	BALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
1420.0 EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	שמ	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
450.0 DIMER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	CI ID I C	REGULAR	DALANCE SHEET	שמ	LEVEL E	1 LINES	SPECIAL RE
600 0 THUCHTODY ETHICHED COORD	SOB SO	HEADTHE	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL 5	I CINES	SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE
610 0 FINITURY - FINISHED GOODS	200 20	DEWNING	BALANCE SHEET	מת סע	LEVEL 3		EDECTAL DE
COO O DAN MATERIALS		REGULAR DECLI AD	DALANCE CHEET	פע	LEVEL E		SPECIAL RE
COLO CATUED INVENTADA		REGULAR DECULAR	BALANCE SHEET	פע	LEVEL E		SPECIAL RE
630.0 DIREK INVENIURY	CLID CO	TOTAL	BALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL E	1 LINES	SPECIAL RE
033.0 IDIAL	SUB SU	UEARTHO	BALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL S	I LINES	
010 0 DEDATA TACABANCE	205 20	HENDING	DALANCE SHEET	פת	LEVEL 3		COECTAL DE
830 0 PREPAID INSURANCE		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
OBO O PREPAID TAKES		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
1000 0 TOTAL	CI ID . CO	TOTAL	DALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL E	1 LINES	SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE
1000 O CONCULTING	SUB SU	UEADING	BALANCE SHEET	סט	LEVEL 5	I LINES	
1900.0 CONTRACTS IN PROCESS	SUB SU	HEADING	DALANCE SHEET	שמ	LEVEL S		
1900.0 CUNTRACTS-IN-PROCESS	208 21	HEADTING	BALANCE SHEET	DB	LEVEL S		COECTAL DE
.910.0 DIRECT LABOR		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
940.0 UVERHEAD	CUD CO	REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL RE
940.0 DINER DIRECT CHARGES	50B 50	HEADING	BALANCE SHEET	שמ	LEVEL 2		COTOTAL DE
942.0 DIRECT MATERIALS		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	มห	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
344.0 UUTSIDE SERVICE		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מע	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
346.0 FREIGHT - IN		REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
DAR O TOTAL	C1 ID C0	REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	סע	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
949.0 IUIAL	508 50	DECULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DB	FEAEL 5		COECTAL DE
DOD O TOTAL	CUD 40	TOTAL	DALANCE CUEET	CK	LEVEL 2	1 I THEC	SLECTAL KE
DDD A TOTAL CURRENT ACCETS	508 40	TOTAL	BALANCE SHEET	מת	LEVEL S	I LINES	
222.V IUIAL CURRENI ABBEID	208 20	HEADING	DALANCE CHEET	מת	LEVEL 6	IUF/PAGE	
OVO'N DELEKKED LKODOCITON CO212	305 30	UCWDTUG	DALANCE CHEET	מת מת	LEVEL D		CDECTAL DE
ODO O DAEDHEVD		REGULAR	BALANCE CHEET	מת	LEVEL E		SECTAL RE
DUEVIV UVERMENU DOMO O DIUED DIDECT CHADCEC	CUD CO	MEGULAR MEGULAR	DALANCE CUTET	מת מת	LEVEL E		SECTAL KE
DOTO O DIDECT MATERIALS	3UB 50	DECIT VB	DALANCE CHEET	מת	LEVEL 2		COECTAL DE
DOWN O DITCIDE PEDVICES		REGULAR	BALANCE CUTET	מת מת	LEVEL O		DECIME RE
NOAC O EDETCHE SERVICES		REGULAR	DALANCE CLIEFT	DE	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
3040.0 FREIGHI - IN	CUD CO	KEGULAK	BALANCE SHEET	חם	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL RE
3000 0 CDEDITO	50B 50	DECULAR	BALANCE SHEET	DR.	LEVEL 2		COECIAL DE
3990.0 CKEDIIS	CID CO	REGULAR	BALANCE SHEET	UK	LEVEL 2	O LINES	SPECIAL RE
SOON O DECEMENT . FOUTENEST	SUB 50	IUIAL	BALANCE SHEET	שמ	LEVEL 6	E LINES	SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE SPECIAL RE
3000'0 LUMBERIA 0' EGOTEBEUI	ವರದ ವರ	DENDTIAR	DALANCE SHEET	DB	FEACE P	T FTHES	

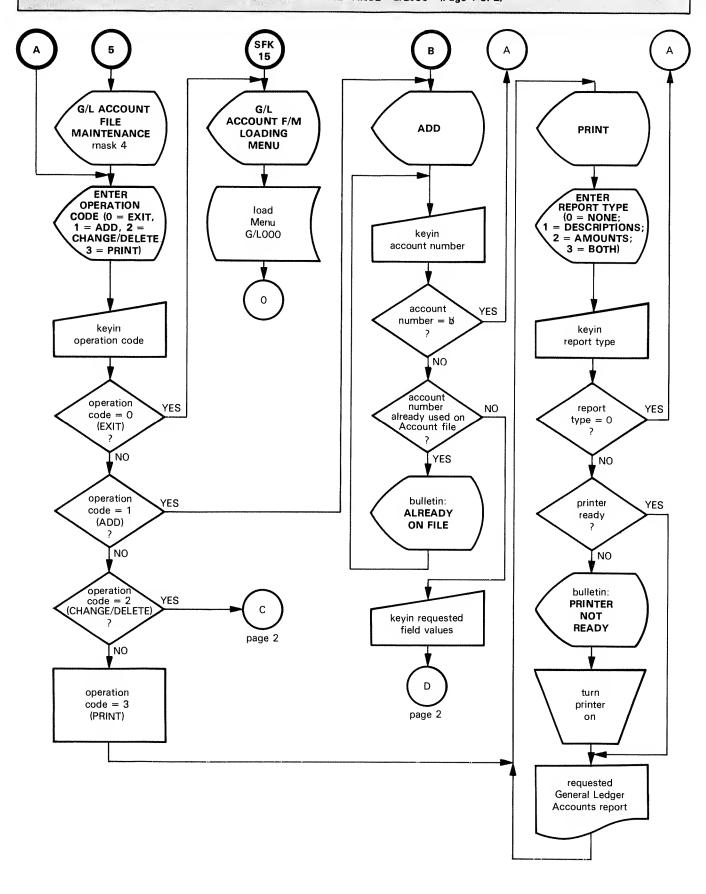
Report 5-2. General Ledger Accounts ("Amounts")

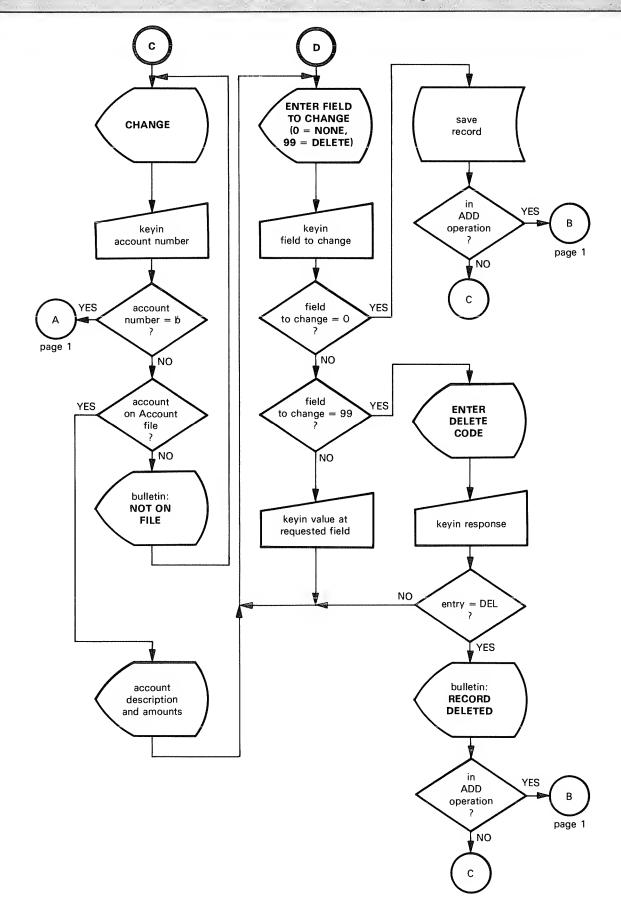
	IMPRESSIVE					DATE 05/31	.778
	GENERAL LEDG	ER ACCOUNTS				PAGE 1	
ACCOUNT NAME  11110.0 REVENUE BANK 11150.0 PETTY CASH 11414.0 CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE 11414.0 CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE 11419.0 ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS 11420.0 EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLE 11490.0 OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 11620.0 RAW MATERIALS 11630.0 OTHER INVENTORY 11810.0 PREPAID INSURANCE 11890.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 11890.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 11890.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 11990.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 11990.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES 11994.0 OUTSIDE SERVICE 11946.0 FREIGHT - IN 11948.0 TRAVEL 11994.0 CREDITS 13010.0 DIRECT LABOR 13020.0 OVERHEAD 13044.0 OUTSIDE SERVICE 11994.0 FREIGHT - IN 11998.0 TRAVEL 11990.0 CREDITS 13010.0 DIRECT MATERIALS 13044.0 OUTSIDE SERVICES 13044.0 OUTSIDE SERVICES 15910.0 FREIGHT - IN 15120.0 FURNITURE & FIXTURES 15110.0 MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT 15120.0 FURNITURE & FIXTURES 15910.0 CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS 15910.0 MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT 15920.0 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES 15930.0 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 15930.0 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 15930.0 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 15930.0 CURRENT MATUR. ON L-T DEBT 11900.0 SALES TAX PAYABLE 11500.0 FICERAL 11500.0 FEDERAL 11500.0 FICERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX 11500.0 FICERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX 11500.0 FEDERAL 11500.0 STATE 11500.0 FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAX 11500.0 PROPERTY TAXES 11700.0 VACATION 11730.0 PROPERTY TAXES	THIS MO	THIS YEAR	THIS QTR	PREV QTR-1	PREV QTR-2	PREV GTR-3	LAST YEAR
11110.0 REVENUE BANK	20235.25	20235.25	20235.25	29455.26	32400.78	35640.86	32400.78
11150.0 PETTY CASH	40.00	40.00	40.00	152.15	167.36	184.10	167.36
11412.0 FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE	100941.03	100941.03	100941.03	107331.18	118064.29	129870.72	118064.29
11414.0 CONSULTING FEES RECEIVABLE	1500.00	1500.00	1500.00	1500.00	1650.00	1815.00	1650.00
11419.0 ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS	3028.23	3028.23	3028.23	2900.67	3190.73	3509.81	3190.73
11420.0 EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES	1030.00	1030.00	1030.00	1857.60	2043.36	2247.69	2043.36
11490.0 OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(1610.0 FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST)	266195.00	266195.00	266195.00	383795.00	422174.50	464391.95	422174.50
11620.0 RAW MATERIALS	929.13	929.13	929.13	1050.87	1155.95	1271.55	1155.99
11630.0 OTHER INVENTORY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11810.0 PREPAID INSURANCE	877.24	877.24	877.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11820.0 PREPAID TAXES	0.00	0.00	0.00	3507.86	3858.64	4244.51	3858.64
11890.0 OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES	63.50	63.50	63.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11910.0 DIRECT LABOR	5400.00	5400.00	5400.00	5400.00	5940.00	6534.00	5940.00
11920.0 OVERHEAD	2700.00	2700.00	2700.00	2700.00	2970.00	3267.00	2970.00
11942.0 DIRECT MATERIALS	513.75	513.75	513.75	189.50	208.45	229.29	208.45
11944.0 DUTSIDE SERVICE	86.19	86.19	86.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11946.0 FREIGHT - IN	22.07	22.07	22.07	79.12	87.03	95.73	87.03
11948.0 TRAVEL	143.33	143.33	143.33	143.33	157.66	173.42	157.66
11990.0 CREDIT5	1000.00	1000.00	1000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13010.0 DIRECT LABOR	300000.00	00.0000E	300000.00	295000.00	324500.00	356950.00	324500.00
13020.0 OVERHEAD	36000.00	36000.00	36000.00	35400.00	38940.00	42834.00	38940.00
13042.0 DIRECT MATERIALS	6770.00	6770.00	6770.00	7000.00	7700.00	8470.00	7700.00
13044.0 OUTSIDE SERVICES	25000.00	25000.00	25000.00	12500.00	13750.00	15125.00	13750.00
13046.0 FREIGHT - IN	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.25	56.37	62.01	56.37
13990.0 CREDITS	0.00	0.00	0.00	546.00	600.60	660.66	600.60
15110.0 MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	350000.00	350000.00	350000.00	245899.55	270489.50	297538.45	270489.50
15120.0 FURNITURE & FIXTURES	30000.00	30000.00	30000.00	30000.00	33000.00	36300.00	33000.00
15130.0 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	2000.00	5000.00	2000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15800.0 CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROCESS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15910.0 MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	100000.00	100000.00	100000.00	93333.00	102666.30	112932.93	102666.30
15920.0 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	13333.00	13333.00	13333.00	12121.00	13333.10	14666.41	13333.10
15930.0 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	5/1.00	571.00	571.00	0.00	0.00	203280.00	184800.00
21100.0 NUTES PAYABLE	180000.00	180000.00	180000.00	168000.00	184800.00	0.00	0.00
21200.0 CURRENT MATUR. UN L-T DEBT	0.00	0.00 95467.85	95467.85	101250.65	111375.71	122513.28	111375.71
21300.0 VUUCHERS PAYABLE	95467.85	3221.00	3221.00	7894.21	8683.63	9551.99	8683.63
11400.0 SALES TAX PAYABLE	3551.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELDIO.O FEDERAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TIDEU.U DIMIE	0.00	16250.00	16250.00	35748.00	39322.80	43255.08	39322.80
TIGIO.O FEDERAL INCUME INV MINUMENTAGE	10530.00	3915.24	3915.24	9542.31	10496.54	11546.19	10496.54
SIGEO.O FEDERAL HIMEMBLOVMENT TAY	2212124	783.13	783.13	1637.29	1801.01	1981.12	1801.01
PISAN N STATE INCOME TAY WITHHOUTH	2559 94	2659.94	2659.94	5428.99	5971.88	6569.07	5971.86
SIECU U CDI	652.34	652.35	652.35	1376.26	1513.88	1665.27	1513.88
PISSO O STATE UNEMBURYMENT TAY	1495.57	1495.57	1495.57	1954.26	2149.68	2364.65	2149.68
21710 0 PAVPOIL	1422.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21720.0 VACATION	12480.00	12480.00	12480.00	8620.00	9482.00	10430.20	9482.00
/_ U : U : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	12.700.00			1400.00	1540.00		
PITAO.O PROPERTY TAXES	1400.00	1400.00	1400.00	1400.00	1540.00	1694.00	1540.00

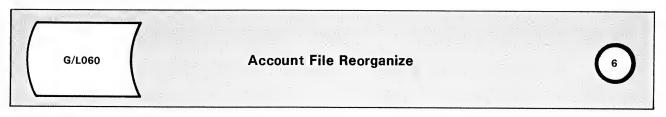
Report 5-3. General Ledger Accounts ("Both")

		GE	IMPRE NERAL	SSIVE LEDGE	PRODUCTS R ACCOUNTS					DATE 05/ PAGE 1	31 /78	
ACCOUNT	NAME  ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS CASH REVENUE BANK PETTY CASH REVENUE BANK ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE FINISHED GOODS SALES RECEIVABLE ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS TOTAL EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLE OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST) RAW MATERIALS OTHER INVENTORY TOTAL PREPAID EXPENSE PREPAID INSURANCE PREPAID TAXES OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES TOTAL CONSULTING CONTRACTS-IN-PROCESS DIRECT LABOR OVERHEAD OTHER DIRECT CHARGES OTHER DIRECT CHARGES OTHER DIRECT CHARGES OTHER DIRECT CHARGES OUTSIDE SERVICE		THIS	MO	THIS YEAR	THIS O	TR	PREV QTR-1	PREV QTR-2	PREV QTR-3	Ļ	AST YEAR
10000.0	ASSETS	SUB S	50 TJ	ITLE	BALANCE	SHEET D	В	LEVEL 8 2 LIN	ES	SPECIAL	REPT	
11000.0	CURRENT ASSETS	SUB S	60 HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET D	В	LEVEL 6 1 LIN	IES			
11100.0	CASH	SUB 5	0 HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 5				
11110.0	REVENUE BANK		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			20239	.25	20235.25	20235.	25	29455.26	32400.78	35640.86		32400.78
11150.0	PETTY CASH		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET D	В	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			40	0.00	40.00	40.	00	152.15	167.36	184.10		167.36
11199.0	REVENUE BANK	SUB 5	60 TC	TAL	BALANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 5 1 I IN	ES			
11400.0	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	SUB S	O HE	ADING	BAL ANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 5		SPECIAL	REPT	
11410.0	TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	SUB S	O HE	ADING	BAL ANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 2		0, 202, 12	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
11412.0	EINISHED COODS SALES RECEIVABLE		PF	GULAR	BAL ANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL O		SPECTAL	REPT	
	THIS BODD BALLO REDLITABLE	1	00941	.03	100941.03	100941	กล	107331 18	118064 29	129870 72	1 1	18064 29
11414 0	CONSULTING EEES RECETVANIE	•	PE	CHAR	BAL ANCE	CHEEL D	50	I EVEL O	110007123	CDECTAL	DEDT	1000-163
11717.0	CONCOCTING TEES RECEIVABLE		1500	1 00	1500 00	1500	00	1500 00	1550 00	1015 00	KET-1	1660 00
11419 0	ALLOW FOR DOMPTELL ACCOUNTS		1300	CULAR	DAL ANCE	CHEET C	D .	LEVEL O	1030.00	COECTAL	DEDT	1030.00
11415.0	ACCOUNTER BOODIFUL ACCOUNTS		3035	9054	שטרוווטב	2022	22	2000 67	2100 72	SECTAL	KEFI	2100 77
11/110 0	TOTAL	CUD C	2022	7741	DALANCE	CHEET D	50	1 = 0 = 0	3190.73	3303.01		3190.73
11415.0	EMPLOYEE BECETUADI EC	306 3	DE	TO THE	DALANCE	CHEET D	D	LEVEL E		COECTAL	OFFI	
11460.0	EMPLOTEE RECEIVABLES		1000	COLMR	BALAIYCE	SHEET DI		LEVEL E	5045 55	SPECIAL	KEPI	
11400 0	DIVIED ACCOUNTS DESCRIVADILE		1030		1030.00	1030.	00	1857.60	2043.36	2247.69		2043.36
11490.0	DIREK ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В.	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	KEPI	
	TOTAL			7.00	0.00	0.0	00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
11499.0	TOTAL	SUB 5	0 10	II AL	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 5 1 LIN	ES			
11600.0	INVENTORY - FINISHED GOODS	SUB 5	O HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 5				
11610.0	FINISHED GOODS (AT MFG. COST)		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL S		SPECIAL	REPT	
		2	66195	.00	266195.00	266195.	00	383795.00	422174.50	464391.95	4	22174.50
11650.0	RAW MATERIALS		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL S		SPECIAL	REPT	
			929	.13	929.13	929.	13	1050.87	1155.95	1271.55		1155.95
11630.0	OTHER INVENTORY		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET D	В	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			0	0.00	0.00	0.0	00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
11699.0	TOTAL	SUB 5	0 TC	ITAL	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 5 1 LIN	ES			
11800.0	PREPAID EXPENSE	SUB 5	O HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 5				
11810.0	PREPAID INSURANCE		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			877	7.24	877.24	877.	24	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
11820.0	PREPAID TAXES		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			0	.00	0,00	0.0	00	3507.86	3858.64	4244.51		3858.64
11890.0	OTHER PREPAID EXPENSES		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 2		SPECIAL	REPT	
			63	3.50	63.50	63.	50	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
11899.0	TOTAL	SUB 5	0 TO	TAL	BALANCE	SHEET DI	В	LEVEL 5 1 I TN	ES	5.00		0.50
11900.0	CONSULTING	SUB 5	O HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET D	В	LEVEL 5				
11900.0	CONTRACTS-IN-PROCESS	SUB 5	1 HE	ADING	BALANCE	SHEET D	B	LEVEL 5				
11910.0	DIRECT LABOR		PE	GUI AP	BAI ANCE	SHEET N	R	LEVEL 2		SPECTAL	PEPT	
			5400	.00	5400.00	5400	00	5400.00	5940 .00	6534 00		5940.00
11920.0	OVERHEAD		2700	CUI AP	BAL ANCE	CHEET D	D .	LEVEL 2	2240.00	SPECIAL	PERT	22.00
	WYEN MEND		2700	000	2700 00	י אחלים	00	2700 00	2070 00	SECTAL SECTAL	KEP- I	2070 00
11940 0	STHER RIDECT CHARGES	CHE F	A UE	ADTMC	E/00.00	CUEET N	D .	E//E  5	E3/0.00	2501.00		25/0.00
11040.0	DIDER DIRECT WATERIALS	ב סטב	O HE	LUDING	DALANCE	CHEET D	D	LEVEL C		CDE C TAL	-	
11346.0	DIKECI HATEKTALD		KE	GULAK	BALANCE	SMEE! DI	B	LEVEL U		SPECIAL	KEPI	
11000	DITTELL CONTRACT		513	5./5	513.75	513.	/5	189.50	208.45	229.29		208.45
11944.0	DOISTDE REKATCE		RE	GULAR	BALANCE	SHEET D	H	LEVEL 0		SPECIAL	REPT	
				. 19	96 19	96	19	Λ ΛΛ	Λ ΛΛ	0.00		0 00

# G/L ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE G/L050 (Page 1 of 2)







PURPOSE: Recover wasted space in the G/L Account file.

WHEN: End of year, or as needed.

TO EXIT: Enter an initial response of [RETURN].

When records are "deleted" through Account File Maintenance, the space on the file is not automatically reused. This wasted space builds up over time. Reorganize is run to recover wasted space within the file. At the same time, Account records are reordered in account number order so that record accessing will be most efficient after reorganization.

The program we supply in this book merely loads the real reorganize program. Your programmer may supply you with additional instructions if he deems them necessary for running the reorganize program which he installs.

This program requires virtually no user action. You need merely tell it when to begin

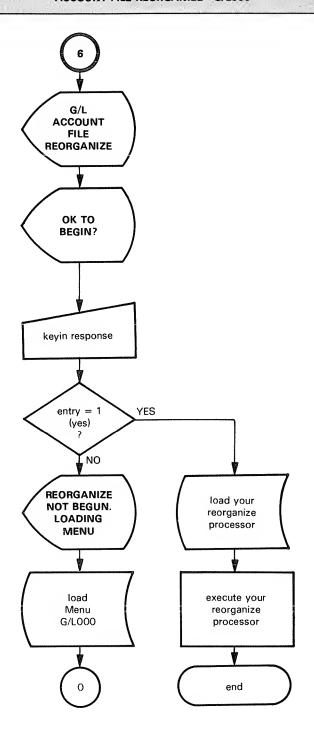
# START AND END

G/L ACCOUNT FILE REORGANIZE OK TO BEGIN?

# 1) Start reorganize? (1-0)

1 - Yes, reorganize. The reorganize processor is loaded Continue according to your programmer's instructions

Anything else - No, exit. End Program The Menu is loaded



# Chapter Five SPECIAL HARDWARE AND BASIC FEATURES

The General Ledger programs were developed and tested on a Wang Laboratories 2200B minicomputer system with 16K bytes of program memory (that does not include the BASIC interpreter), and with a disk to hold the program and data files. This chapter describes the features of the Wang system that are most likely to be different from one computer to the next. Only features that affect the General Ledger programs are included.

# CRT DISPLAY SCREEN

The Wang 2200B has a 16-row by 64-column CRT display screen, which the programs use for operator prompting and data review. If you have a smaller CRT screen on your computer system, you will have to redo the CRT layouts that do not fit your screen and rewrite the programs to use your layouts. Program changes will probably not be necessary if your CRT screen is larger, since the programs will just ignore any extra space.

The CRT cursor can be positioned anywhere on the screen prior to displaying or inputting data without affecting characters already displayed. This means it is possible to display any part of a line without having to redisplay the entire screen or even the whole line. This feature is very useful for displaying data from different records of the same file, for example. A program can clear the screen and display a mask (the labels that describe the record's fields). Then, in response to an operator entry, it can fill in the mask with the values for a specific record. Values from different records can be displayed subsequently without affecting the mask. New values for specific data fields can be entered right where the old values were displayed.

The CRT display speed is selectable. This feature is used to display flashing bulletins.

The CRT display has a standard 64-element ASCII character set of upper-case letters, digits, punctuation marks, arithmetic operators, relational operators, etc. It also recognizes the special hexadecimal codes listed in Table 5-A.

Hexadecimal Code	CRT Action
01	Cursor home (upper left corner)
03	Clear screen and cursor home
08	Cursor left one space (←)
09	Cursor right one space (→)
0A	Cursor down one line (1)
0C	Cursor up one line (†)

Table 5-A. Special CRT Hexadecimal Codes

# **KEYBOARD**

The keyboard used for manual data entry includes standard alphabetic, numeric, and punctuation keys. In addition, there are 16 special function keys (SFK's). General Ledger only uses SFK15. Pressing SFK15 during normal keyboard entry generates a hexadecimal code 0F which the program interprets as a request from the operator to return to the Menu. Instead, you could reload the Menu program whenever the keyboard generates hexadecimal code 03. Simultaneously depressing the CONTROL and C keys will generate hexadecimal 03 on many keyboards.

#### **HIGH-SPEED OUTPUT**

A 132-column printer is the standard high-speed output device for all reports. It has a standard 64-element ASCII character set of upper-case letters, digits, punctuation marks, arithmetic operators, relational operators, etc. It also uses special hexadecimal code 01 (no printed output) and OC (top of form).

If your printer has more than 132 columns, the programs will ignore the excess columns. On the other hand, a smaller printer will require changing the programs that print full width reports. You will have to redesign the reports to print a shorter line, either by deleting some information or by printing some information on extra lines.

# **NUMERICS AND NUMERIC EXPRESSIONS**

A numeric expression can be a variable, function or constant. It can also be any valid (in the conventional algebraic sense) combination of variables, functions and constants connected by arithmetic operators.

Numeric constants can be integers (signed or unsigned) or floating point numbers (signed or unsigned). They can be written using standard decimal notation, for example:

2 +2 -3.675 1234.56 -123456 -0.000001

**Numeric constants can also be written using scientific notation.** The letter E is used to indicate "times 10 to the power", as follows:

0.0001 can be written as 1E-4 100 can be written as 1E2 1000 can be written as 1E3

A numeric variable can be a letter or a letter followed by a digit. In addition to simple numeric variables, singly or doubly subscripted array variables can also be used. Numeric arrays must always be dimensioned, using a DIM statement, on a line preceding the first array reference in the program. Subscripts cannot be less than 1 nor greater than 255.

The same letter may be used to represent a simple variable and an array name in the same program. Thus, A and A(1) can both be used in the same program; they are independent and unrelated variables. Singly and doubly subscripted arrays may not share the same name, however. All simple numeric variables and each element of a numeric array are automatically set to zero before program execution.

The precedence rules for evaluating numeric expressions are:

- 1) Evaluate expressions enclosed in parentheses
- 2) Exponentiate
- 3) Multiply or Divide
- 4) Add or Subtract

#### **ALPHANUMERICS (STRINGS)**

Alphanumeric variables are named with either a letter followed by a dollar sign, or with a letter followed by a digit followed by a dollar sign. Singly and doubly subscripted alphanumeric arrays can also be used, and are named the same way as simple alphanumeric variables. A simple variable and an array can have the same name in the same program. Thus, A\$ and A\$(1) can both be used in the same program; they are independent and unrelated variables. Singly and doubly subscripted arrays cannot have the same name.

The maximum length of a simple alphanumeric variable can be defined in a DIM statement, and must be between 1 and 64. Undimensioned variables default to a maximum length of 16 characters. A variable's length must be dimensioned on a line that precedes its first reference in a program, or the default length will be used.

**Singly and doubly subscripted alphanumeric arrays are also dimensioned using the DIM statement.** Each subscript must be between 1 and 255. Array element maximum length may also be specified (all elements have the same maximum length: between 1 and 64 characters). If the element length is not specified, it defaults to 16 characters.

Following is an example of alphanumeric variable and array dimensioning:

100 DIM A\$,A1\$3,A2\$40,A\$(5),B\$(5,2)6,B1\$(3,3)

A\$ is a simple alphanumeric variable with a maximum length of 16 characters. A1\$ is a simple alphanumeric variable with a maximum length of 3, A2\$ is a simple alphanumeric variable with a maximum length of 40, A\$() is an alphanumeric array with 5 elements, each having a length of 16, B\$() is a doubly subscripted alphanumeric array with 10 total elements, each having a length of 6, and B1\$() is a doubly subscripted alphanumeric array with a total of 9 elements, each having a length of 16.

During program execution, simple aphanumeric variables and alphanumeric array elements (collectively termed "string variables" in the following paragraphs) may be assigned values shorter than their maximum length. If this happens, trailing blanks are automatically added to fill out the variable. Trailing blanks are not considered to be part of string values. String variables are assigned the value of one blank before program execution begins.

There are three built-in alphanumeric functions which may be implemented differently in other versions of BASIC:

- 1) **STR (string variable, expression [,expression])** causes a substring of the specified string variable to be used. The substring starting character is denoted by the first expression, and its length is given (optionally) by the second expression. If no length is specified, the remainder of the string is used (up to, but not including any trailing blanks). When the STR function is used in a LET statement, characters are transferred as illustrated in Table 5-B.
- 2) **LEN (string variable)** determines the number of characters in the specified variable, excluding trailing blanks. For example, if A\$ = "AB C", then LEN (A\$) = 4.
- 3) **HEX (hexadecimal number)** generates the character specified by the hexadecimal digits. For example, PRINT HEX (41422043) will print AB C.

DIM A\$13,B\$13 A\$ = "1234567890B\$ = "ABCDEFGHIJ LET statement Value of A\$ A\$ = B\$"ABCDEFGHIJ STR(A\$,2) = B\$"1ABCDEFGHIJ STR(A\$, 2, 2) = B\$"1AB4567890 A\$ = STR(B\$,2)"BCDEFGHIJ STR(A\$,2) = STR(B\$,2)"1BCDEFGHIJ STR(A\$, 2, 2) = STR(B\$, 2, 2)"1BC4567890 A\$ = STR(B\$, 2, 3)"BCD STR(A\$,2) = STR(B\$,2,3)"1BCD567890 ., STR(A\$,2,2) = STR(B\$,2,3)"1BC4567890

"1B34567890

STR(A\$,2,2) = STR(B\$,2,1)

Table 5-B. Using STR with LET

# **COMMON VARIABLES**

Common variables can be defined using a COM statement (similar to DIM). They retain their values from one program to the next. The Menu uses a common variable to hold the file name of the program to be loaded while it is loading a keyed access subroutine package (see Chapter 6, page 91).

Reorganize uses common variables to pass file names to the final reorganize program.

#### **BASIC SYNTAX**

In Wang BASIC, there can be more than one program statement on a line. Each statement except the last must be terminated with a colon. Thus, only the first statement on the line can (and must) have a line number.

Wang's BASIC interpreter ignores spaces in program text, but we have included them for better readability.

# **BASIC STATEMENTS**

Quite a few of the program statements used in this book are unique to Wang's extended BASIC. They are listed below in two groups: general and disk access statements. Each of these statements is shown in detail, along with alternate methods of performing the same function in standard BASIC wherever practicable. The following symbols are used in statement descriptions:

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION					
# <b>n</b>	Logical file number n. Used for data file identification. Example: #1					
''name''	One- to eight-character disk file name enclosed in quotes. Examples: "G/L000", "G/L0F110"					
argument list	A series of alphanumeric and/or numeric variables and/or array names. Example: A\$, B, C\$(), D()					
expression	A numeric expression. Example: A(1)*3 10-(Z/20)					
line number	One- to four-digit BASIC line number. Example: 6000					
XX	Two hexadecimal digits regarded as one byte of data Examples: OA, 5F, FF					
{ }	One of the enclosed items is required.					
[]	The enclosed item is optional.					
variable	An alphanumeric or numeric variable. Examples: A\$, X0					
image	[±][##][.][##]					
	Further explanation at statements that use it					

#### GENERAL STATEMENTS

CONVERT expression TO alphanumeric variable, (image)

Example: 100 CONVERT A\*3 TO A\$, (##,##)

Convert the value of the numeric expression to an ASCII character string using the specified image. Images observe the following rules:

- 1) Starting with a plus (+) sign puts the sign of the expression's value (+ or -) into the string.
- 2) Starting with a minus (-) sign puts a blank for positive values or a minus (-) for negative values into the string.
- 3) An unsigned image generates an unsigned string.
- 4) The pre-decimal digits are right justified at the decimal point with zero fill. The post-decimal digits are left justified at the decimal point with zero fill.

This command is generally used to facilitate manipulation of individual digits in a numeric value. You can usually isolate digits with a series of expressions that use the INT (integer) function.

# • CONVERT alphanumeric variable TO numeric variable

Example: CONVERT A\$ TO A

**Convert the ASCII representation of a number to a numeric value.** This statement can be used to change a number in ASCII format (isolated by the previous version of CONVERT) back into numeric form.

# • DEFFN' integer (variable [ , variable...])

Example: 100 DEFFN' 32(A3)

**Define the starting point of a marked subroutine.** Marked subroutines can be called by using a GOSUB' statement (see GOSUB'). Additionally, subroutine '15 can be called by pressing SFK15 whenever keyboard input is allowed (see KEYIN). **Marked subroutines can receive the values of parameters passed to them by the main program.** The variables enclosed in parentheses that form the optional parameter list in the DEFFN' statement receive the values of corresponding arguments in the calling GOSUB' statement (see GOSUB'). These marked subroutines can be replaced by standard "line number" subroutines by removing the DEFFN' statement and changing the calling sequence as described under GOSUB'.

# • GOSUB' integer [ (subroutine argument [ , subroutine argument...])]

Example: 200 GOSUB' 32(256)

**Branch to the subroutine marked by the corresponding DEFFN' statement.** Then when a RETURN statement occurs, branch back to the statement following the GOSUB'. A subroutine argument can be an alphanumeric variable or a numeric expression. Subroutine arguments must agree in number and type with the parameter list in the DEFFN' statement. The easiest way to explain the interaction of these two lists is to illustrate how the numbered subroutine could be replaced by a standard BASIC "line number" subroutine.

Standard	Wang
100 A = X+Y 110 B = 3	•
120 C\$ = "TAXABLE PAY" 130 GOSUB 500	130 GOSUB' 100 (X+Y,3,"TAXABLE PAY ")
•	•
500 PRINT C\$;A+B 510 RETURN	490 DEFFN' 100 (A,B,C\$) 500 PRINT C\$;A+B 510 RETURN

Both of the programs above do the same thing. Values are assigned to variables A,B and C\$ prior to the subroutine call, but using different techniques.

• HEXPRINT {alphanumeric variable alphanumeric array designator} {\( \begin{align\*} \begin{align

Print the hexadecimal representation of the characters in the alphanumeric variables.

# • %[ chr] fmt [ chr fmt...]

where chr = any sequence of one or more printable characters (except #)  $fmt = \begin{bmatrix} \$ \\ + \end{bmatrix} [\#[,],.][\#...]$ 

Example: 100 % -##.## LESS -## ## = -##.##

Specify the format of printed output generated by the PRINTUSING statement, according to the following rules:

- 1) Starting with a plus (+) sign causes the value's sign (+ or -) to print immediately preceding the first digit.
- 2) Starting with a minus (-) sign causes a blank for positive values or a minus (-) sign for negative values to print immediately preceding the first digit.
- 3) Starting with a dollar (\$) sign causes a dollar sign to print immediately preceding the first digit.
- 4) If neither a plus (+), minus (-), nor dollar (\$) sign is used and the value is negative, a minus (-) sign is printed before printing the formatted value (the line is one character longer).
- 5) Pre-decimal digits are right adjusted with blank fill. Post-decimal digits are left adjusted and truncated or zero filled. Values too large for the format cause the format specification to print (i.e., #'s are printed instead of digits).
- 6) Alphanumeric values are left justified with blank fill or truncation on the right.
- INIT (XX ) (alphanumeric variable ) (alphanumeric variable ) (alphanumeric array name) (alphanumeric array name) ...]

Example: 100 INIT("A")A\$

Initialize every character of each alphanumeric variable or array on the specified list to the character in parentheses. INIT can be replaced by one or more LET statements within a FOR/NEXT loop.

# • KEYIN alphanumeric variable, line number, line number

Example: 385 KEYIN X\$, 395, 525

Accept a single character from the keyboard without echoing it to the CRT. It no character is ready, continue program execution with the next BASIC statement. If SFK15 was pressed, continue program execution at the second line number. If any other key was pressed, continue execution at the first line number. Refer to the discussion of SFK's earlier in this chapter.

# NUM (alphanumeric variable)

Example: 100 X = NUM(A\$)

This built-in function determines the number of sequential valid numeric characters (that is, the digits 0 through 9, E,.,+,-) in the specified alphanumeric variable.

• PACK (image) {alphanumeric variable alphanumeric array name} FROM {numeric array name expression} [, (numeric array name expression)...]

Example: 100 PACK (##.##)A\$() FROM A()

Pack the numeric values from the specified numeric expressions into the specified alphanumeric variables, using the provided image, in binary coded decimal (BCD) format.

- 1) Each byte (i.e., each character) of the receiving alphanumeric variables can hold two digits.
- 2) The sign (+ or -), if present, takes one-half byte.
- 3) Absolute values are packed when no sign is specified.
- 4) No decimal point is packed. The decimal point is restored by the UNPACK image.
- 5) Post-decimal digits are truncated or zero filled as necessary, and pre-decimal digits are zero filled.

PACK effectively reduces the amount of space needed to store numeric values. It can be omitted and the numeric values stored as numeric variables.

• PRINTUSING line number [ ,print element (;) ...][;]

Example: 200 PRINTUSING 100, A, B, A-B

Print the values of the print elements according to the format specified by the image located at the referenced line number. If there are more print elements than formats in the image statement, the image is reused starting with the first format. A PRINT statement can be used in place of a PRINTUSING statement, but columns will not line up as well.

SELECT select parameter [ ,select parameter...]

Example: 100 SELECT #1B10,PRINT 215

**Select which disk to use in disk operations, or whether to print on CRT or printer.** The CRT print speed can also be selected.

• UNPACK (image) {alphanumeric array name} TO

| numeric array name | | numeric array name | numeric variable | | numeric variable | | | |

Example: 150 UNPACK(##,##)A\$() TO A()

Unpack numeric values packed in binary coded decimal (BCD) format by a PACK statement.

# **DISK ACCESS STATEMENTS**

• DATALOAD DC [ #n,] argument list

Example: 100 DATALOAD DC #1,J\$()

Read a logical data record from disk file #n (#0 if #n not specified) and assign the values to the variables in the argument list. Each time this statement is executed, the next sequential logical record is read from the data file. If there are more variables in the argument list than values in the logical record, another logical record is read. If there are more values than variables, the excess data is ignored. Executing this statement updates the current sector address for the file to the starting address of the next consecutive logical record. If an end-of-file record is encountered, the end-of-file condition is set.

DATALOAD DC OPEN T [#n,] "name"

Example: 100 DATALOAD DC OPEN T #1, "JOB"

**Open a data file for subsequent loading and saving of data.** The logical file number specified (#n) is assigned to the file name provided. Subsequent references to the opened file are via the logical file number. Logical file 0 is used if no logical file number is specified. Files are automatically closed when a program is ended.

# • DATASAVE DC[ #n,] {END argument list}

Example: 100 DATASAVE DC #1,J\$()

Write the values of the variables in the argument list onto the disk as one logical record. Start at the current sector address associated with the specified file. Specifying the END parameter causes an end-of-file record to be written. Update the file's current sector address to the sector following the last one written (except after END).

# • DBACKSPACE [ #n,] {BEG expression S}

Example: 100 DBACKSPACE BEG

If the BEG parameter is specified, set the current sector address to the beginning sector address of the specified file. Otherwise, decrease the current sector address by the truncated value of the expression.

# • DSKIP [ #n,] {END | expression S}

Example: 100 DSKIP 3\*A S

If the END parameter is specified, set the current sector address to the end-of-file record address for the specified file. Otherwise, increase the current sector address by the truncated value of the expression.

DATALOAD BA T [#n,] (sector address, variable) alphanumeric array name

Example: 100 DATALOAD BA T #3,A\$()

Read one sector (256 bytes) of unformatted data at the specified sector address. Set the variable to the next consecutive sector address after the read.

DATASAVE BA T [#n,] (sector address, variable) alphanumeric array name

Example: 100 DATASAVE BA T #3,A\$()

Write one sector (256 bytes) of unformatted data at the specified sector address. The variable receives the address of the next consecutive sector.

• LIMITS [ #n,] [ "name"] variable 1, variable 2, variable 3

Example: 100 LIMITS T #1,A,B,C

If the file name is specified, variable 1 receives the file start address, variable 2 receives the file end address and variable 3 receives the number of sectors currently used plus 2. If no name is used for the logical file number specified, variable 1 receives the start address, variable 2 receives the end address and variable 3 receives the current address.

Example: LOAD DCT "G/L000"

Load a program under program control by performing the following functions:

- 1) Stop current program execution.
- 2) Clear program lines from memory, starting with line number 1 and ending with line number 2. If line number 2 is not specified, clear all lines starting with line number 1. If no line numbers are specified, clear all program lines.
- 3) Clear all non-common variables.
- 4) Load the specified program. The program being loaded will be combined with any program lines present; a loading line replaces an existing line having the same line number.
- 5) Run the program now in memory, starting at the first specified line number (if none specified, start with the lowest line number in memory).

# Chapter Six CHANGING GENERAL LEDGER

The General Ledger programs in this book are fairly general purpose, but you still may want to (or have to) make changes to them. This chapter discusses some of the changes you can make, but in no way exhausts all possibilities for program modification. Before you attempt to make any changes, you should be thoroughly familiar with the standard version of General Ledger. This means knowing generally what each program does and how all of the programs work together. It also means knowing in detail just how each program you are going to change works. You must know what is on each data file, how the data files interact, and especially how the data files are used by the programs you intend to change. You will have to know how to change CRT masks. Finally, you will find that actually writing the program changes will be much easier if you know how the various common subroutines work — including the keyed file accessing subroutines.

Throughout this chapter, we identify programs both by their Menu name (for example, Reports or Account File Maintenance) and their program file name (for example, G/L040 or G/L050). The program listings in Chapter 8 are identified by program file name.

# **PASSWORD**

One thing you are sure to want to change is the password. In Menu G/L000 line 6100, you will find a call to subroutine '37 requesting entry of the four-character password. The next line verifies the entry. Replace the letters PASS with your own password, and if your password is not four characters long, change the '37 subroutine call to input the correct length password.

# PROGRAMMABLE PROGRAM LOAD

We took advantage of the Wang LOAD DC statement's ability to add new program lines to some or all of an existing program in developing the Menu program. The Menu loads programs in two steps. First, it loads a package of keyed access subroutines (according to the parameter in the Menu's DATA list), then it loads the main program. This way, the package of subroutines exists only once on the disk instead of being duplicated with each program that uses it.

You can still use the Menu to control program loading even if your BASIC cannot combine programs under program control, as long as it can load another program under program control (first erasing the existing program). Change Menu G/L000 to disregard the subroutine package type code (in the DATA table), always loading just the actual program (not loading a set of subroutines first). Also, be sure that every program on the disk includes the keyed accessing subroutines it needs.

If your BASIC has no provisions for programmable loading of other programs, you will not be able to use the Menu at all. In this case, you will have to load programs as you need them, by program file name or whatever scheme your computer system employs. You will have to change every program so that it stops when it is finished, rather than attempting to reload the Menu.

#### **TESTING FOR PRINTER READY**

Every program that prints a report tests the printer to make sure it is on and ready to print. The first step of the test is to display the bulletin PRINTER NOT READY on the CRT. Then the program tries to "print" non-printing character codes on the printer. If the printer is not ready, the computer waits in a state of suspended animation. As soon as the printer is ready, the non-printing character "prints" on the printer, the program clears the bulletin from the CRT, and the program continues.

If your computer-printer interface does not go into suspended animation like this, you will have to omit or modify subroutine '60 in all programs that use it (see Table 7-B).

#### MULTIPLE COMPANIES

General Ledger does not have the facilities for built-in multiple company operations the way the Payroll described in *Payroll With Cost Accounting* does. You can implement multiple company General Ledger operations by having separate General Ledger disks for each different company. Of course, this actually means you have a separate General Ledger for each company, rather than one General Ledger for all companies

#### FILE REORGANIZE

The Account File Reorganize program (G/L060), described in Chapter 4 on page 81, automatically loads Wang's file reorganize utility subsystem starting with KFAM3503, which in turn loads other Wang reorganize subsystem modules. Wang provides the reorganize utilities with their Integrated Support System (ISS). They are described in the ISS user's manual.

KFAM3503 requires a work file the same size as the Account file, G/L0F110. The work file can be on a different disk than G/L0F110. If you do not have enough space for such a work file, you can use Wang's utility KFAM3003 instead of G/L060-KFAM3503-etc. KFAM3003 is a stand-alone program that reorganizes the Account file in place. The ISS manual provides operating instructions.

If you do not have a Wang computer, use your computer's reorganize utility program. Some computer systems don't need file reorganize programs because they dynamically re-use space freed by record deletion. Your file reorganize program may interface to G/L060, or you may have a standalone utility.

# CONVERTING KEYED ACCESSING TO RANDOM ACCESSING

Some versions of BASIC are not capable of keyed accessing; you have to provide the exact location of the record you want to access. This poses no problem for sequentially accessed files (even if your program has to increment its own pointer to randomly access the next sequential record).

The Account file is designed for keyed file accessing, with the Account Number field as the key. Thus the account number has no direct relationship to the Account record's physical position on the Account file. In other words, there is no combination of addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division operations you can perform on an account number that will tell you where to find the corresponding Account record. Instead, the account numbers logically group Account records. Related accounts have similar account numbers. The chart of accounts in Table 3-C on page 15 illustrates this. For example, account numbers with a first digit of '1' are Asset accounts. Further, if the second digit is '5', they are Property and Equipment assets. If the third digit is '1', the accounts are Cost of property and equipment assets.

While this scheme is certainly useful, it is not indispensible. Account numbers can be a function of the record number; in fact, the account number can be the same as the record number. You need make only minor program modifications to effect this change.

As published, the programs retrieve Account file data in a two-step process. First, they locate the desired record by executing a statement with the following format:

GOSUB'13
$$x$$
 (  $\sim$  )

where x is a digit between 0 and 9. The second step actually reads the data, and is executed with a statement with this format:

With random accessing, there is no need for a subroutine to locate Account records, since the account number directly specifies the record location. So you can delete all of the GOSUB'13x (  $\sim$  ) statements. You must also replace the DATA LOAD DC statement with a statement or statements that will read the data for the record number specified by the account number

In addition, there are some specific changes to the Reports program (G/L050). This program assumes that balance sheet accounts start with account number 10000.0 and that income and expense statement accounts start with account number 30000.0. Change lines 6180 and 6200 to retrieve your first balance sheet account and income and expense statement account, respectively

This same program assumes that account number 99999 0 is a special record containing sales account totals (see page 23) Change lines 6160 and 6670 to use the record number of your special sales account totals record instead.

This scheme for random accessing of the Account file affects only the account numbering. You must still observe the other rules for setting up your chart of accounts in the Account file that we explained in Chapter 3. Among other things, this means that Asset accounts must precede Liability accounts, which must precede Income accounts, which must precede Expense accounts. Report titles, headings, and totals must have Account records of their own. With random accessing it is even more important to draw up your chart of accounts carefully before entering it on the computer. The accounts will be numbered sequentially; their logical order on the Account file, and hence on the financial reports, corresponds exactly with their physical order.

With sequential accessing, there is no way to insert new records between adjacent existing records. You can always write a program to move the records around in the Account file, opening up space for records you need to add. But beware — if you move records around, their account numbers change. Figures 6-A and 6-B illustrate this. Notice on Figure 6-A that we want to insert a new total account after account 175 Brochure Printing and Mailing. To do this, we must first move all accounts from 176 Outside Prep. Work on Ads onward down one space in the file. Figure 6-B shows the new record in place, with account number 176. Notice how all the accounts we moved down in the file have a new account number.

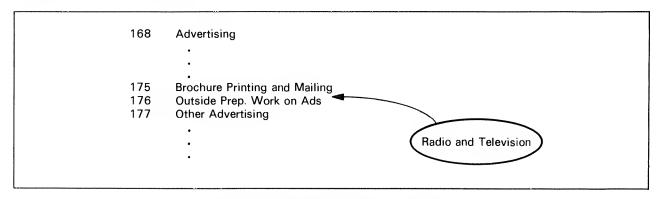


Figure 6-A. A New Account to Insert

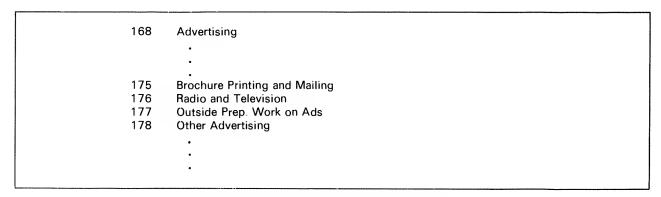


Figure 6-B. A New Account Inserted

# ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF EXTERNAL POSTINGS

The General Ledger programs accept postings to any account from outside programs via the External Posting file. The programs in the Osborne & Associates publication *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable* use this file. Other application programs can make postings as well. Thus your Payroll, Order Entry, Inventory, Cash Receipts, and other programs can automatically update the General Ledger accounts.

Before you can prepare your program to make General Ledger postings, you must become familiar with the External Posting file layout on page 7. The External Posting file is blocked 16 records per sector on the Wang computer, which is a hard-sectored system. You may not have to worry about sector boundaries and record blocking on your computer. But if you do, be sure your application program correctly blocks records on the External Posting file. Furthermore, your program must put a 0 in the Account Number fields of all unused records in a sector

Always add your postings to the end of the External Posting file, and always write an end-of-file marker following the last posting or block of postings.

The External Posting file layout lists the data items that your program must provide for each posting. They are the General Ledger account number, a code describing the source of the posting, the month and day the posting is made, a six-digit reference number, and the posting amount. The General Ledger presently recognizes four source codes: 0 for Payroll, 1 for Accounts Payable, 2 for Accounts Receivable, and 3 for General Ledger. The General Ledger Update program (G/L030) prints a summary of postings by source code for each account on the update report. The report format permits only four source codes. If you decide to add more source codes, you will have to modify the update report in G/L030.

# **COST DETAIL FROM POSTING RECORDS**

You may want a detailed analysis of account activity over an extended period of time (i.e. more than one month on the update activity report). The very information you need goes by the board every month when the Update program (G/L030) erases the External Posting file. If you save the postings on a holding file during the Update program, they will be available when you want a long-term analysis. You will have to write a new program to sort the holding file by account number, date, etc., and to print a report based on the sort. Also, you must purge the holding file periodically so that it does not overflow with postings during some Update.

#### BUDGETING

The General Ledger has no provision for budgeting. You can add it. First you must establish some new Account record fields which will keep track of budget amounts for each account. There are three unused fields shown in the Account file layout (on page 6) which could be monthly, quarterly, and yearly budget amounts. The variables for these three fields are S(8), S(9), and S(10).

You will want to make occasional adjustments to these fields, so you should change the Account File Maintenance program (G/L010) to include them. Account File Maintenance is useful for making changes to account balances now and then, but is too cumbersome to use for entering a monthly budget amount for every account, and it provides no audit trail. Therefore, you should write a new program or series of programs to enter monthly, quarterly, or yearly budget amounts, update the Account file with these amounts, and print a report that details the activity.

Finally, you will need a new report to print a budget analysis. This report will probably include budget amounts, actual amounts, and perhaps the actual amount as a percent of budget. The report could be a replacement for the existing "special" report in G/L040. That way you could use the Special Report field on each Account record to control which accounts would print on the budget analysis report. The report could also be a new program.

# **DEPARTMENTALIZING**

This General Ledger will support multiple departments, but only if you change the Account file contents and make some program changes. The easiest way to do this is to make the last digit of the account number be the department number. The Account file will have to be much larger since it must have enough room to hold one record for each department for each account that you departmentalize. Each Account record must identify which department it belongs to. Figures 6-C and 6-D illustrate this effect using part of the sample chart of accounts from Table 3-C. Figure 6-C shows part of the chart of accounts before departmentalization; Figure 6-D shows the same part of the chart of accounts after departmentalization.

43200.0/50	Materials and Supplies
43210.0/00	Computer Materials and Supplies
43220.0/00	Raw Materials and Supplies
43230.0/00	Stationery Materials and Supplies
43290.0/00	Other Materials and Supplies
43299.0/50	Total

Figure 6-C. Accounts Without Departmentalization

43200.0/50	Materials and Supplies
43210.0/00	Computer Materials and Supplies - General
43210.1/00	Computer Materials and Supplies - Department 1
43210.2/00	Computer Materials and Supplies - Department 2
43220.0/00	Raw Materials and Supplies - General
43220.1/00	Raw Materials and Supplies - Department 1
43220.2/00	Raw Materials and Supplies - Department 2
43230.0/00	Stationery Materials and Supplies - General
43230.1/00	Stationery Materials and Supplies - Department 1
43230.2/00	Stationery Materials and Supplies - Department 2
43290.0/00	Other Materials and Supplies - General
43290.1/00	Other Materials and Supplies - Department 1
43290.2/00	Other Materials and Supplies - Department 2
43299.0/50	Totals

Figure 6-D. Accounts With Departmentalization

Using this scheme to identify an account's department number limits program changes to the Reports program (G/L040). By making a few changes to this program, you can get separate financial reports for each department. The program must ask the operator for the department to report. Then as it goes through the Account file sequentially generating the report, it must bypass records for accounts that are not in the specified department, except that it should include all title, heading, and total records. The changes shown below for G/L040 will departmentalize the financial reports. You will also need to change the CRT mask 3 as shown on page 96.

```
new line:
6070 GOSUB'34(605,1,0,9)
:D=X0
change line 6240:
6240 GOSUB'110(2)
IF L3>0 THEN 6245
IF D=0 THEN 6245
IF D<> (L1-INT(L1))*10 THEN 6220
6245 IF R=2 THEN 6250
IF L4<>S THEN 6660
```

MASK	3	0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123
0	0	G/L REPORTS
64	ı	
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
<b>3</b> 20	5	+ TYPE   H MOVE   H
384	6	+ OFEXIT   HISINCOME STMT + OFCURRENT   HISMONTHLY   H
448	7	+ II=TRIAL         +   2 = BALANCE       +   II = IST   PREVIOUS+   2 = QUARTERLY   +
512	8	+ 2=SPEC1AL
576	9	+ 3=MONTHLY       DEPARTMENT   + 3=3RD PREVIOUS       +
640	10	+ 4=QUARTERLY + O=ALL DEPTS + H
704	11	+   5 = MOVE   TOTALS   +     +     +     +       +
768	12	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
832	13	
896	14	
960-	15	

ADD1

# Chapter Seven FILE AND PROGRAM INITIALIZATION

This chapter lists the data files you must initialize and specifies what data you must put in them before you can begin regular processing. It also includes operating instructions for a stand-alone utility program that you can use to set up and subsequently modify CRT masks. In addition, you will find descriptions of standard subroutines that are used throughout the General Ledger programs.

# DATA FILE INITIALIZATION

You must reserve space for the Account, External Posting, Direct Posting, General Information, and CRT Mask files on the disk in order to run the General Ledger programs. In addition, you must initialize each file. The following paragraphs describe each file's requirements

The Account file must have room for one record for each regular General Ledger account, each financial report title, each financial report heading, and each financial report total. There must also be a special record for totals of the sales accounts. This is all explained in more detail in the "Setting Up the Chart of Accounts" section in Chapter 3.

The External Posting file must have room enough to store all the postings from external sources (e.g., Accounts Payable) that will occur in one month. If this is not possible, you will have to run the General Ledger Update program as the file becomes full Initialize this file by writing an end-of-file marker at the beginning of the file.

The Direct Posting file must have enough room to hold as many postings as you will enter from the Direct Entry program (not from an external source) in one month. If this is not possible, you will have to run the General Ledger Update program more than once a month. Initialize this file by writing an end-of-file marker at the beginning of the file.

The General Information file must have at least two records, and may have as many as eleven The General Ledger program will only use two records. However, this file is compatible with the General Information file in the Osborne & Associates books *Payroll With Cost Accounting* and *Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable*. General Ledger's General Information file has one more field than the file in the other books, the Fiscal Year Ends field. The changes necessary to adapt the Payroll, Accounts Payable, and Accounts Receivable programs to use General Ledger's General Information file are discussed later in this chapter. Initialize every field of each record in the General Information file to zero, then use the General Information File Maintenance program to fill in the real data.

The CRT Mask file must have room for six records. When you first define this file, place an end-of-file record at the beginning of the file. Then enter the masks using the CRT Mask File Maintenance program. The CRT layouts at the end of this chapter show the exact positioning of text on the masks.

# **COMMON SUBROUTINES**

There are a number of subroutines that are commonly used throughout the General Ledger programs. The common subroutines each program uses are not included in its listing in Chapter 8. Instead, the common subroutines are listed together in one place in Chapter 8 as program G/L SUBS. This means as you enter each program into your computer, you must include the subroutines it needs from the G/L SUBS program listing.

Table 7-A lists the subroutines, the lines they occupy, and brief descriptions of each one's purpose. Table 7-B shows which subroutines each of the General Ledger programs uses. Note that whenever a program uses a special version of a common subroutine, that special version is included with the program listing; do not replace it with the standard version from G/L SUBS. You can use the two tables to determine which program lines from G/L SUBS each General Ledger program will need. For example, Table 7-B shows that program G/L030 uses common subroutines '40, '72, '42, '41, '60,

'130, '132, '139, '110, '111, and '112. It also uses a special version of subroutine '113, but the listing for this special version is included in the listing for G/L030. Turning to Table 7-A, we can list the line numbers each of the common subroutines uses:

```
      '40 lines 690-695
      '130 lines 2000-2110

      '72 lines 691-695
      '132 lines 2010-2110

      '42 lines 700-705
      '139 lines 2030-2110

      '41 lines 820-840
      '110 lines 3500-3510

      '60 line 1000
      '111 line 3550

      '112 lines 3600-3630
```

Consolidating these line numbers, we see that program G/L030 needs the common subroutines on lines 690-705, 820-840, 1000, 2000-2110, and 3500-3630.

The more complex common subroutines are described in greater detail below. Seven of these subroutines are used to access the Account file by key. Keyed file accessing, as described in Chapter 2, is a way of locating specific data records by looking up the unique, identifying field of data (the key) in an index that cross references the key with the actual record location. Subroutines '130 through '139 inquire into and manipulate the index of keys. These subroutines, nominally located between lines 2000 and 2110, all transfer program control immediately to lines between 100 and 199.

Program lines 100 through 199, which perform the actual keyed accessing, are not furnished with this book. If you own a Wang computer, you can use their KFAM-3 keyed accessing subroutines, modules KFAM0003 and KFAM0103. You must modify both modules slightly to work with the General Ledger programs, as follows:

- 1) Change COM statements to DIM statements (Remove non-array numeric variables from COM statements.)
- 2) Renumber to start at line 100 and end by line 199 (line 101 must have only a RETURN statement on it).
- 3) Add these two lines: 1 GOTO 6000 6000 LOAD DC T P\$ 6000

KFAM0003 and KFAM0103 only locate desired records; data transfer is accomplished in the main General Ledger programs. KFAM0003 and KFAM0103 determine the location of a desired record and position the disk in preparation for the next DATA LOAD or DATA SAVE statement. All simple and array variables beginning with the letters Q, T, and V, both numeric and alphanumeric, are reserved for these program modules.

If you do not have a Wang computer, you will have to convert the General Ledger programs to use your computer's keyed file accessing (also called indexed sequential accessing). Alternatively, Chapter 6 describes a way to use random accessing on the Account file.

# Here is an explanation of the more complex subroutines:

- **'32(A1) --** Position the CRT to location A1. The CRT has 1024 different locations, numbered from 0 to 1023. The first line contains locations 0-63, the second line has locations 64-127, and so on.
- '34(X1,X2,X3,X4) -- Input alphanumeric data. The data is input at CRT location X1. X2 specifies the maximum number of characters that may be input, including sign and decimal point for numeric entry. If X4 is zero, alphanumeric input is specified and X0\$ returns the entered value. When numeric entry is indicated (X4 non-zero), entered values must be greater than or equal to X3 and less than or equal to X4. Numeric entry is returned in X0. All entry is terminated by pressing the RETURN key. Pressing the BACKSPACE key erases and allows re-entry of the last entered character. Pressing the LINE ERASE key erases and restarts the current entry. If SFK15 is pressed, program execution transfers to the Menu.
- '35(X2\$) -- Flash the error bulletin X2\$ on the fourth line of the CRT.
- **'36(A2)** -- Without erasing existing characters, advance the CRT cursor A2 spaces (i.e., move it to the right)

Table 7-A. Summary of Common Subroutines

Number	Lines	Purpose
32(A1)	200 - 215	CRT Cursor Position
33(A1)	240 - 260	CRT Mask Load/Display
34(X1,X2,X3,X4)	310 - 525	Input Data at Location X1
35(X2\$)	615	Display Error Bulletin
36(A2)	215	Non-erasing Horizontal Tab (CRT)
37(X2,X3,X4,X4\$)	660 - 665	Input with Prompt Message
38(A4)	670 - 675	Input Date at Location A4
39(A1,XO\$)	680 - 695	Display Packed Date at Location A1
40(XO\$)	690 - 695	Print Packed Date
41(X4\$,A1)	<b>82</b> 0 - <b>84</b> 0	Print Report Headings as Needed
42(A1)	700 - 705	Load and Unpack Company A1
43(A1)	720	Pack, Save Company A1
46(A1,X0)	760 - 770	Display Phone Number at Location A1
47(XO)	770	Print Phone Number
60	1000	Check for Printer Ready
72(X0)	691 - 695	Print Numeric Date
110(A1)	3500 - 3510	Load, Unpack Account Record
111(A1)	3550	Pack, Save Account Record
112(A1)	3600 - 3630	Load, Unpack Posting Record
113(A1)	3650 - 3680	Pack, Save Posting Record
130(T6,T7,Q2,Q3,V7\$)	2000 - 2110	Open File for Keyed Accessing
131(T6,T1\$)	2005 - 2110	Delete Record from Keyed File
132(T6,T1\$)	2010 - 2110	Find Record in Keyed File
133(T6,T1\$)	2015 - 2110	Add Record to Keyed File
135(T6)	2020 - 2110	Find First Record in Keyed File
137(T6)	2025 - 2110	Find Next Record in Keyed File
139(T6)	2030 - 2110	Close File for Keyed Accessing

- **'37(X2,X3,X4,X4\$) --** Display operator prompt message X4\$ on the second line of the CRT. Input numeric or alphanumeric data on the third line of the CRT. Except for the input location, the description of subroutine '34 applies to this subroutine also.
- '38(A4) -- Use subroutine '34 to input a six-digit date at CRT location A4. The first two digits are the month number (must be between 1 and 12), the next two digits are the day number (must be between 1 and 31), and the last two digits are the year number. The entered date is returned as a numeric value in X0 and as a packed numeric value in X3\$. The entered date is redisplayed with slashes separating the month and day, and day and year.
- '39(A1,X0\$) -- Display, at CRT location A1, the date packed in X0\$. Separate month and day, and day and year with slashes.
- **'40(X0\$)** -- Print the date packed in X0\$. Separate the month and day, and day and year with slashes.
- '41(X4\$,A1) -- Check the line counter to see if the current report page has been filled. If so, advance to the next page, increment the page counter, print the report headings, and reset the line counter. X4\$ is the report title. A1 is the report width, in columns.
- **'42(A1) --** Load and unpack the system General Information record. If A1 is not zero, load and unpack the General Information record for company number A1.
- **'43(A1)** -- Pack and save the system General Information record. If A1 is not zero, pack and save the General Information record for company number A1.
- **'72(X0)** -- Print or display numeric date X0, with slashes separating month and day, and day and year.
- '130(T6,T7,Q2,Q3,V7\$) -- Performs a DATA LOAD DC OPEN for data file V7\$ and its companion index file. T6 is a file identification number (must be between 1 and 3) that is associated with the newly opened data file and is used to reference that data file in subsequent calls to keyed accessing subroutines. T7 is the logical file number assigned to the index file. Q2 is the logical file number assigned to the data file. Q3 must always receive the value 1. This subroutine must be executed for each data file that is to be key accessed before any of the other keyed accessing subroutines can be used. Upon return, status variable Q\$ can either be blank (subroutine executed OK) or X (one of the parameters passed was incorrect).

- '131(T6,T1\$) -- Deletes key T1\$ from the index for file T6. Locates the data record for key T1\$ in data rile T6, but does not after that data record, nor remove it from the file. Deleting the key from the index file effectively prevents further accessing of its associated data record. Upon return, status variable Q\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK), N (key T1\$ is not in index) or X (improper parameters).
- '132(T6,T1\$) -- Locates the data record for key T1\$ on data file T6. If the key cannot be found, the file's current sector address is set to the location of the record with the key that immediately precedes the position key T1\$ would occupy, were it in the index. Upon return, status variable Q\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK), N (key T1\$ is not in index) or X (improper parameters)
- '133(T6,T1\$) -- Key T1\$ is added to the index for file T6. The file's current sector address is set to the next available location on the data file. Upon return, status variable Ω\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK), D (T1\$ duplicates a key already in the index), S (no more room available either in the data file or the index for more records or keys) or X (improper parameters).
- 135(T6) -- Locates the record with the lowest key in the index for file T6. Upon return, status variable Q\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK), N (no records on file) or X (improper parameters).
- '137(T6) -- Locates the record with the key that sequentially follows the last record accessed on file T6. This subroutine must not be the first keyed accessing subroutine executed after opening file T6 (by executing subroutine '130). This subroutine has unpredictable results if it is the first keyed accessing subroutine executed following a keyed accessing subroutine that returned a non-blank (error condition) status code for file T6. It will work properly following subroutine '132 with a return code of N (key not in index), though Upon return, status variable Q\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK), E (end-of-file, the last record accessed had the highest key in the index) or X (improper parameters).
- '139 (T6) -- Closes currently opened file T6 and its companion index file. File identifier T6 and logical file numbers T7 and Q2 (assigned in subroutine '130) are then available for reuse. Following execution of this subroutine, T6 cannot be used to reference the data file opened against it in subroutine '130. Upon return, status variable Q\$ can be blank (subroutine executed OK) or X (improper parameters).

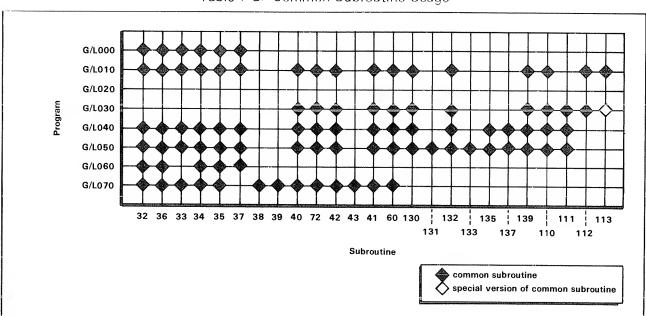


Table 7-B. Common Subroutine Usage

#### **FILE REORGANIZE**

The Account File Reorganize program (G/L060) is designed to use Wang Laboratories' KFAM file reorganize sub-system. Wang's Integrated Support System (ISS) manual describes the sub-system in detail. The sub-system includes ISS program modules KFAM3503, KFAM3603, KFAM3703, and KFAM0103. In order to use this sub-system with the General Ledger programs, you must rename KFAM0103 to KFAM3803 (i.e. program KFAM0103 must exist on your disk as KFAM3803). Also, you must change line 3072 of KFAM3503 to:

3072 LOAD DC T #0, "KFAM3803" 3072,3072

# COORDINATING WITH PAYROLL, ACCOUNTS PAYABLE, AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The General Information file (G/I0F010) in this book is the same as the General Information file in the Payroll With Cost Accounting and Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable books, except that this General Information file has an additional field, the Fiscal Year Ends field. Payroll, Accounts Payable, and Accounts Receivable can use this General Information file, but you must replace their General Information File Maintenance programs (P/R010 and A/P110) with program G/L070. You must also use common subroutines '42 and '43 from G/L SUBS in all Payroll, Accounts Payable, and Accounts Receivable programs that use them (refer to Table 7-G in the Payroll With Cost Accounting and Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable books).

As discussed in other chapters of this book, **General Ledger will accept postings to any account from external sources.** The Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable programs in the Osborne & Associates book Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable are specifically designed to interface with the General Ledger programs. For this interface to work, you must set up your disks so that the Account file (G/L0F110) and the External Posting file (G/L0F020) are on-line whenever the Accounts Payable Transaction Entry, Accounts Payable Update, Accounts Payable Check Calculate, Accounts Payable Transaction File Maintenance, and Accounts Receivable Update programs are running. These files must also be on-line when the General Ledger programs are running, of course.

To activate the link between General Ledger and Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable, you must replace subroutine '113 on lines 3650-3660 in programs A/P030, A/P040, and A/R030 with subroutine '113 on lines 3650-3680 from G/L SUBS in this book. You must also delete some Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable program lines as follows:

Program A/P010, delete lines 5415, 6055, 6403. Program A/P030, delete line 6025. Program A/P040, delete line 6025 Program A/P120, delete lines 5415, 6055, 6403 Program A/R030, delete line 6010.

# CRT MASK FILE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM (CRTFM) OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



PROGRAM: CRT Mask File Maintenance

PURPOSE: Add, inspect, modify, or print CRT Masks.

WHEN: At setup time or as needed.

TO EXIT: Enter an operation code of 0, or SFK15.

Load and execute the CRTFM program.

# ENTER IF FILE IS ON (F)IXED OR (R)EMOVABLE

#### 1) Select file location (F,R).

F - CRT Mask file is on the fixed disk (disk address 310) Proceed to step 2

R - CRT Mask file is on the removable disk (disk address B10) Proceed to step 2

# ENTER NAME OF FILE

#### 2) Enter the name of the CRT mask file.

The standard name for the General Ledger CRT Mask file is CRT3.

If the file is located, proceed to step 3

If the file is not located, an error will result Start the program over

CRT MASK FILE MAINTENANCE
ENTER OPERATION CODE

'\_
<bulletin>
(O)END
(1)INQUIRE
(2)CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE
(3)PRINT

# **SELECT OPERATION**

The display appears as CRT 7-C.

- 3) Enter operation code (0-3).
  - O END. You must enter '0'; you cannot simply enter RETURN The program ends
  - 1 INQUIRE. Inspect current contents of any or all CRT Mask records Proceed to step 4
  - 2 CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE. Modify the current contents of any CRT Mask record Proceed to step 5
  - 3 PRINT. Print (on a line printer) CRT Mask records. Proceed to step 9.

CRT MASK FILE INQUIRY
ENTER FIRST MASK NUMBER
?\_
<bulletin>

#### **OPERATION IS INQUIRE**

The display appears as CRT 7-D.

- 4) Enter mask number (0-n).
  - 0 The first mask on file is displayed (mask 1)
  - n Display the mask at this record location on the file.

If this number is greater than the number of records on file, a new operation is requested; return to step 3 Otherwise, the requested mask is displayed. You then have two options:

- [RETURN] You can see the next sequential mask on the file by pressing the RETURN key Continue pressing [RETURN] until you have seen all you want, then press [E] Or, if you key [RETURN] until there are no more records to be seen, the program automatically requests a new operation; return to step 3
- [E] Press the [E] key to end the INQUIRE operation. Do not press [RETURN] after [E]. A new operation is requested, return to step 3

CRT MASK FILE CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE
ENTER MASK NUMBER TO CHANGE (OR NEW)
?\_
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>

#### **OPERATION IS CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE**

The display appears as CRT 7-E.

- 5) Enter mask number (1-999, NEW).
  - 1-999 Request to change the contents of the mask at this record location on the file

If this number is greater than the number of records on file, a new mask number is requested, repeat this step

Otherwise, you may continue the requested operation, proceed to step 6

**NEW** - **Create a new mask.** It will be recorded at the next record location on the file. After this step, a new mask is entered as "changes"; proceed to step 6

#### **Specify Location to Start Changes**

LINE OR COMPOUND POSITION TO START CHANGES

- 6) Enter line number (0-15) or compound position (16-1023).
  - 0-15 Row number in which to start changes A column number is also requested; proceed to step 7
  - **16-1023** Request to start changes at this space location on the display A compound location is found by numbering each space on the mask, the first line containing spaces 0-63, the second line spaces 64-127, and so on Enter mask changes, proceed to step 8

#### 7) Enter column number (0-63).

Request to start changes at the row and column specified. Enter mask changes; proceed to step 8.

#### 8) Change/create a mask.

The cursor will move to the location you have specified. Change the displayed text by typing new characters directly over the old ones. There are several keys that perform special editing functions during the text replacement process:

- **RETURN** If you press this key on the last line, changes to the current mask end and you are asked for another mask number to change, return to step 5. Otherwise, the cursor moves to the first column on the next line and you can continue changes there.
- PI (π) Changes to this mask end. If the mask is NEW, it is saved at the next location on the file. Otherwise, this mask replaces the mask previously at the record location selected to change. You are asked for another mask number to change; return to step 5.
- **BACKSPACE** Each time you press this key, the cursor moves one space to the left without erasing any characters. Pressing this key when the cursor is at the first position on any line has no effect.
- **PRINT** Without erasing any existing characters, the cursor moves one space to the right. If you press this key at the end of a line, the cursor moves to the first column on the next line.
- **COS(** The cursor stays in the same column but moves one line down. If you press this key on the last line, changes to this mask end and you are asked for another mask number to change.
- SIN( The cursor stays in the same column but moves one line up Pressing this key when the cursor is on the first line has no effect

CRT MASK FILE PRINT
ENTER FIRST MASK NUMBER (O IF NONE)

?\_
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
Chulletin>

#### **OPERATION IS PRINT**

The display appears as CRT 7-F.

- 9) Enter first mask number (0-999, SFK14).
  - **0 End the PRINT operation.** You must enter the character '0'; simply pressing [RETURN] will not perform this function here A new operation is requested; return to step 3.
  - 1-999 Begin printing mask templates with this mask record number. Proceed to step 10
  - SFK14 End the PRINT operation. A new operation is requested; return to step 3

#### ENTER LAST MASK NUMBER

- 10) Enter mask number (first mask number 999, SFK14).
  - Mask number End printing with this mask number. The selected masks will be printed Make sure your printer is turned on and ready to print. When printing is completed, a new mask print range is requested; return to step 9.
  - **SFK14 End the PRINT operation.** (If the actual printing of the mask is in process when SFK14 is pressed, the printing will stop and SFK14 will become effective immediately thereafter.) A new operation is requested; return to step 3

# **CRT MASK LAYOUTS**

The following pages illustrate these CRT mask layouts:

- 1. Menu
- 2. G/L Direct Posting Entry/Print
- 3. G/L Reports
- 4. G/L Account File Maintenance
- 5. General Information File Maintenance

Use the utility program CRTFM (instructions provided on page 102) to initialize these masks.

MASK	1	0 0   23   45   67   89   0   2   34   5   67   89   0   2   3   45   67
0	0	G/L PROGRAM SELECTION MENU
64	ı	
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	I) GENERAL INFORMATION F/M
320	5	2) DIRECT POSTING
384	6	3) POSTING UPDATE
448	7	4) REPORTS
512	8	5) ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE
576	9	6) ACCOUNT FILE REORGANIZE
640	10	
704	11	
768	12	
832	13	
896	14	
960	15	

MASK	2	$\begin{smallmatrix}0&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&&$
0	0	G/L OURECT POSTUNG ENTRY/PRUNT
64	ı	
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	ACCOUNT
320	5	I)OATE
384	6	2)REFERENCE
448	7	3)AMOUNT   CLOSING BALANCE
512	8	
576	9	
640	10	
704	11	
768	12	
832	13	
8 <b>9</b> 6	14	
960	15	

MASK	3	0 0   23   45   67   89   0   2   3   4   5   67   89   0   2   3
0	0	G/L REPORTS
64	ı	
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
320	5	+ TYPE         + FORMAT     + QUARTER     + MOVE     +
384	6	+ O=EXIT   HIEINCOME STMT + O=CURRENT   HIEMONTHLY   +
448	7	+     = TR               +
512	8	+ 2=SPECIAL
576	9	+ 3=MONTHLY
640	10	+ 4=QUARTERLY
704	11	+   5 = MOVE   TOTALS   +                         +
768	12	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
832	13	
896	14	
960	15	

MVCK	A	0 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
0	0	G/L ACCOUNT FILE MAINTENANCE
64	ı	
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	ACCOUNT / / / / 9)THIS MONTH
320	5	I)NAME IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
384	6	2 )ACCOUNT TYPE
448	7	3 )REPORT TYPE
512	8	4)NORMAL BALANCE
576	9	5) TOTAL LEVEL
640	10	6 )EXTRA LINE ADV
704	11	7)SALES ACCOUNT
768	12	8)SPECIAL REPORT
832	13	
896	14	
960	15	

MASK	5	0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2
0	0	GENERAL INFORMATION FILE MAINTENANCE
64	ı	ENTER FIELD TO CHANGE (16 TO PRINT; O TO EXIT)
128	2	
192	3	
256	4	I) COMPANY NUMBER
320	5	2) NEXT P/R CHECK
384	6	3) O.T. RATE
448	7	4) HOURLY RATE 114) PAYROLL NUMBER 1111
512	8	5) FISCAL YR ENDS 115) DAY NUMBER 1111
576	9	6) COMPANY NAME
640	10	7)
704	11	8)
768	12	
832	13	IO)FED/STATE NOS.
896	14	
960	15	

# Chapter Eight PROGRAM LISTINGS

This chapter contains the complete program listings for General Ledger. Each program listing has four parts. The first part contains the actual program lines. The second part lists the line numbers that are referenced somewhere in the program by various BASIC statements (GOTO, GOSUB, PRINTUSING, etc.), and the numbers of the referencing lines. The third part lists the variables that are referenced and the numbers of the referencing lines. The fourth part lists references to marked subroutines (i.e., defined by DEFFN' statements) and the numbers of the referencing lines.

There are several BASIC statements on most of the program lines. If your computer does not allow multiple statement lines, you will have to assign line numbers to the statements that fall between the existing line numbers. To facilitate this, and to improve readability, the programs are listed with only one statement on each printed line. Each line number is printed at the left margin and is followed by the first statement on that program line. Additional program statements from the same program line are then printed, one to a printed line, each preceded by a colon.

If you have to assign line numbers to every statement, you will discover that there are often more statements between already-defined line numbers than there are unused line numbers between those defined line numbers. This means you will have to renumber some of the existing program line numbers. If you do this, be sure to also change any GOTO's, GOSUB's, etc. that reference the line numbers you are changing. Use the line number cross reference part of each program listing to assist in this task.

Instead of imbedding program remarks (or comments) in the program listings themselves, we have placed them alongside the listings with a pointer to the statement(s) they pertain to. We have used the same technique to define the variables in the variable cross reference. To save space, we use the following abbreviations throughout the remarks:

P/R - Payroll

A/P - Accounts Payable

A/R - Accounts Receivable

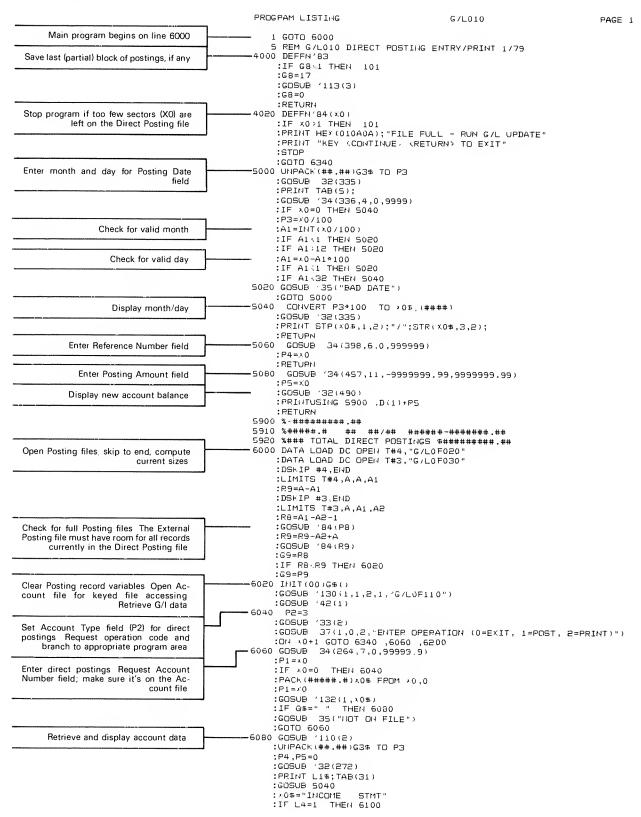
G/L - General Ledger

G/I - General Information

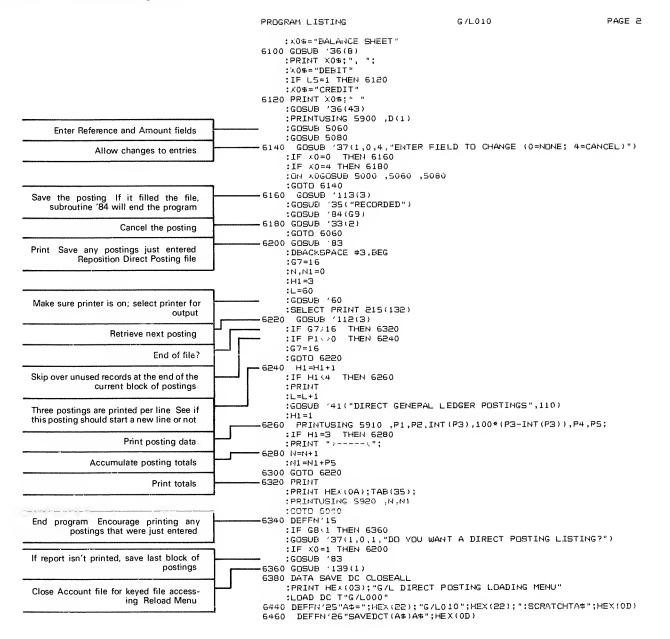
#### G/L000 Menu

```
PAGE 1
                                                                                                   G/L000
                                                     PROGRAM LISTING
                                                         1 GOTO 6100
     Main program begins on line 6100
                                                         5 REM G/L000 PROGRAM SELECTION MENU 1/79 6 COM P$8
                                                       101 RETURN
                                                     5000 DATA "G/L070",0,"G/L010",2,"G/L020",2,"G/L040",2,"G/L050",1,"G/L060",0
Data table contains parameter pairs, one
for each program: program file name and keyed file accessing subroutines require-
                                                     6000 LOAD DC T P$ 6000
                                                     ment (0 = none, 1 = full set, 2 = inquiry only)
Final step Load and run selected pro-
                                  gram
                                                      6105 GOSUB '37(2,1,6,"CHOOSE PROGRAM BY NUMBER")
:IF X0=21 THEN 6400
:RESTORE x0*2-1
                                                           :PRINT
                                                           :PRINT HEX(010A0A0A); "-->LOADING PROGRAM"; X0; TAB(63)
                                                           :READ P$,x0
:ON x0 GOTO 6120 ,6130
                                                     :ON X0 GOTO 6120 ,6130
:LOAD DC T P$
6110 DEFFN'15
:LOAD DC T"G/L000"
:6120 LOAD DC T"KFAM0003" 1 ,5999
6130 LOAD DC T"KFAM0103' 1 ,5999
6400 PRINT HEX(03)
Load keyed file accessing subroutines (automatically deleting lines 1 - 5999) Continue at line 6000 after loading
                                                           :END
                                                                                                                                   G/L000
                                                                                                   G/L000
                                                                                                                                      PAGE 1
                                                     LINE HUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                                      0001 - 6120 6130
5999 - 6120 6130
                                                      6100 -
                                                                6000
                                                                0001 6100
                                                      6105 - 6105
                                                                6100 6100
                                                      6130 -
                                                                6105
                                                      6400 -
                                                                6105
                                                                                                                                    S/LCCC
                                                      VARIABLE CROSS REFERENCE
                                                                                                    G/L000
                                                                                                                                       PAGE 2
              Name of program file to load
                                                              - 0006 6100 6105
                                                      ₽s
                                                      ×Ο
                                                              - 6105 6105 6105 6105 6105
                 Miscellaneous temporary
                                                      ≭0$
                                                              - 6100
              Password entered by operator
                                                                                                                                    G/L000
                                                      SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE G/L000
                                                                                                                                       PAGE 3
                                                       15 - 6110
                                                        33 - 6100
                                                      4 35 - 6100
                                                                6100 6105
```

#### G/L010 Direct Posting Entry



# G/L010 Direct Posting Entry



# G/L010 Direct Posting Entry

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                     G/L010
                                                                  PAGE 1
0101 - 4000 4020
5000 -
         5020 6140
5020 -
         5000 5000
5040 -
         5000 5000 6080
5060 -
         6120 6140
5080 -
         6120 6140
5900 -
         5080 6120
5910 -
         6260
5920
         6320
6000
         0001
6020 -
         6000
6040 -
        6060 6320
6060
         6040 6060 6180
6080 -
6100 -
6120 -
         6060
        6080
        6100
6140
6160 --
        6140
6180
        6140
6200 ~
        6040
              6340
6220 -
        6250 6300
6240 -
        6220
6260 -
        6240
6280
        6260
6320 -
        6220
6340 -
        4020 6040
6360
        6340
```

G/L010

```
VARIABLE CROSS REFERENCE
                                                                                               G/L010
                                                                                                                                     PAGE 2
             Miscellaneous, temporary
                                                        6000 6000 6000 6000 6000
             Miscellaneous, temporary
                                              - A1
             Miscellaneous, temporary
                                                A2
                                              - D()
                         Account file
                                                           5080 6120
                                                        - 6020
- 5000 6080
                         Posting file
                                              - G$()
                             G/I file
                                              - G3$
    Posting file blocking factor (loading)
                                                G7
                                                           6200 6220 6220
    Posting file blocking factor (saving) -
Sectors remaining on Posting file -
                                                         - 4000 4000 4000 6340
- 6000 6000 6160
                                              - G8
                                              - G9
                                                         - 6200 6240 6240 6240 6240 6260
- 6200 6240 6240
       Posting's position on printed line
                                              - H1
                       Line counter -
                                                       - 6080
- 6080
- 6100
                      Account name -
                                              - L1$
                Account's report type
                                              - L4
   Account's normal balance (D8 or CR)
                                                LS
                                                        - 6200 6280 6280 6320
- 6200 6280 6280 6320
- 6060 6060 6220 6260
           Number of postings printed
Cumulative $ amount of postings printed
                                              - N1
              Posting account number
                                                P1
                 Posting source code -
Posting date -
                                                         - 6040 6260

- 5000 5000 5040 6080 6260 6260 6260

- 5060 6080 6260
                                              - P3
                    Posting reference -
                                                P4
                                                           5060 6080 6260
                                                        Posting amount -
                                                P5
                                                           5080 5080 6080 6260 6280
  Keyed file accessing status -
Space available on Direct Posting file -
                                              - R8
 Space available on External Posting file -
                                                         - 6000 6000 6000 6000 6000 6000
- 4020 4020 5000 5000 5000 5000 5060 5080 6040 6060 6060
                                                89
             Miscellaneous, temporary
                                               X0
                                                            6140 6140 6140 6340
             Miscelleneous, temporary ____
                                             — x0s
                                                         - 5040 5040 5040 6060 6060 6080 6080 6100 6100 6120
```

```
SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE G/L010
                                                             PAGE 3
 15 -
        6340
 25 ~
        6440
        6460
 32 ~
        5000 5040 5080 6080
 33 -
        6040 6180
 34
        5000 5060 5080 6060
 35
        5020 6060 6160
 36
        6100 6120
 37
        6040 6140 6340
       6240
 42
        6020
 60 -
       6200
 83 -
       4000 6200 6340
 84
       4020
            6000 6000 6160
 110 - 6080
 112
       6220
 113
       4000 6160
130
     - 6020
 132
       6060
     - 6360
 139
```

```
PROGRAM LISTING
                                                                                                                      G/L020
                                                                                                                                                                PAGE 1
                                                                     1 GOTO 6000
                                                                S REM G/L020 SORT POSTINGS 1/79
6000 DIM A$(15,16)14,S(16),C1$1,I$(16)14,J$(16)14
                                                                      :DIM L$(240)2,U$(16)1,V$(16)2,W$(15,16)2,A$27
                                                                       :INIT(OA)X1$
                                                                       :F=1S
F, G, and H are input/output variable
                                                                       :G=16
                                                                       :H=14
                                                                :GOTO 6110
6010 DEFFN'33
Load one sector from each pre-sorted block into merge array A$()
                                                                       :DBACKSPACE #2,BEG
                                                                       :DSkIP #2,(F+1)*(I-1)+S(I)S
                                                                       :DATA LOAD DC #2,I$()
                                                                       :S(I)=S(I)+1
                                                                :5(1)-5(1)+1
:IF END THEN 6020
:IF S(I):F+2 THEN 6030
6020 PRINT "S(";I;")=";S(I);
:STOP "SORT ERPOR"
                                                                       :INIT(F0)I$()
                                                                6030 MAT COPY I$() TO A$() <(I-1)*P1+1,P1>:U$(I)=HEX(01)
                                                                       :RETURN
                   Display status message
                                                                 6040 DEFFN'23(Q,A$,Q1)
                                                                       :PRINT HEx(01);STR(x1$,1,0);A$,
:IF 01=0 THEN 6060
:PPINTUSING 6050 ,01;
                                                                6050 %######
6060 PRINT TAB(64)
                                                                       : RETURN
                                                                 6070 DEFFN'34
During pre-sort phase, save pre-sorted block A$() on Work file During merge phase, save merge array A$() on External
                                                                 6080 NO=G
                                                                       (L) # L OT ON, (B) #L, (C) #A BYON TAM:
                                                                       011+L=L:
                                 Posting file
                                                                      :S=S+N0

:K0=K0+N0

:FRIHT "RECORD NUMBER:",

:PRIHTUSING 6050 .K0;

:PRIHT HE (0D0A0C)

:IF STR(J$(1),1,1)=C1$ THEN 6100
                                                                :IF J'=G THEN 6100
6090 DATA SAVE DC #T1,J$()
                                                                       :J=1
:INIT(F0)J$()
                                                                       :IF S.P+1 THEN 6070
                                                                6100 RETURN
                                                                6110 PRINT HEX(03); "G/L POSTING SORT/UPDATE"
6120 PRINT "KEY PETURN TO BEGIN; ENTER 'END' TO EXIT"
Await operator cue before beginning pro-
                                                                       :IMPUT A$
                                                                       :IF A#="END" THEN 6330
                                                                5170 PPINT HE: (01040A)
:PRINT "WORKING...DO NOT INTERRUPT"; TAB(64)
                                                                       :LIMITS T"G/LOFO20",P,P,P
:LIMITS T"G/LOFO30",S,S,S
                                                                6180 PRINT "MAX NUMBER OF RECORDS:
:IF S+P:4 THEN 6190
                                                                                                                          ",(S+P-4)*G
                                                                       :SELECT P9
                                                                       :PRINT HEX (OA); "NO RECORDS"
                                                                       :SELECT P
                                                                :GOTO 6350
6190 DATA LOAD DC OPEN T#3,"G/L0F020"
Open input files (External and Direct Post-
                                                                       :DATA LOAD DC OPEN T#2, "WORKFILE"
:DATA LOAD DC OPEN T#1, "G/L0F030"
:INIT(F0)C1$,J$()
ing files) Work file and output file (External Posting file) Initialize variables
                                                                       :J,T=1
                                                                       :T1=2
                                                                       :P=F*G
                                                                       :P1=G*H
                                                                       :GOSUB '23(4, "SORT DIRECT POSTINGS",0)
Sort blocks of postings, first from Direct Posting file, then from external Posting
                                                                 6200 M=0
                                                                6210 DATA LOAD DC #T,1$()
:IF END THEN 6255
:IF MYO THEN 6220
file Save blocks of postings on Work file
                          as they are sorted
                                                                       :IMIT(F0)A$()
                                                                 6220 M=M+1
                                                                 6230 MAT COPY I$() TO A$() (M-1)*P1+1,P1>
                                                                 :IF MOF THEM 6210
6240 MAT SORTA$() TO W$(),L$()
                                                                       :S=1
                                                                       :IF L-N=1 THEN 6250
                                                                       :GOSUB '23(5," ",0)
```

G\roso

# G/L020 Sort Postings

```
PROGRAM LISTING
                                                                                                                       G/L020
                                                                                                                                                                 PAGE 2
                                                                       :DATA SAVE DC #T1,J$()
                                                                 6250 N=N+1
                                                                :GOSUB '23(7, "BLOCKS SORTED: ",N)
:ON L+1GOTO 6200 ,6270
6255 IF T=3 THEN 6260
                                                                       :T=3
                                                                       :GOSUB '23(4, "SORT EXTERNAL PUSTINGS",0)
                                                                       :GOTO 6210
                                                                6260 L=1
                                                                :IF M/O THEN 6240
6270 GOSUB '23(4,"MERGE SORTED BLOCKS",0)
Using '33 to load sectors of sorted postings from each pre-sort block on Work file whenever necessary, merge pre-
                                                                      :J,S=1
                                                                       :T1=3
                                                                       :K0=0
sorted blocks of postings and save on
                                                                      :DBACKSPACE #T1,BEG
                                  output file
                                                                      :INIT(F0)J$()
                                                                      :OH N+1GOTO 6320 ,6310
                                                                6280 INIT(F0)A$()
:FOR I=1 TO N
                                                                      :GOSUB '33
                                                                      :NEXT I
                                                                      :INIT(01)U$()
                                                                6290 MAT MERGEAS() TO US(), VS(), LS()
                                                                      :S=1
                                                                      :GOSUB '34
:IF N0=0 THEN 6300
:IF STR(J$(1),1,1)=C1$ THEN 6320
                                                                6300 I=VAL (U$(F+1))
:IF I=0 THEN 6290
:GOSUB '33
                                                                      :GOTO 6290
                                                               6310 GOSUB '34

-6320 DATA SAVE DC #T1,END

:GOSUB '23(9,"SORT COMPLETE",0)

:DBACKSPACE #2,BEG
End output file Erase Work file Go load
                         up-date processor
                                                                       :DATA SAVE DC #2,END
                                                                      :DBACKSPACE #1,BEG
:DATA SAVE DC #1,END
:GOTO 6340
                                                               ·6330 DEFFN'15
:IF T1=3 THEN 101
6335 PRINT_HEX(03);"G/L POSTING SORT LOADING MENU";
     Reload Menu unless sort has begun
                                                               :LOAD DC T"G/L000"
6340 DATA SAVE DC CLOSEALL
6350 LOAD DC T"G/L030"6000
                      Load report program
```

G/L020

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                       G/L020
                                                                      PAGE 1
0101 -
          6330
6000 ~
         0001 6350
6050 -
         6010
6030 -
6050 -
         6010
         6040
               6080
6060 ~
         6040
6070
         6090
6100
         6080 6080
6110
6190
         6000
6180
6510 -
6500 -
         6250
         6230 6255
6220
         6210
6240
         6260
6250
         6240
6255
         6510
6260
         6255
6270
         6250
6290
         6300 6300
6300
         6290
6310
         6270
6320
         6270
              6290
- 0883
         6120
6340 -
6350 -
         6320
6350
         6180
```

# G/L020 Sort Postings

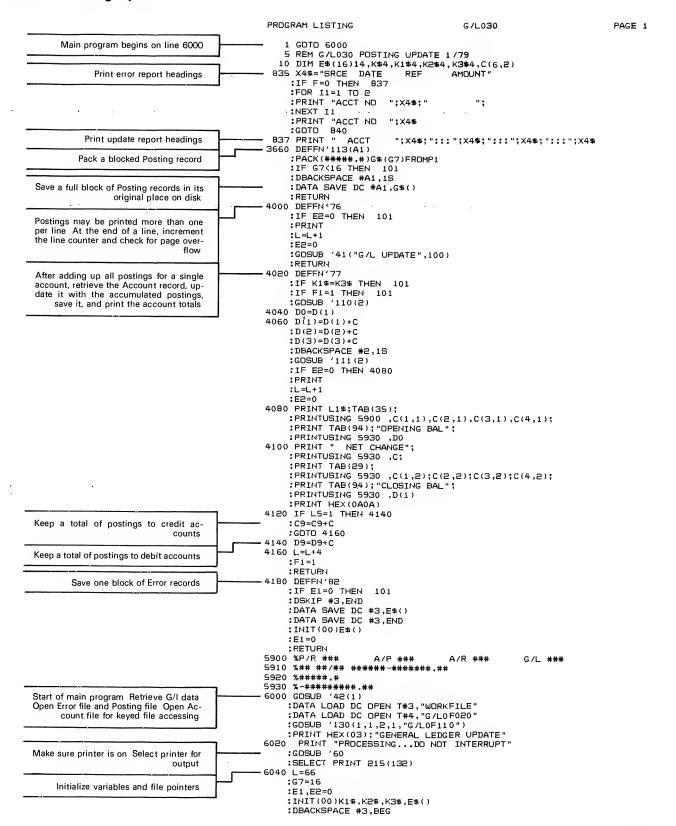
	VARI	ABLE	CROS	S REF	ERENC	Œ		G/L0	20	PAGE 2				
Miscellaneous, temporary Sort array Hexadecimal FO (end of file indicator) Number of sectors sorted at one time	A\$()	-	6000	6080	6080 6190	6290 6210	6530 6150							
Number of records per sector Bytes per record	G	-	6000 6000	6080 6190	6080	6180	6190 6010	6190	6020	6030	6030	6280	6280	6300
Index	I\$()J\$()K0	-	6000	6080 6080	6080 6080	6080 6090	6210 6090 6090	6190		6270	6290			
0 - more blocks to sort: 1 ≈ all blocks sorted Index array (for sort/merge) Count of sectors sorted into A\$() Number of blocks sorted	L\$()	-	6240	6080 6210 6250	6240 6220 6250	6250 6250	6230 6270	6280	6260					
Bytes to move (or just moved)  Number of elements in AS()  Bytes used in each sector  Line number to print message on  Quantity to print along with message	P1 P1 Q	-		6170 6030 6040	6170 6190	6170	6080 6180 6230		6190					
Miscellaneous, temporary  Which sector to use next in each block of sectors  Logical file number for input	s	-	6010 6290	6080 6010	6080 6010	6010	6090 6010		6170	6170	6180	6180	6240	6270
Logical file number for output Work array Work array	T1	-		6190 6030 6290 6240	6240	6270	6270 6300	6320	6330					
Little reed cital deters	×1.5		0000	0040										

G/L020

SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE G/L020 PAGE 3

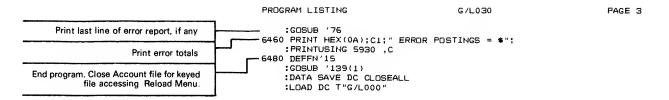
15 - 6330 ' 23 - 6040 6190 6240 6250 6255 6270 6320 ' 33 - 6010 6280 6300 ' 34 - 6070 6240 6290 6310

# G/L030 Posting Update



G/LOSO

# G/L030 Posting Update



G/L030

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                                                 G/L030
                                                                                                                  PAGE 1
0101 ~
0837 ~
0840 ~
               3660 4000 4020 4020 4180
               0835
               0835
4080 -
4140 -
4160 -
5900 -
5910 -
5920 -
5930 -
               4060
               4120
4120
               4080
               6170 6400
6100 6400
4080 4100 4100 4100 6320 6320 6320 6460
6000 -
6060 -
6120 -
6170 -
6180 -
6200 -
6260 -
6260 -
6260 -
6360 -
6440 -
6440 -
6440 -
6440 -
               0001
               6080 6200
6080
               6120
               6160
               6170
6140 6260
               6080 6080
               6240
6060
6420
               6380
               6400
6360 6360
               6440
```

G/L030

	VARIAE	LE C	ROSS	REF	EREN(	CE	G/L030						PAGE 2		
Logical file number - Account file	 A1	- 36	60 3	3660	3660										
Total postings to current account; error total	 С			1060	4060	4100	4120	4140	6100	6180	6180	6340	6420	6420	
		64													
Source of postings (A/P, etc.)	 C()					4080	4080	4100	4100	4100	4100	6100	6100	6180	
Number of errors	 C1				6180 6420	caco									
\$ totel of postings to credit eccounts					6320										
Account file							4060	4060	4050	4100					
Account opening balence		- 40			7000	4000	7000	4000	+000	4100					
\$ total of postings to debit accounts		- 41	40 4	140	6320	6320									
Error file	 E\$()	~ 00	10 4	180	4180	6040	6260								
Error file blocking fector		- 41	80 4	180	6040	6240	6260	6260	6260						
Count postings on printed line	 E2	- 40	00 4	1000	4060	4060	6040	6100	6120	6160	6170	6180	6180	6340	
		63	80 6	380	6400	6420	6420	6440							
In progress: 0 = update report, 1 = error listing		- 08	35 6	340											
Account totals: 0 = not yet printed, 1 = printed		~ 40	20 4	160	6100										
	 				6080										
Posting file blocking factor	_							6260	6340	6360					
	 						6100								
Account file key								6080	6100	6260					
Account currently being processed						6080	6100								
Account number of last error					6080	6260									
Hexadecimel zeros					6040										
Line counter	-			1000	4060	4060	4160	4160	6040	6300	6300	6340	6380	6380	
Account name Account's normal belance (D8 or CR)		- 40													
Posting eccount number		- 41													
Posting source code						6360									
	. —						6180								
Posting dete Posting reference		- 61			6170	5400	6400	6400							
Posting reference Posting amount					C+00	C+00	C400	E 450							
Keyed file accessing stetus		~ 60		17 / ()	9180	9180	6400	6420							
Report heeding				025	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000						
heport needing	 ヘサチ	- 08	<b>3</b> ⊃ U	035	UB35	083/	0837	0837	0837						

# G/L030 Posting Update

SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE G/L030

/ 15 - 6480

/ 14 - 4000 6080 6300 6380

/ 42 - 6000

/ 60 - 6020

/ 76 - 4000 6120 6280 6440

/ 77 - 4020 6080 6280

/ 82 - 4180 6240 6280

/ 110 - 4020

/ 111 - 4060

/ 112 - 6060 6360

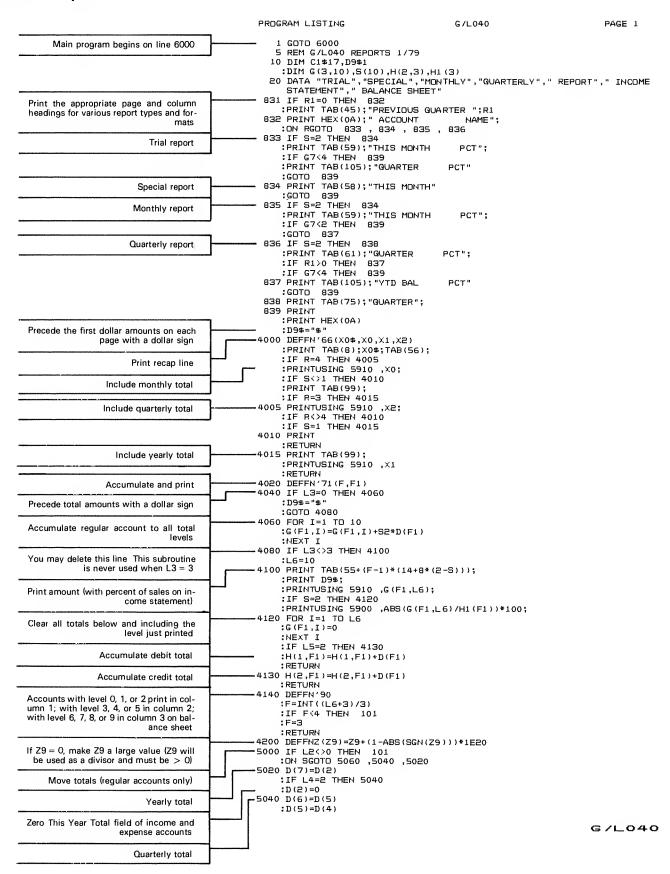
/ 113 - 3660 6200

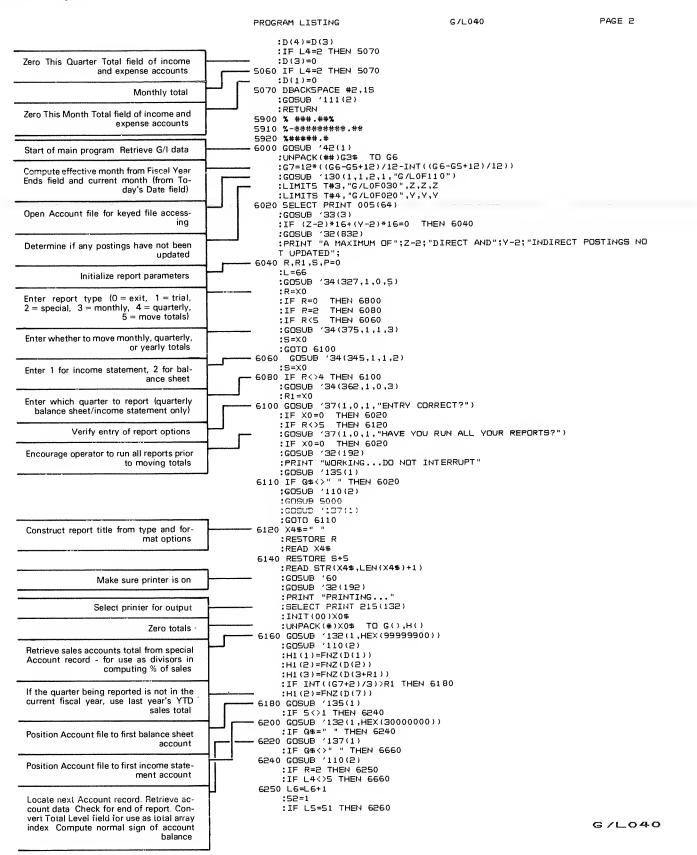
/ 130 - 6000

/ 132 - 6080

122

# G/L040 Reports





#### G/L040 Reports

```
### PROGRAM LISTING G/L040 PAGE 4

#### CODUB '66("DEBIT TOTAL",H(1,1),H(1,2),H(1,3))
### CODUB '66("CREDIT TOTAL",H(1,1),H(2,2),H(2,3))
### PRINT HEX(0A)
### CODUB '66(C1$,H(2,1)-H(1,1),H(2,2)-H(1,2),H(2,3)-H(1,3))
### CODUB '66(C1$,H(2,1)-H(1,1),H(2,2)-H(1,2),H(2,3)-H(1,3))
### CODUB CODUB
### CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB CODUB COD
```

G/L040

```
PAGE 1
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                    G/L040
0101 - 4140 5000 6540 6580 6620
0832 - 0831
0833 -
         0832
0834 -
         0832 0833 0835
0835 -
0836 -
        0832
0837 -
         0835 0836
0838 -
         0836
0839 -
         0833 0833 0834 0835 0836 0837
4005 -
         4000
4010 -
        4000 4005
4000 4005
4015 -
4050 -
         4040
4080 -
         4040
4100 -
4120 -
         4080
         4100
4130 -
         4120
5000 -
        6110
5000
5040 -
         5000 5020
5060 -
5070 -
         5000
         5040 5060
5900 -
         4100
5910 -
5920 -
         4000 4005 4015 4100 6560
        6360
6000 -
6050 -
         6100 6100 6110 6660 6720
6040 -
         6050
6080 -
         5040
         6040
6100
         6040 6080
6110 -
         6110
6120 -
         6100
6160
6180 -
6550 -
         6320 6320 6420 6440
6240 ~
6250 -
         6180 6200
6240
6260
         6250
6320 -
         6260 6260
6340 ~
         6320
6360 -
         6340
6380
         6340 6340 6360
6420 -
         6400 6400
6440 -
         6420
6460 -
         6400
6480 -
6540 -
         6460
         6460 6480
6560 -
         6400
         6400
6580
6600 -
6620 -
         6580
         6400
6620
6630 ~
6640 -
         6620
6660 ~
         6220 6240
6710 -
         6700
6720 -
6800 -
         6660 6660
         6040
```

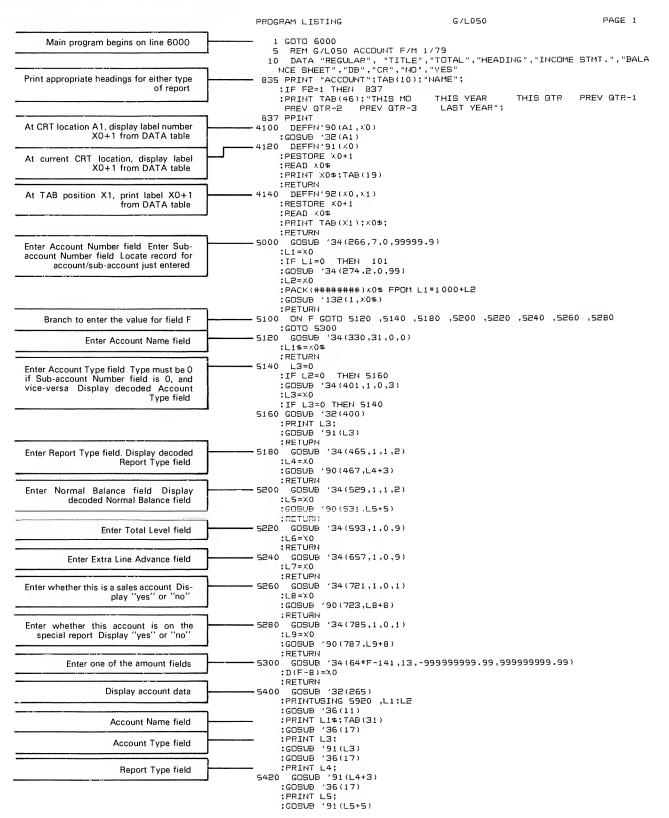
# G/L040 Reports

	VARIABLE CROSS REFERENCE							G/L040						3E 2	
Label: "proof" or "reteined earnings"	- C1\$		0010	6660	6660	6720									
Account file	- D()	-	4060	4120	4130	5020	5020	5020	5040	5040	5040	5040	5040	5040	
							6160								
				6680											
\$ charecter		_	0010	0839	4040	4100	6400								
Column to print in (1, 2, or 3). Specifies which element of account totals (0())	- F	_	4020	4100	4140	4140	4140	6460	6600	6640					
Specifies which element of account totals (0())	- F1		4020	4060	4060	4060	4100	4100	4100	4120	4120	4120	4120	4130	
to use			4130	4130											
Report totals		-	0010	4060	4060	4100	4100	4120	6140						
G/I file		_	6000												
Month the fiscal year ends	<b>-</b> G5		6000												
Month from Today's Oate field -	- G6			6000											
Effective month from stert of fiscel year	— G7						6160								
Total debits, total credits	<del>-</del> H()	-					4130		6720	6720	6720	6720	6720	6720	
							6720								
Sales accounts, total							6160								
Index	- I	-					4120	4120	4120	6540	6540	6540	6540	6540	
					6680										
Line count -				6420	6440	6440	6660	6660							
Account number			6360												
Account name		~	6380												
Sub-account number		-	5000	6320											1
Account type	<del>-</del> L3	-	4040	4080	6340	6340	6360	6400	6400						
Account's report type	- L4				5060	6240									
Account's normal balance				6250											
Account's total level ————						4120	4140	6250	6250	6380					
Account's extra line edvence				6440	6440										
Sales account?			6540												
Include on speciel report?	<del>-</del> L9		6320												
Page counter Keyed file accessing status	<b>-</b> Р		6040												
Reyed file accessing status	— Q\$			6200											
Report type	<b>-</b> R	-					6040	6040	6040	6040	6040	6080	6100	6120	
						6660									
Specifies which quarter to print	– R1	-		0831	0836	6040	6080	6160	6160	6260	6260	6260	6620	6700	
	_		6710												
Report format	- 5	-					4005			5000	6040	6040	6060	6140	
							6620								
Special sales totals record (see O())					6540	6680	6700	6700	6710	6710					
Current standard account balance (CR or 08)			6250												
Sign of account balance					6250										
Miscellaneous, temporery							6060	6080	6100	6100	6700	6700	6710		
Miscellaneous, temporary	- X05				6140	6140									
Miscelleneous, temporary Line advance characters	- X1		4000	4015											
Miscellaneous, temporery	<b>一 天1年</b> シカ		6440												
Report title			4000		F+40	C+ 00	C046								
Active sectors in External Posting file + 2							6340	0000							
Active sectors in external Posting file + 2  Active sectors in Oirect Posting file + 2						6020									
Miscellaneous, temporary						6050	9050								
miscentineous, temporary	- 29	-	4 <b>2</b> 00	4200	4200										

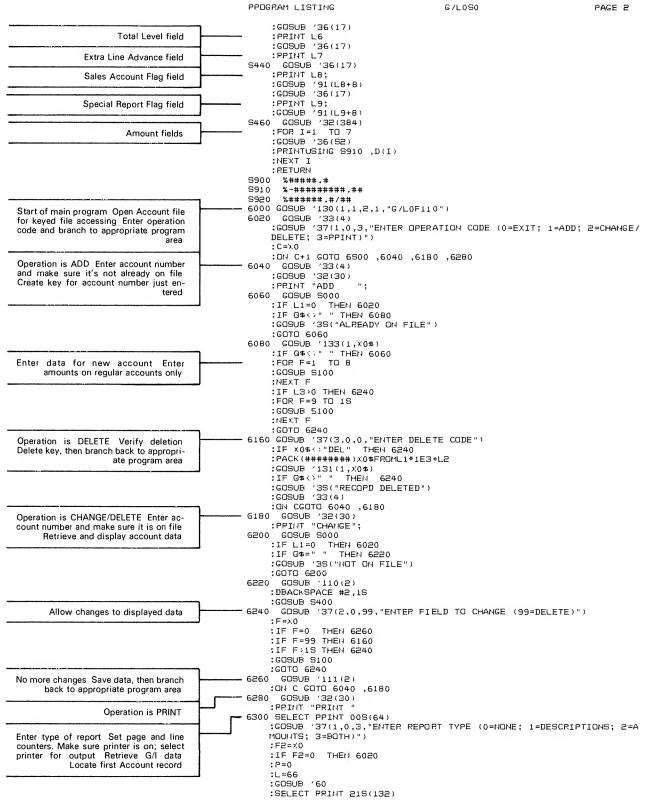
```
SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE G/L040

PAGE 3

15 - 6800
23 - 6020
6100 6140
33 - 6020
34 - 6040 6040 6060 6080
37 - 6100 6100
41 - 6340 6660
42 - 6000
60 - 6140
66 - 4000 6710 6720 6720 6720
71 - 4020 6460 6600 6640
110 - 6110 6160 6240 6670
111 - 5070 6700
113 - 6100 6100
133 - 6100 6180
133 - 6100 6180
133 - 6100 6200 6670
```



#### G/L050 Account File Maintenance



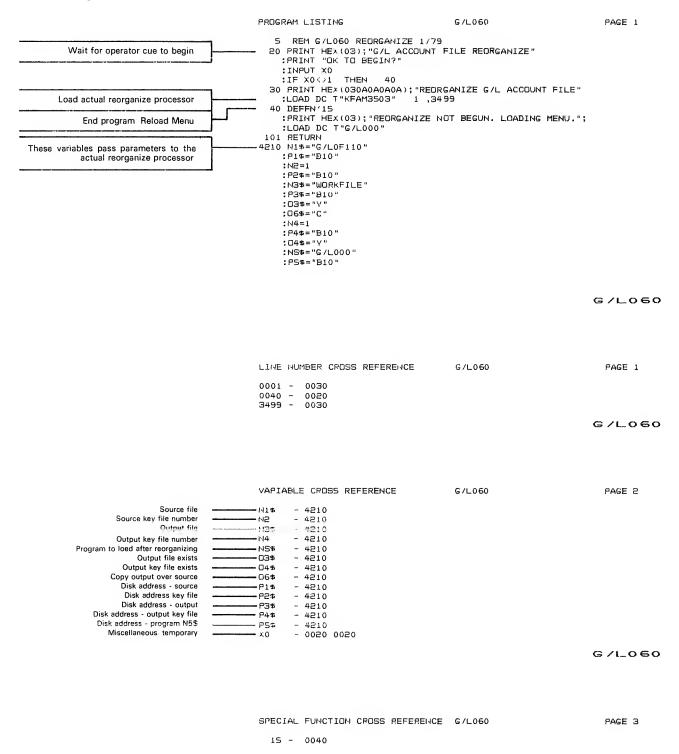
PAGE 3 PROGRAM LISTING G/L050 :GOSUB '42(1) :GOSUB '135(1) 6320 IF Q\$<>" " THEN 6300 :GOSUB '110(2) Retrieve account data :GUSUB 11072)
:IF F2<>2 THEN 6340
::IF L2<>0 THEN 6480
:G340 GOSÜB '41("GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNTS",110)
:PRINTUSING 5900 ,L1; Include just regular accounts on 'amounts only' report :PRINT TAB(8);L1\$; :IF F2=2 THEN 6460 :IF L2=0 THEN 6360 After checking for page overflow, print Account Number and Account Name :IF L2=0 THEN 6360
:PRINT TAB(40); "SUB";L2;
6360 GOSUB '92(L3,48)
:GOSUB '92(L4+3,61)
:GOSUB '92(L5+5,76)
:PRINT TAB(80); "LEVEL";L6;
:IF L7=9 THEN 6380
:IF L7=0 THEN 6400 :PRINT TAB(88);L7;"LINES"; :GOTO 6400 6380 PRINT TAB(89);"TOP/PAGE"; 6400 IF L8=0 THEN 6420 :PRINT TAB(99); "SALES ACCT"; 6420 IF L9=0 THEN 6440 :PRINT TAB(111); "SPECIAL REPT"; 6440 PRINT :L=L+1 6460 IF L2<>0 THEN 6480 Print regular account amounts except on "descriptions only" report :IF F2=1 THEN 6480 :PRINT TAB(40): :PRINTUSING 5910 ,D(1);D(2);D(3);D(4);D(5);D(6);D(7) :L=L+1 6480 GOSUB (137(1) :GOTO 6320 -6500 DEFFN(15 Locate next account. End of program. Close Account file for :PRINT HEX(03); "G/L ACCOUNT F/M LOADING MENU" keyed file accessing Reload Menu :GDSUB /139(1) :LDAD DC T"G/L000"

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                      G/L050
                                                                   PAGE 1
0101 -
        5000
0837 -
        0935
        6060 6500
5000 -
5100 -
5120 -
        6060 6080 6240
        5100
5140 -
        5100 5140
5140
5160 -
5180 -
        5100
5200 -
        5100
        5100
5100
5220 -
5240
5260 -
        5100
        5100
5100
5280 -
5300
5400
         6220
5900 -
        6340
5910 -
        5460 6460
5920
        5400
6000
        0001
6020 -
         6060 6500 6300
6040 -
        6050 6160 6560
6060
        6060 6080
6080
        6060
6160 -
        6240
        6020 6160 6260
6180
6200
         6200
6220
         6200
6240
         6080 6080 6160 6160 6240 6240
6260
         6240
6280
         6050
6300
         6320
6320
         6480
6340
        6350
6360
        6340
6380 -
        6360
6400
        6360 6360
6420
        6400
6440 -
        6420
6460 -
        6340
6480
        6320 6460 6460
6500 -
        6020
```

#### G/L050 Account File Maintenance

	VARIABLE CROSS REFERENCE						G/L050							E 2
CRT location	A1	-	4100	4100										
Operation code		-	6020	6020	6160	6260								
Account file	D()	-	5300	5460	6460	6460	6460	6460	6460	6460	6460			
Field to enter or change	F	-	5100	5300	5300	6080	6080	6080	6080	6240	6240	6240	6240	
Type of report	—— F2		0835	6300	6300	6320	6340	6460						
Index	I	_	5460	5460	5460									
Line counter			6300	6440	6440	6460	6460							
Account number	L1	-	5000	5000	5400	6060	6200	6340						
Account name	L1\$	_	5120	5400	6340									
Sub-account number	L2	_	5000	5000	5140	5400	6160	6320	6340	6340	6460			
Account type	L3	-	5140	5140	5140	5160	5160	5400	5400	6080	6360			
Account's report type	L4	_	5180	5180	5400	5420	6360							
Account's normal balence			5200	5200	5420	5420	6360							
Account's total level (DB or CR)	L6			5420										
Account's extra line advance				5420		6360	6360							
	L8			5260										
	L9			5280		,								
	P		6300											
Keyed file accessing stetus				6080	6160	6200	6320							
Miscellaneous, temporary								5000	5000	5140	5180	5200	5220	5240
	~~~ ~~			5280				_		,0				
Miscelleneous, temporary		-		4120					5120	6080	6160	6160	5150	
	X1		4140		7140	7140	5000	2000	2150	0000	0100	0100	2100	
Trib position		_	7170	7170										

#### G/L060 Reorganize



132

#### G/L070 General Information File Maintenance

```
PAGE 1
                                               PPOGRAM LISTING
                                                                                        G/L070
Program execution begins on line 6000
                                                   1 GOTO 6000
                                                   5 REM G/L070 GENEPAL INFO. F/M 1/79
                                                 101 RETURN
                                               5300 GDSUB (33(5)
:GOSUB (32(274)
 Display CRT maks 1 Display G/I data
                                               S301 PRINT G1; TAB(9)
:GOSUB '36(19)
                                                    :PRINT G2; TAB(9)
                                                    :GOSUB '36(19)
:PRINT G3;TAB(9)
                                                     :GOSUB '36(19)
                                                    :PRINT G4;TAB(9)
:GOSUB '36(19)
                                                     :PRINT GS;TAB(9)
                                                     :FOR I=1 TO S
                                                    :GDSUB '36(20)
:PRINT STR(G2$(I),1,24)
:NEXT I
                                                $310 GOSUB '39(306,G3$)
                                                    :PRINT
                                                    :GOSUB '36(S1)
                                                     :GOSUB '40(STR(G3$,4))
                                                     :PRINT
                                                     :GDSUB /36(51)
                                                     :GDSUB '40(STR(G3$,7))
                                                     :PRINT
                                                    :GOSUB '36(51)
:HEXPRINT STR(G3$,12,1)
                                                     :GOSUB '36(S1)
                                                     :HEXPRINT STR(G3$,15,1)
                                               :RETURN
5400 DEFFN'15
                       Reload Menu
                                                    :SELECT PRINT 005(64)
                                               :PRINT HEX(03); "G/I FM LOADING MENU"
:LOAD DC T'G/LO00"
5900 %COMPANY CODE ## NEXT CHECK NO.:
                                                                             NEXT CHECK NO. ######
                                                                                                           O.T. RATE ##.##
                                               FED/STATE TAX NUMB
                                                                                                           ###################
                                                                      ########################
                                               :GDSUB 5300
6005 GDSUB '34(128,2,0,16)
Enter field to change Branch to
                                                    :C=X0
                                                    :ON C+1GOSUB 5400 ,6010 ,6020 ,6030 ,6040 ,6045 ,6050 ,6050 ,6050 ,6050 ,6050 ,6050 ,6060 ,6060 ,6070 ,6080 ,6100 :GOSUB '43(G1)
 subroutines to change fields requested
                                               :GOTO 6005
6010 GOSUB '34(275,2,1,10)
                                                    :G1=X0
                                                     :GDSUB '42(X0)
                                                     :cosua /32(274)
                                                     :GOSUB 5301
                                                     :RETURN
                                                6020 GDSUB '34(339,6,1,999999)
                                                    :G2=X0
:RETURN
                                                6030 GDSUB '34(403,5,0,99.99)
                                                     :G3=X0
                                                     : RETURN
                                                6040 GDSUB '34(467,5,0,99.99)
                                                     :G4=X0
                                                     : RETURN
                                                6045 GOSUB '34(531,2,1,12)
                                                     : RETURN
                                                6050 GDSUB '34(595+64*(C-6),24,0,0)
                                                     :G2$(C-5)=X0$
                                                :RETURN
6060 GOSUB '38(306+64*(C-11))
                                                     :STR(G3$,1+3*(C-11),3)=X3$
                                                :RETURN
6070 GDSUB '34(498,2,1,3)
:PACK(######)STR(G3$,10)FROMX0
                                                :RETURN
6080 GOSUB '34(562,2,1,14)
                                                     :PACK(######)STR(G3$,13)FROMX0
                                                     : RETURN
                                                6100 GOSUB '60
:SELECT PRINT 215(131)
```

G/L.070

#### G/L070 General Information File Maintenance

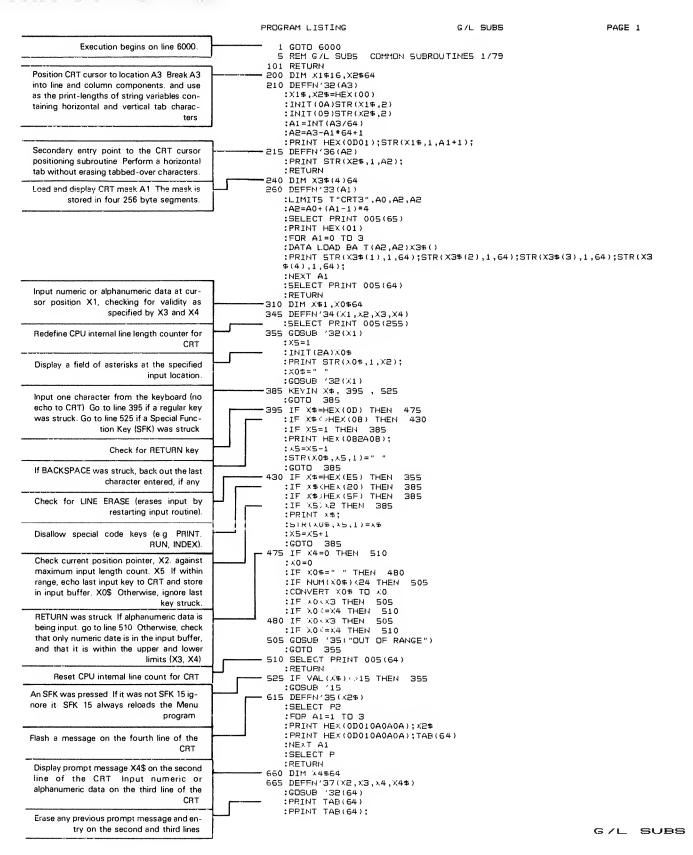
```
PROGRAM LISTING
                                                                           G/L070
                                                                                                                              PAGE 3
              :IF G1>0 THEN 6105
:G2$(1)="GENERAL INFORMATION"
6105 L=60
                    :P=0
              :GOSUB '41("GENERAL INFOPMATION FILE MAINTENANCE",90)
6107 PRINT "PERIOD START";TAB(18);
:GOSUB '40(STR(G3$,4))
                      :PRINT
              6110 PRINT "PEPIOD END"; TAB(18);
:GOSUB '40(STR(G3$,7))
                      :PRINT
             :PRINT
6115 PRINT "PAYROLL NUMBER";TAB(18);
:HEXPRINT STR(G3$,12,1)
6120 PRINT "DAY NUMBEP";TAB(18);
:HEXPRINT STP(G3$,15,1)
6123 IF G1=0 THEN 6200
6125 PRINT HEX (OAOA)
              6130 PRINTUSING 5900 ,G1,G2,G3,G4,G5
:PRINTUSING 5910 ,G2$(1),G2$(5)
:PRINTUSING 5920 ,G2$(2),G2$(3),G2$(4)
6200 SELECT PRINT 005(64)
                     : RETURN
                                                                                                                          G/L070
- - - - - -
              LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE G/L070
                                                                                                                              PAGE 1
              5300 -
5301 -
5400 -
5910 -
5910 -
5920 -
6005 -
6010 -
6020 -
6030 -
6040 -
6045 -
6050 -
6050 -
6060 -
                             6000
                             6010
                             6005
                             6130
                             6130
                            6130
0001
                             6005
                             6005
6005
                             6005
                             6005
                            5005
                             6005
              6100 -
6105 -
6200 -
                             6005
                             6100
                                                                                                                          G/L070
```

134

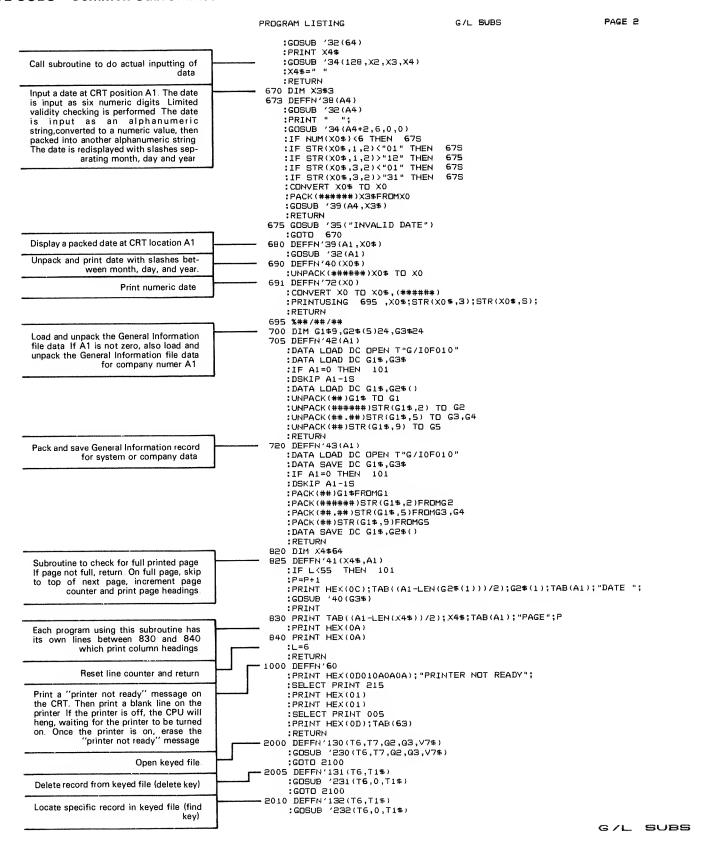
## G/L070 General Information File Maintenance

		VARIAB	LE	CROS	5 REF	ERENC	Œ		G/LC	70				PAG	E 2
Operation code		С	-	6005	6005	6050	6050	6060	6060						
Company number		G1		5301	6005	6010	6100	6123	6130						
Next P/R check number	***************************************	G2	-	5301	6020	6130									
G/I file		G2\$()	-	5301	6050	6100	6130	6130	6130	6130	6130				
P/R overtime rate multiplier		G3	_	5301	6030	6130									
G/I file		G3 <b>\$</b>	_	5310	5310	5310	5310	5310	6060	6070	6080	6107	6110	6115	6120
P/R hourly rate		G4	-	5301	6040	6130									
Month the fiscal year ends		G5	_	5301	6045	6130									
Index		I	-	5301	5301	5301									
Line counter		L	-	6105											
Page counter		P		6105											
Miscellaneous temporary		×0	-	6005	6010	6010	6020	6030	6040	6045					
Temporary		X0\$	_	6050											
Today's date (packed BCD)		X3\$	-	6060											

G/L070



#### **G/L SUBS** Common Subroutines



PROGRAM LISTING G/L SUBS PAGE 3 :GOTO 2100 Add new record to keved file (insert kev) :COSUB '233(T6,T1\$) GOTO 2100 2020 DEFFN'135(T6) :GDSUB '235(T6) Find first record in keyed file (lowest key) :GOTO 2100 2025 DEFFN'137(T6) :GOSUB '237(T6) Find next record in keyed file (next key) :GOTO 2100 2030 DEFFN'139(T6) :GOSUB '239(T6) Close keyed file 2100 IF T9<>1 THEN 2105 If file 2 was accessed (not applicable in General Ledger), save record block factor :W=Q 210S IF Q\$\"D" THEN 101 :IF Q\$="S" THEN 2110 :STOP "FILE ACCESS ERROR" Check status of key file access :STOP :GOTO 2100 2110 GOSUB '3S("FILE FULL - RUN REDRGANIZE") :RETURN 3500 DIM L\$42,D\$60,L1\$31,D(10)
3510 DEFFN'110(A1)
:DATA LOAD DC #A1,L\$,D\$
:UNPACK(#####\*.#)L\$ TO L1
:UNPACK(####)STR(L\$,4) TO L2,L3 Loed and unpack G/L Account record :L1\$=STR(L\$,6,31) :UNPACK(##)STR(L\$,37) TO L4,L5,L6,L7,L8,L9 :UNPACk(-#########.##)D\$ TO D() : RETURN DEFFN'111 (A1) Peck and save G/L Account record 3550 :PACK(#####.#)L\$ FROM L1 :PACK(##)STR(L\$,4) FROM L2,L3 :STR(L\$,6,31)=L1\$ :PACk(##)STR(L\$,37) FROM L4,L5,L6,L7,L8,L9 :PACK(-##########)D\$ FROM D() :DATA SAVE DC #A1,L\$,D\$ : RETURN 3600 DIM G\$(16)14 3610 DEFFN'112(A1) Unpack the next blocked G/L Posting record :G7=G7+1 :IF G7<17 THEN 3620 :DATA LOAD DC #A1,G\$() Load another block of G/L Posting records : IF END THEN 101 :G7=1 3620 IF STR(G\$(G7),1,1)=HEX(F0) THEN 3630 :UNPACK(#####.#)G\$(G7) TO P1 :UNPACK(##)STR(G\$(G7),4) TO P2 :UNPACK(##.##)STR(G\$(G7),5) TO P3 3625 UNPACK(######)STR(G\$(G7),7) TO P4 :UNPACK(-########.##)STR(G\$(G7),10) TD P5 : RETURN 3630 P1=0 End of file encountered : RETURN 3650 DIM G\$(16)14 Pack a blocked G/L Posting record 3660 DEFFN'113(A1) :G8=G8+1 :IF GB (17 THEN 3680 :DATA SAVE DC #A1,G\$() :DATA SAVE DC #A1,END Save a full block of G/L Posting records; start enother :DBACKSPACE #A1,15 :G9=G9-1 :G8≈1 :INIT(00)G\$() 3680 PACK(#####.#)G\$(G8)FROMP1 :PACK(##)STP(G\$(G8),4)FROMP2 :PACK(##.##)STR(G\$(G8),5)FROMP3 :PACK(######)STR(G\$(G8),7)FROMP4 :PACK (-######### . ## )STR (G\$ (G8) ,10)FRDMP5 :RETURN

G/L SUBS

## **G/L SUBS** Common Subroutines

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                                                                                      G/L SUBS
                                                                                                                                                                                    PAGE 1
  0101 - 0705 0720 0825 2105 3610 0355 - 0430 0505 0525 0385 - 0385 0395 0395 0430 0430 0430 0430 0395 - 0385 0395 0430 0430 0430 0430
0395 - 0385

0395 - 0385

0430 - 0395

0475 - 0395

0480 - 0475

0505 - 0475 0475 0480

0510 - 0475 0475 0480

0525 - 0385

0670 - 0675

0675 - 0673 0673 0673

0695 - 0691

2100 - 2000 2005 2010

2105 - 2100

2110 - 2105

3620 - 3660

3630 - 3660

6000 - 0001
                        0675
0673 0673 0673 0673 0673
0691
                        2000 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 2105
2100
2105
```

G/L SUBS

		VARIA	BLI	E CRO	55 RE	FEREN	CE		G/L	SUBS				PAC	3E 2
Temporarily stores start sector of CRT Mask file		A0	-		0260										
Many temporary uses throughout com subs	***************************************	A1							0260						
								0825		0830	0830	3510	3510	3550	3550
Meny temporary uses throughout com subs		A2							3660	0050	0050				
Compund cursor position (temporery)		AE A3	_		0210			0260	0260	0260	0560				
CRT location for data input (temporary)		A4	-				0673								
Account file		Ds.	_				3550								
Account file		DO	_		3510		2220	0,000							
G/L Posting file		G\$()					3620	3620	3620	3625	3625	3650	3660	3660	3680
•				3680			3680					0020	0000	5000	5000
Company number	-	G1	_	0705											
G/I file		G1\$	-	0700	0705	0705	0705	0705	0720	0720	0720	0720			
Next P/R check number		G2	-	0705											
Company name and address		G2\$()			0705	0720	0825	0825							
Overtime rate multiplier (P/R)		G3	-	0705											
G/I file		G3\$	-			0720	0825								
G/I hourly rate (unused here)		G4	****	0705	0720										
Month the fiscal year ends		G5	-	0705											
Posting file blocking factor (loading) Posting file blocking factor (saving)		G7							3620				3625		
Sectors remaining in Posting file		G8	_			3660	3660	3680	3680	3680	3680	3680			
Line counter for reports		G9	~	3660											
Account file		L L\$	_	0825		05.0	0510	0540	05.0						
Account number		L# L1	_	3510	3510	3510	3510	3210	3510	3550	3550	3550	3550	3550	
Account name		L.1\$	_		3510	2550									
Sub-eccount number		L2	_	3510	3310	3530									
Account type		L3	-	3510	3550										
Account's report type		L4		3510											
Account's normal belence		ĹS.	-		3550										
Account's total level		L6	_	3510											
Account's extra line edvance		L7	-	3510											
Seles Account flag		L8		3510											
"Include account on special report" flag		L9	***	3510											
Page counter for reports		Ρ	_	0825	0825	0830									
Posting eccount number		P1		3620	3630										
Posting source code		P2		3620											
Posting date (month & day)		P3		3620											
Posting reference		P4		3625											
Posting emount Blocking fector for keyed files		P5		3625											
Keyed file access subroutine's execution stetus		Q		2100											
Keyed file access subroutine's internal use		Q\$ Q2		2105											
Keyed file access subroutine's internal use		<b>0</b> 3		2000											
Keyed file eccess subroutine's key		T1\$				2010	2010	2015	2015						
Keyed file access subroutine's file number									5010	2015	2015	2020	2020	2025	2025
		. •		2030		_003	-003	_010	-010		~013				
Keyed file access subroutine's internel use		T7		2000											
Keyed file access subroutine's file number		Ť9		5100											
Keyed file access subroutine's file neme		V7\$		2000	2000										
Not used		W	_	2100											
One-character keyboard input		X\$	-	0110	0385	0395	0395	0430	0430	0430	0430	0430	0525		
Value of numeric keyboard entry		X0	-	0475	0475	0475	0475	0480	0480	0673	0690	0691	0691		
Value of alphanumeric keyboard entry		X0\$	-	0310	0355	0355	0355	0395	0430	0475	0475	0475	0673	0 <b>67</b> 3	0673
							0680	0690	0690	0691	0691	0691	0 <b>6</b> 91		
CRT location for keyboard entry (temporary)		X1		0345											
Line feeds for vertical cursor positioning		X1\$		0200											
Number of characters for keyboard entry		X2					0665								
Horizontal cursor positioning cheracters Lowest allowable numeric keyboard entry		X2\$					0215		0615						
Packed format of entered date		X3					0665	0665							
Used temporarily to load and display CRT mask		X3\$		0670			0000	00-0	0000						
Type of entry; highest allowable numeric		Х3\$() Х4						0260							
Miscellaneous, temporary		人4 <b>光</b> 4事						0665		0830	00.00				
Count of current characters from keyboard entry		∧ <del>ч</del> э Х5							0825 0430			0430			
•		^=	_	0333	0000	0323	0322	いいゴコ	0430	0430	0430	0430			

## **G/L SUBS** Common Subroutines

```
PAGE 1
                                                                                       CRITEM
                                             PROGRAM LISTING
                                                    REM CRTFM CRT FILE MAINTENANCE
                                                     DIM A$(16)64
                                               100
                                                     DIM X1$16, X2$64, K9$(4)64, I$5, I0$40, I1$57, I2$40
                                               130
                                                     INIT(OA) X1$
                                               135
                                               140
                                                     INIT(09) X2$
                                               145
                                                     INIT(00) STR(X1$,1,1),STR(X2$,1,1)
                                                     GOTO 1000
                                               150
                                                     DEFFN' 16(12$)
GOSUB ' 21(192,1)
                                               210
               Display error message.
                                               215
                                               220
                                                     SELECT P9
                                               225
                                                     PRINT 12$
                                               230
                                                     SELECT PO
                                               235
                                                     RETURN
                                               250
                                                     DEFFN' 17(A2)
                                                     PACK(########) STR(10$,2) FROM A2
                                               255
                                               260
                                                     RETURN
Input valid numeric or elphanumeric data. If
                                               330
                                                     DEFFN' 19(A1,A2,I1$)
A2 equals zero, input alphenumeric end A1
                                                    IF AE<>0 THEN 335
equals maximum input length. Otherwise,
                                                    IO$=" "
                                                    GOSUB ' 21(64,2)
A2 equals low limit, A1 equals high limit of
                                               335
                                                    PRINT "ENTER "; 11$
                      numeric input.
                                               340
                                               345
                                                     INPUT IOS
                                                    IF A2=0 THEN 385
                                               350
                                                     IF NUM(10$)<16 THEN 375
                                                     CONVERT 10$ TO 10 .
                                               355
                                                     IF 10<A1 THEN 375
IF 10>A2 THEN 375
                                               360
                                               365
                                               370
                                                    RETURN
                                                    GOSUB ( 16("INVALID...REENTER")
GOTO 335
                                               375
                                               380
                                                     IF LEN(IO$)>A1 THEN 375
                                               385
                                               390
                                                     RETURN
                                                    DEFFN' 21 (A3,A4)
GOSUB ' 23 (A3)
Position cursor to CRT location A3 and erase
                                               580
                                               585
                                               595
                                                     PRINT TAB(63);
                                               600
                                                    A4=A4-1
                                                    IF A4=0
                                                               THEN 605
                                                    PRINT
                                                    GOTO 595
                                               605
                                                    GOTO 670
                                                    DEFFN' 22(A1)
                                               620
                                                    CONVERT A1 TO IO$, (*******)
PRINT STR(IO$,1,2); "-"; STR(IO$,3,2); "-"; STR(IO$,5,2)
                                               625
                                               630
                                                    RETURN
                                               640
                                                    DEFFN' 23(A3)
      Position cursor to CRT locetion A3.
                                               650
                                                    P3=INT(A3/64)
                                               665
                                                    P4=A3-P3*64
                                               670
                                                    PRINT HEX(01)
                                                    PRINT HEX(01); STR(X1$,1,P3+1); STR(X2$,1,P4+1)
                                               680
                                                    RETURN
                                                    DEFFN' 90 (A5)
                                               700
        Loed end displey CRT mesk A5
                                               730
                                                    K9=K8+(A5-1)*4
                                               750
                                                     SELECT PRINT 005(65)
                                               760
                                                    PRINT HEX(03)
                                                   : FOR A5=0 TO 3
                                               770 DATA LOAD BA T#1,(K9,K9)K9$()
                                               780 PRINT STR(K9$(1),1,64); STR(K9$(2),1,64); STR(K9$(3),1,64);
                                                  STR(K9$(4),1,64);
                                               785 A$((A5*4)+1)=K9$(1)
                                                  : A$((A5*4)+2)=K9$(2)
                                                    A$((A5#4)+3)=K9$(3)
                                                  : A$((A5*4)+4)=K9$(4)
                                               790
                                                    NEXT A5
                                                    SELECT PRINT 005(64)
                                              800
                                                    RETURN
                                              810
                                                    SELECT PRINT 005(64), #1 B10
Open requested CRT file on unit specified.
                                             1000
                                             1001 PRINT HEX(03)
:GOSUB '19(1,0,"IF CRT MASK FILE IS ON (F)IXED OR (R)EMOVABLE")
1002 IF 10$="R" THEN 1003
                                                  : SELECT #1310
                                             1003 GOSUB '19(8,0, "NAME OF FILE")
                                                  :F9$=I0$
                                                    LIMITS T#1,F9$,K8,A3,A3
                                             1004
                                             1010 DEFFN' 14
Input operation code. Use subroutine to pro-
                                                    SELECT PRINT 005(64)
                     cess operation.
                                                    PRINT HEX (03); "CRT MASK FILE MAINTENANCE"
                                             1015
                                                    DATA LOAD DC OPEN T #1,F9$
                                                    PRINT HEX(0A0A0A); "(0)END"
PRINT "(1)INGUIRE"
PRINT "(2)CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE"
PRINT "(3)PRINT"
                                             1020
                                             1030
                                             1040
                                             1050
```

```
PROGRAM LISTING
                                                                                             CRTFM
                                                                                                                              PAGE 2
                                                 1060 GDSUB '19(0,6,"OPERATION CODE")
: IF I0=0 THEN 1080
1070 ON IO GOSUB 2000 , 3000 , 4000
                                                        GDTD 1010
                                                 1080 DEFFN'15
                        End program.
                                                      : END
                                                        PRINT HEX(03); "CRT MASK FILE INQUIRY"
                                                 2000
      Input first mask numbar to display.
                                                        GOSUB ' 19(0,999,"FIRST MASK NUMBER")
GOSUB ' 89(10)
                                                 2010
Display mask, wait for keystroka, than dis-
                                                 2020
                                                        I0$=" "
play next mask. If E is struck, re-request
                                                 2025
                                                        IF A1<0 THEN 3320
                      operation coda
                                                        KEYIN 10$, 2040 , 2030
                                                 5030
                                                        GOTO 2030
                                                        IF IO$="E"
                                                 2040
                                                                       THEN 3320
                                                 2050
                                                        I0=I0+1
                                                      : GDTD 2020
                                                        PRINT HEX(03); "CRT MASK FILE CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE"
                                                        GOSUB ' 19(3,0,"MASK FILE CHANGE-ADD-REPLACE

GOSUB ' 19(3,0,"MASK NUMBER TO CHANGE (OR NEW)")

IF IO$="NEW" THEN 3500

CONVERT IO$ TO IO

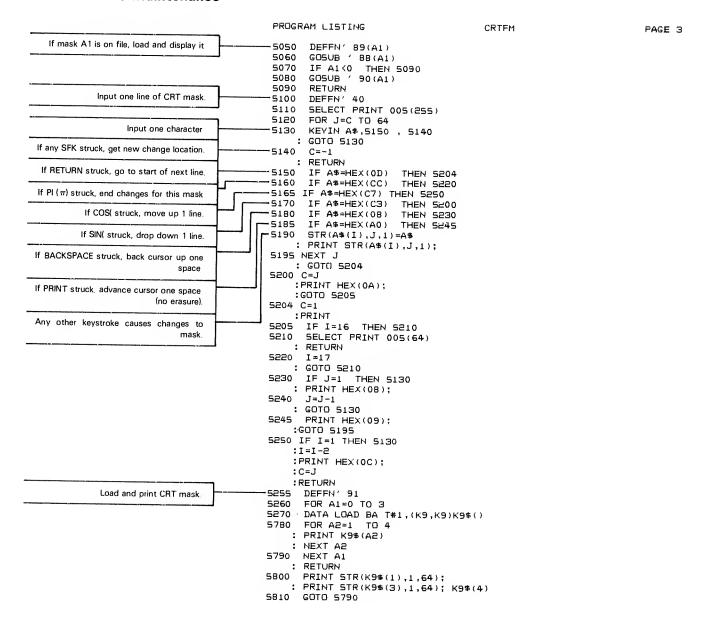
GOSUB ' 89(IO)
                                                 3000
Input numbar of mask to be changed. Dis-
                          play mask.
                                                 3010
                                                 3020
                                                 3030
                                                        IF A1<0
                                                                    THEN 3000
                                                 3035
                                                        K9=K9-4
                                                 3040
                                                        GDSUB ' 19(0,1023, "LINE OR COMPOUND POSITION TO START CHANGES"
                                                 3050
  Input location on mask to start changas
                                                 3055 IF IO<16 THEN 3060
                                                      : L=INT(I0/64)
                                                        C=I0-L*64+1
                                                        L=L+1
                                                      : GOTO 3090
                                                 3060
                                                        L=I0+1
                                                        GOSUB / 19(0,63, "COLUMN TO START CHANGES")
                                                 3070
                                                 3080
                                                        C=I0+1
                                                        GOSUB ( 21(0,3)
                                                 3090
                                                        PRINT A$(1)
                                                 3100
 Radisplay mask linas oblitarated by input.
                                                         PRINT A$(2)
                                                        PRINT A$(3)
GOSUB ' 23((L-1)*64+C-1)
                                                 3110
                                                         FOR I=L TO 16
GOSUB ' 40
                                                 3120
Use subroutine to make changes. If SFK
                                                 3130
struck, ra-raquast mask location to ba
                                                         IF C=-1 THEN 3050
                           changed
                                                 3140
                                                        NEXT I
                                                        FOR A1=0 TO 3
                                                 3250
                         Save mask
                                                         K9$(1)=A$(A1*4+1)
                                                 3260
                                                         K9$(2)=A$(A1*4+2)
                                                 3270
                                                         K9$(3)=A$(A1*4+3)
                                                 3280
                                                 3290
                                                         DATA SAVE BA T$#1,(K9,K9) K9$()
                                                 3300
                                                 3310
                                                        NEXT A1
                                                         RETURN
                                                 3320
                                                 3500
                                                         DSKIP #1, END
                                                        LIMITS T #1, K9, K9, K9
                                                 3510
                                                        DSKIP #1, 4S
                                                 3520 DATA SAVE DC #1, END
                                                        INIT(20) A$()
                                                 : GOTO 3050

4000 PRINT HEX(03); "CRT MASK FILE PRINT"

: GOSUB / 19(0,999,"FIRST MASK NUMBER (0 IF NONE)")

:IF 10=0 THEN 390
Input numbar of mask to ba printad Maka
    sure mask is on file, than print mask.
                                                 4005 F=10
                                                      :GOSUB '19(F,999, "LAST MASK NUMBER")
                                                      :L=I0
                                                 4020 FOR J=F TO L
4030 GDSUB ' 88(J)
                                                 4040 IF A1>=0 THEN 4075
                                                      : I0=(A3-2)/4
                                                 4075 K9=K8+(J-1)*4
4077 IF J>10 THEN 3320
                                                      : SELECT PRINT 215(129)
) GOSUB ' 91
                                                 4090
                                                        PRINT HEX(0A0A0D); HEX(09); "MASK NO."; J
                                                 4092
                                                 4094
                                                        PRINT HEX (0A0A0A)
                                                      :NEXT J
                                                      :SELECT PRINT 005(64)
                                                      :GOTO 4000
                                                 5000 DEFFN' 88(A1)
              See if mask A1 is on fila.
                                                      : IF A1<0 THEN 5030
                                                 5010 LIMITS T#1,F9$,A3, A3, A3
                                                 5020 IF A1 <= (A3-2)/4 THEN 5040
                                                        A1=-1
                                                 5030
                                                 5040
                                                        RETURN
```

## **CRTFM** CRT File Maintenance



### CRTFM

```
LINE NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
                                        CRITEM
                                                                       PAGE 1
0335 -
         0330 0380
0375 ~
0385 ~
         0350 0360 0365 0385
         0345
0390 -
         4000
0595 -
         0600
0605 -
         0600
0670 -
1000 -
1003 -
         0605
         0150
         1002
1010 -
1080 -
2000 -
         1070
         1060
         1070
2020 -
         2050
2030 -
         2030 2030
2040 -
         5030
3000 -
         1070 3035
3050 -
         3130 3520
```

#### CHIFM CHI FILE IVIAIIILEIIAIICE

```
3060 - 3055

3090 - 3055

3320 - 2025 2040 4077

3500 - 3010

4000 - 1070 4094

4075 - 4040

5030 - 5000

5040 - 5020

5130 - 5130

5140 - 5130

5150 - 5130

5150 - 5130

5155 - 5245

5200 - 5170

5204 - 5150

5205 - 5200

5220 - 5160

5230 - 5160

5230 - 5180

5240 - 5180

5250 - 5165

52790 - 5810
```

CRTFM

	VARI	ABLI	E CROS	S REF	EREN	Œ		CRTI	=M				PAG	SE 2
Koob and admi	A\$	-	5130	5150	5160	5165	5170	5180	5185	5190				
	A\$()		0100	0785	0785	0785	0785	3100	3100	3100	3260	3270	3280	32 <b>9</b> 0
Eithe 10-line illask	emment Lith / /			5150		0								
Miscellaneous, temporary	A1	_	0330			0620	0625	2025	3035	3250	3260	3270	3280	3290
madalalia ada, tampa a j	- ''-			4040		5000					5070			5790
Miscellaneous, temporary	A2	_	0250	0330	0330	0345	0365	5780	5780	5780				
Miscelleneous, temporary	A3	_	0580	0585	0650	0665	0665	1004	1004	4040	5010	5010	5010	5020
Number of CRT lines to erase			0580											
Mask number to display			0700											
Column to start mask changes in	С		3055			3130	5120	5140	5200	5204	5250			
Stert of mask print range		-	4005	4005	4020									
Mask file name	——— F9¢		1003	_										
	I		3120	3140	5190	5190	5205	5220	5250	5250	5250			
	I\$		0130											
Numeric keyboard entry	IO	-	0355								3050	3030	3055	3055
			3055	3060					4040					
Alphanumeric keyboard entry	I0\$	-	0130						0385	0625	0630	0630	0630	1002
				2020		2040	3010	3050						
	I1\$		0130											
	I2\$		0130											
Index	J	-	4020			4077	4092	4094	5120	5190	5190	5195	5200	5230
				5240										
Start address of CRT Mask file			0730									a=0.0		E 27A
Next sector of current mask	К9	-	0730	0770	0770	3040	3040	3300	3300	3500	3500	3500	40 /5	52/0
			5270										0000	777
Mesk load/save buffer	K9\$	) -	0130								0 /85	0/85	3260	32/0
			3280						5800		4000			
Line to meke mesk changes on	_		3055			3055	3060	3110	.3120	4005	4020			
Cursor column position			0665		06/0									
	P4		0665											
Line feeds for verticel cursor positioning			0130											
Horizontel cursor positioning cheracters	X2\$	-	0130	0140	0145	0670								

CRTFM

```
SPECIAL FUNCTION CROSS REFERENCE CRTFM PAGE 3

' 14 - 1010
' 15 - 1080
' 15 - 0210 0375
' 17 - 0250
' 19 - 0330 1001 1003 1060 2010 3000 3050 3070 4000 4005
' 22 - 0620
' 23 - 0585 0650 3110
' 40 - 3130 5100
' 88 - 4030 5050 5050
' 89 - 2020 3030 5050
' 91 - 0700 5080
' 91 - 4090 5255
```

list of conversions, fill out the form below and mail it to Osborne & Associates (a photocopy of the form will do). Remember, names are constantly being added to this list, so if you don't find what you need at first, you may want to request another list at a later date. Conversions of Osborne & Associates' Payroll with Cost Accounting, Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable, and General Ledger are being made so the programs are ready to run on many popular systems. Programs are also being offered on a variety of media — floppy disk, cassette, hard disk, etc. Independent consultants and businesses are marketing their own conversions. For a copy of a current

Business Software Conversions OSBORNE & ASSOCIATES INC. P.O. Box 2036 Berkeley, CA 94702	ersions :S INC.	Please send your current list of conversions for the following:
		<ul><li>☐ Payroll With Cost Accounting</li><li>☐ Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable</li></ul>
		☐ General Ledger
name		
street		
city	state zip	

Independent consultants and businesses are marketing their own conversions. For a copy of a current list of conversions, fill out the form below and mail it to Osborne & Associates (a photocopy of the form will do). Remember, names are constantly being added to this list, so if you don't find what you need at first, you may want to request another list at a later date. Conversions of Osborne & Associates' Payroll with Cost Accounting, Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable, and General Ledger are being made so the programs are ready to run on many popular systems. Programs are also being offered on a variety of media — floppy disk, cassette, hard disk, etc.

Business Software Conversions OSBORNE & ASSOCIATES INC. P.O. Box 2036 Berkeley, CA 94702	Please send your current list of conversions for the following:    Payroll With Cost Accounting   Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable   General Ledger
state zip	

GENERAL LEDGER is the third in Osborne & Associates' series of BASIC business program books. The book includes program listings with remarks, descriptions, discussion of the principles behind each program, file layouts, and a complete user's manual with step-by-step instructions, flow charts, and sample reports and CRT displays.

General Ledger features include:

- Accepts postings from external programs (Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable)
- Accepts directly entered postings
- Maintains account balances for current month, quarter, and year and previous three quarters
- Financial reports: Trial Balance, Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and more

Also in this series are PAYROLL WITH COST ACCOUNTING and ACCOUNTS PAYABLE and ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, each a complete BASIC software package on its own. These accounting packages may be used independently or implemented as one complete accounting system, sharing programs and data files.

SOME COMMON BASIC PROGRAMS, Osborne & Associates' first BASIC book, is a collection of short practical programs. Most programs can be used exactly as listed with any version of BASIC available today, and many can be used on the smallest microcomputer.

# OTHER BOOKS BY OSBORNE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

- Q8-X An Introduction to Microcomputers:
  Volume 0 The Beginner's Book
- 02-2 An Introduction to Microcomputers: Volume 1 Basic Concepts
- 15-2 An Introduction to Microcomputers:

  Volume 2 Some Real Microprocessors
- 18-7 An Introduction to Microcomputers:

  Volume 3 Some Real Support Devices
- 04-7 8080 Programming for Logic Design
- 05-5 6800 Programming for Logic Design
- 11-X Z80 Programming for Logic Design
- 10-1 8080A/8085 Assembly Language Programming
- 12-8 6800 Assembly Language Programming
- 06-3 Some Common BASIC Programs
- 09-8 Payroll with Cost Accounting
- 13-6 Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable

Books published by Osborne & Associates include those listed above. For our current catalog, or for information on Osborne & Associates' books and services, please call or write:

Osborne & Associates, Inc. P.O. Box 2036 Berkeley, California 94702 (415) 548-2805

ISBN 0-931988-20-9